

TEST REPORT

of

ARIB STD-T66

Equipment Under Test : FANLIGHT-026 RF MODULE
Model Name : FANLIGHT-026
Variant Model Name(s) : -
Applicant : FANLIGHT Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer : FANLIGHT Co., Ltd.
Date of Receipt : 2026.02.10
Date of Test(s) : 2026.02.24 ~ 2026.02.24
Date of Issue : 2026.02.25

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above. This test report does not assure KOLAS accreditation.

- 1) The results of this test report are effective only to the items tested.
- 2) The SGS Korea is not responsible for the sampling, the results of this test report apply to the sample as received.
- 3) This test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the Company.
- 4) The data marked ※ in this report was provided by the customer and may affect the validity of the test results.

We are responsible for all the information of this test report except for the data(※) provided by the customer.

Tested by:



Juhyeon Lee

Technical
Manager:



Haegyu Park

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. Gunpo Laboratory

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1. General Information

1.1. Testing Laboratory

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. (Gunpo Laboratory)

- Wireless Div. 2FL, 10-2, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807

All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at <http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx>.

Phone No. : +82 31 688 0901

Fax No. : +82 31 688 0921

1.2. Details of Applicant

Applicant : FANLIGHT Co., Ltd.

Address : 22, Nonhyeon-ro 128-gil, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea

1.3. Details of Manufacturer

Company : Same as applicant

Address : Same as applicant

1.4. Description of EUT

Kind of Product	FANLIGHT-026 RF MODULE
Model Name	FANLIGHT-026
Power Supply	DC 3.0 V
Frequency Range	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz (Bluetooth Low Energy)
Modulation Technique	GFSK
Number of Channels	40 chfannels (Bluetooth Low Energy)
Rated Output Power	0.1 mW
Antenna Type	PCB Pattern Antenna
Antenna Gain[※]	1.658 dB i

1.5. Test Equipment List

Date of Test	2026.02.24 ~ 2026.02.24					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Authority	Cal. Method
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	103455	Feb. 02, 2026	SICT	c)
Signal Generator	R&S	SMA100B	106887	Oct. 20, 2025	SICT	c)
Attenuator	MCLI	FAS-12-10	A3	Jun. 10, 2025	SICT	c)
DC Power Supply	R&S	HMP2020	102130	May 09, 2025	SICT	c)
DIGITAL MULTIMETER	HIOKI	DT4211	N0301231	Sep. 18, 2025	SICT	c)

Note;

- a): Calibration conducted by the National Institute of Information and Communications Technology or a designated calibration agency under Article 102-18 paragraph (1).
- b): Correction conducted pursuant to the provisions of Article 135 or Article 144 of the Measurement Law. (Law No. 51 of 1992)
- c): Calibration conducted in foreign countries, which shall be equivalent to the calibration conducted by the NICT or a designated calibration agency under Article 102-18 paragraph (1).
- d): Calibration conducted by using other equipment that listed above from a) to c).

1.6. Test Method

Measurement was conducted by the following test method:

The test method of Ordinance Concerning Technical Regulations Conformity Certification etc. of Specified Radio Equipment in Annex 1, the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communication notification in Annex 43 of Article 88, Paragraph 1 or the test method more than equivalent.

Note;

We confirmed that there is no regulator in the EUT.

Therefore, we performed the test items under all three voltage conditions.

1.7. Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

Applied Standard : Radio equipment regulations and ARIB STD-T66		
Section	Test item	Result
STD-T66 3.2	Frequency Tolerance	Complied
STD-T66 3.2	Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)	Complied
STD-T66 3.2	Spurious Emission Intensity	Complied
STD-T66 3.2	Antenna Power	Complied
STD-T66 3.3	Secondary Radiated Emissions	Complied
STD-T66 3.4	Interference Prevention Function	Complied

1.8. Test Report Revision

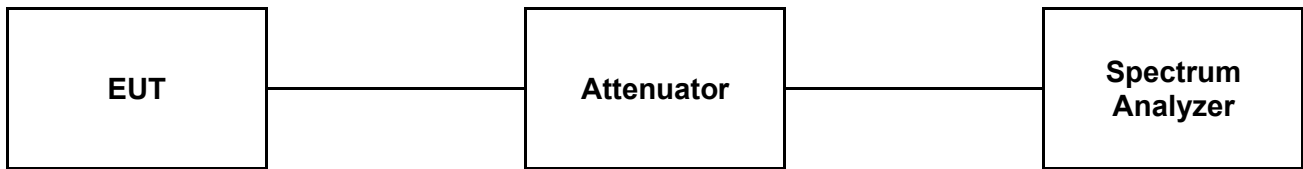
Revision	Report Number	Date of Issue	Description
0	F690501-RF-RTL006737	2026.02.25	Initial

1.9. Description of test mode

The EUT supports PHY 1M, 37 bytes.

2. Frequency Tolerance

2.1. Test Setup



2.2. Limit

Tolerance of frequency: $\pm 50 \times 10^{-6}$ or less.

2.3. Test Procedure

1. Connect transmitter output to the spectrum analyzer input port.
2. The EUT should be transmitting at low and high channels.
3. Set the spectrum analyzer as below;

Center frequency:	2 402 MHz, 2 480 MHz
Span:	1 MHz
RBW:	10 kHz
VBW:	10 kHz
Sweep time:	Auto
Sweep data points:	1 001 or greater
Detector mode:	Positive peak
Indication mode:	Max hold

4. Find the peak carrier signal and measure its frequency.

2.4. Test Result

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C
 Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

- Test mode: Un-Modulated

Low voltage

Test Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Reading Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Tolerance [ppm]
V _{min} = 2.7	Low Ch. (2 402)	2 402.022	9.16
	High Ch. (2 480)	2 480.023	9.27

Normal voltage

Test Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Reading Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Tolerance [ppm]
V _{nor} = 3.0	Low Ch. (2 402)	2 402.022	9.16
	High Ch. (2 480)	2 480.023	9.27

High voltage

Test Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Reading Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Tolerance [ppm]
V _{max} = 3.3	Low Ch. (2 402)	2 402.022	9.16
	High Ch. (2 480)	2 480.023	9.27

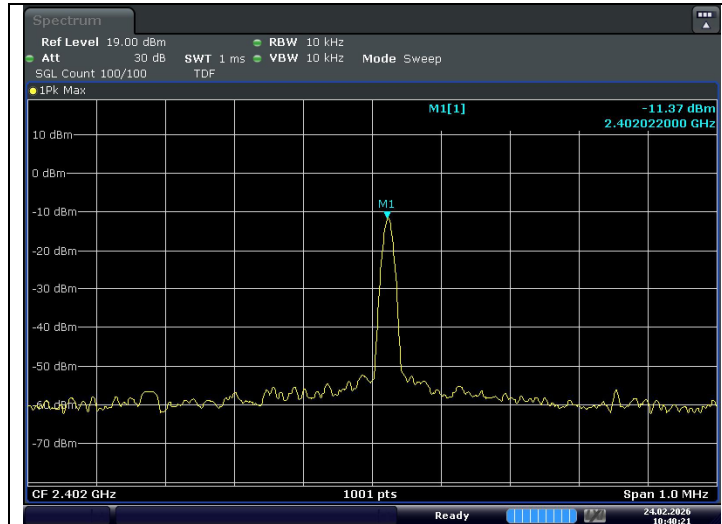
Note;

1. FT (ppm) = [(RF-MF)/MF] × 10⁶
 - FT: Frequency Tolerance, RF: Reading Frequency and MF: Measurement Frequency
2. The Frequency Tolerance do not depend on the modulation mode because it was tested without modulation.

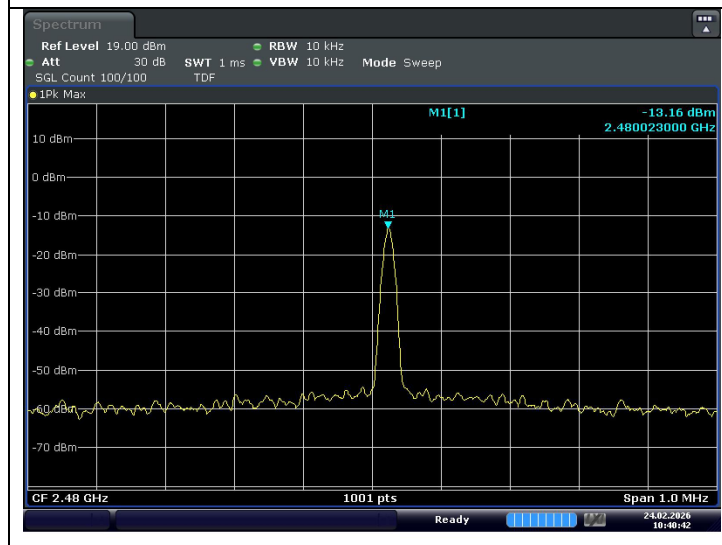
Test Mode : Un-Modulated

Low voltage

Low Channel

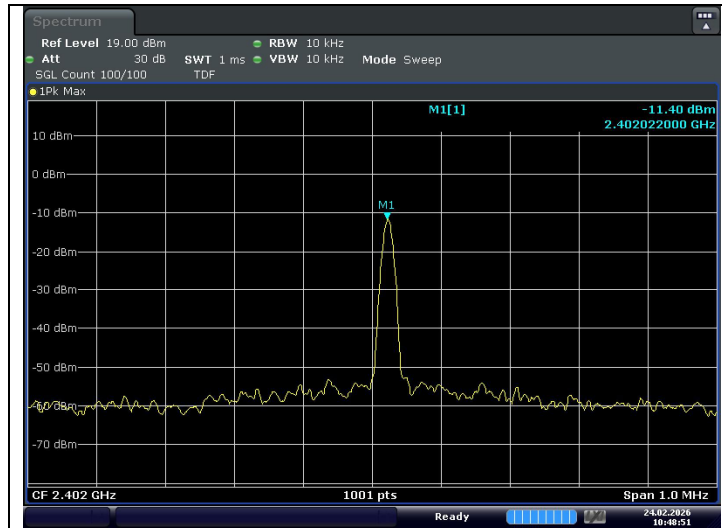


High Channel

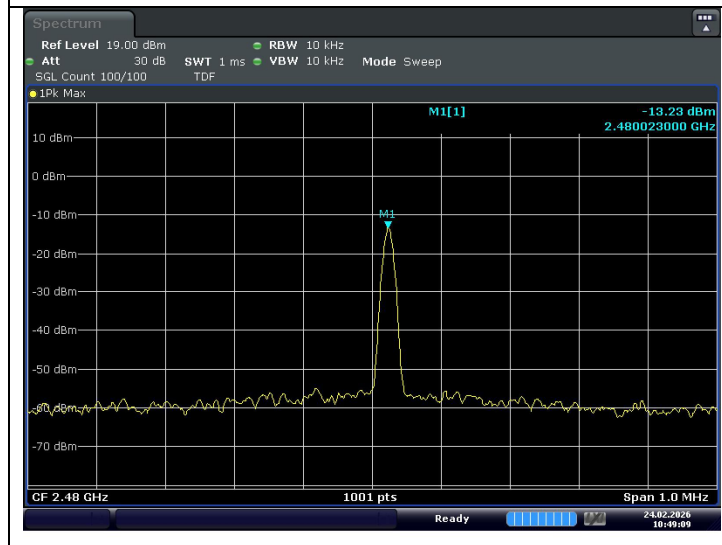


Normal voltage

Low Channel

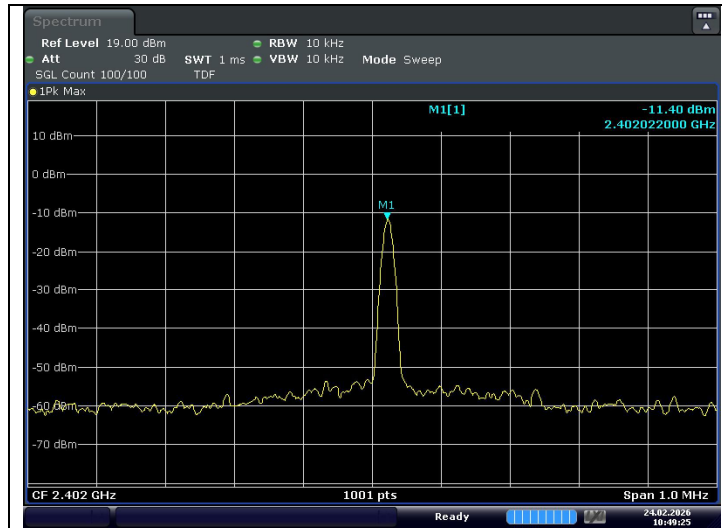


High Channel

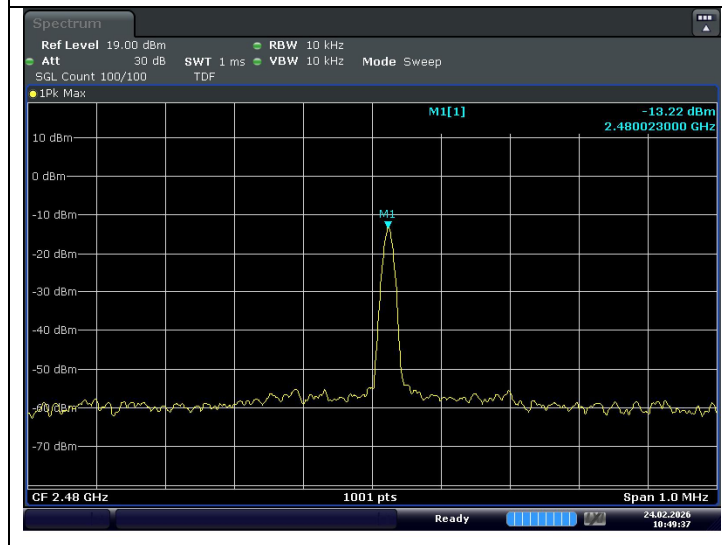


High voltage

Low Channel



High Channel



3. Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)

3.1. Test Setup



3.2. Limit

26 MHz or less

3.3. Test Procedure

1. Connect transmitter output to the spectrum analyzer input port.
2. Measure the signal bandwidth using a spectrum analyzer.
3. Set the spectrum analyzer as below;

Center frequency:	2 402 MHz, 2 480 MHz
Span:	60 MHz
RBW:	300 kHz
VBW:	300 kHz
Sweep time:	Auto
Sweep data points:	1 001 or greater
Detector mode:	Positive peak
Indication mode:	Max hold
BW setting:	99 %

3.4. Test Result

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C
 Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Low voltage

Test Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
$V_{min} = 2.7$	Low Ch. (2 402)	1.38
	High Ch. (2 480)	1.50

Normal voltage

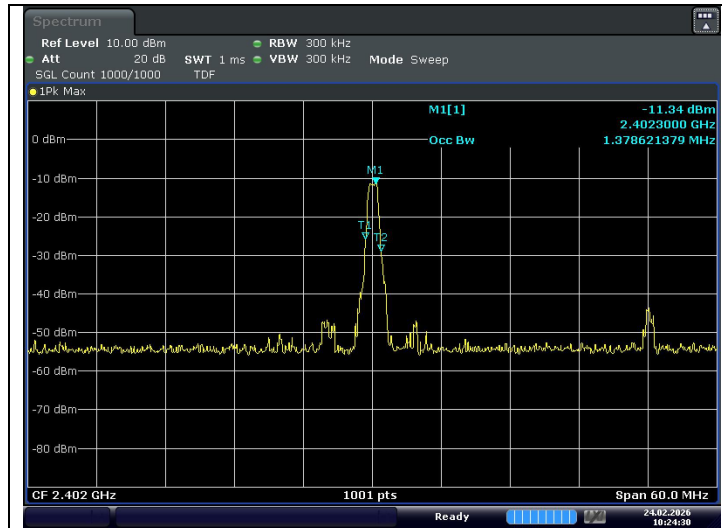
Test Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
$V_{nor} = 3.0$	Low Ch. (2 402)	1.38
	High Ch. (2 480)	1.50

High voltage

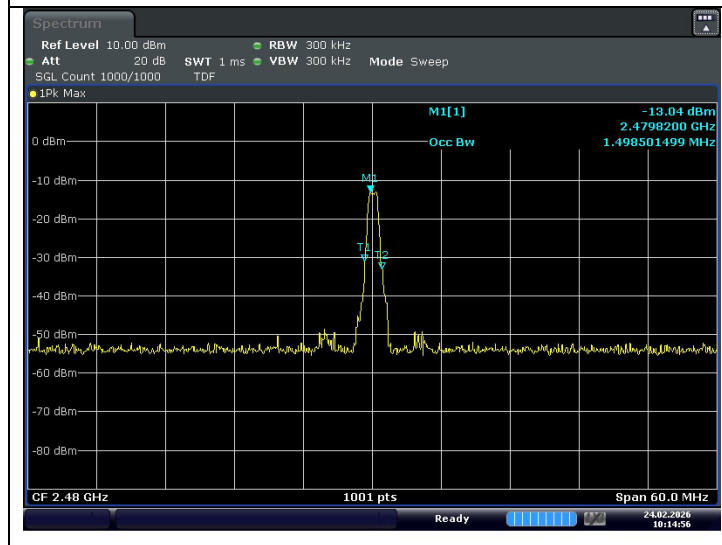
Test Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
$V_{max} = 3.3$	Low Ch. (2 402)	1.44
	High Ch. (2 480)	1.50

Low voltage

Low Channel

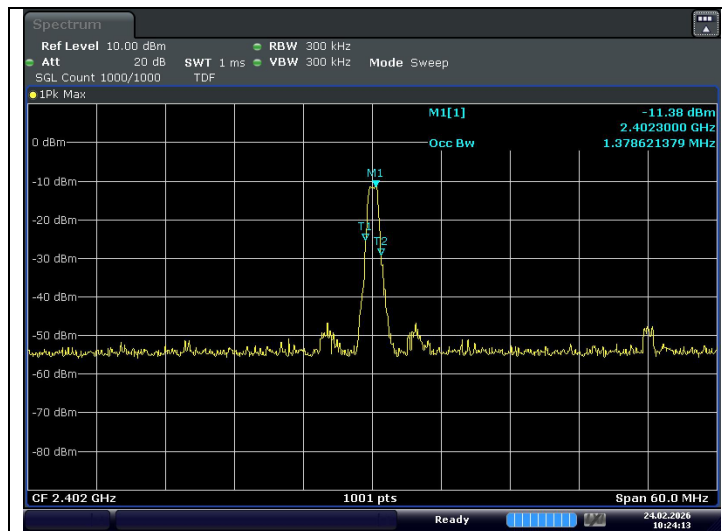


High Channel

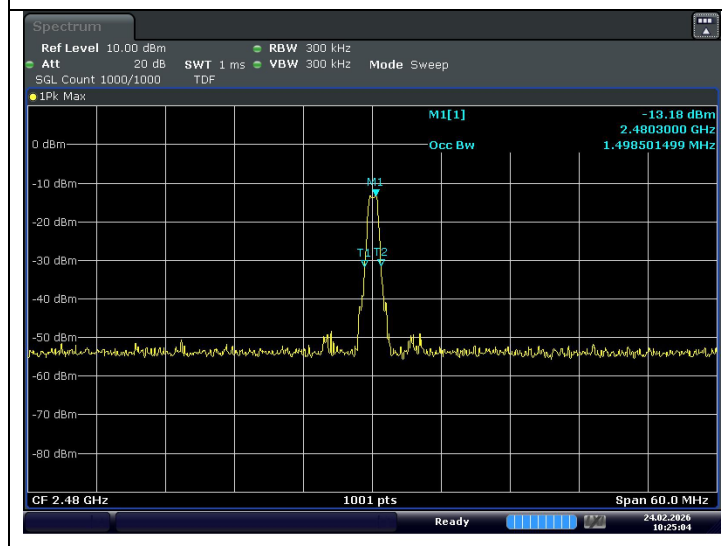


Normal voltage

Low Channel

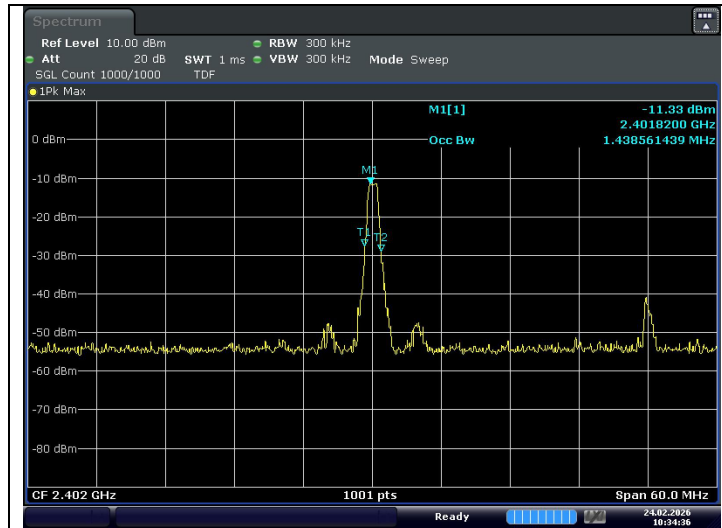


High Channel

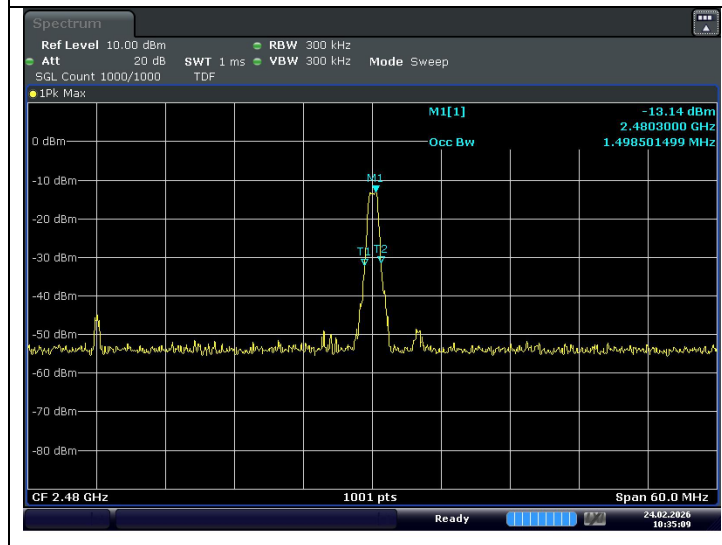


High voltage

Low Channel

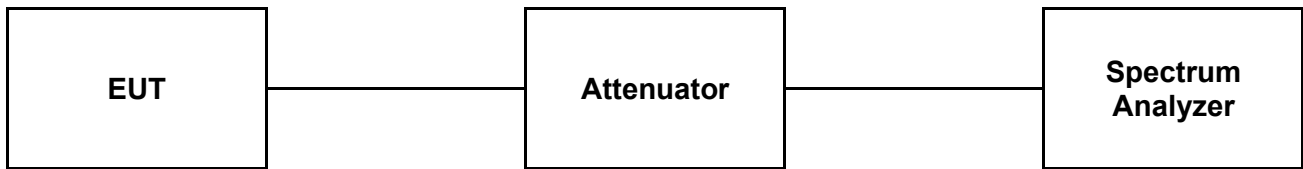


High Channel



4. Spurious Emission Intensity

4.1. Test Setup



4.2. Limit

Below 2 387 MHz:	2.5 μ W (-26 dB m)/MHz or less
2 387 to 2 400 MHz:	25.0 μ W (-16 dB m)/MHz or less
2 483.5 to 2 496.5 MHz:	25.0 μ W (-16 dB m)/MHz or less
Over 2 496.5 MHz:	2.5 μ W (-26 dB m)/MHz or less

4.3. Test Procedure

1. Connect transmitter output to the spectrum analyzer input port.
2. Configure the EUT
 - Test channels: low, high
 - Modulated
 - Rated output power declared in the construction design document
3. Set the spectrum analyzer as below;

[Setting 1]

Frequency range:	30 MHz to 12.5 GHz, except for 2 400 MHz to 2 483.5 MHz
RBW:	1 MHz
VBW:	1 MHz
Sweep time:	Minimum time required to make an accurate measurement
Sweep data points:	1 001 or greater
Detector mode:	Positive peak
Indication mode:	Max hold

Note: sweep shall be repeated until the max hold waveform is stable.

[Setting 2]

Center frequency:	Frequency of spurious emission found using [Setting 1]
Span:	0 Hz
RBW:	1 MHz
VBW:	1 MHz
Sweep time:	Minimum time required to make an accurate measurement. For burst type(intermittent) spurious emission, sweep time shall be greater than one burst interval.
Sweep data points:	1 001 or greater
Detector mode:	Sample or RMS

[Setting 3]

Frequency range:	2 374 MHz to 2 400 MHz 2 483.5 MHz to 2 509.5 MHz
RBW:	30 kHz
VBW:	30 kHz
Sweep time:	Minimum time required to make an accurate measurement.
Sweep data points:	1 001 or greater
Detector mode:	Positive peak
Indication mode:	Max hold

4. After configuring the spectrum analyzer to [Setting 1], search for spurious emissions from 30 MHz to 12.5 GHz. If the sweep range does not cover the required measurement frequency range then the measurement range will need to be divided into sufficient sections of size [RBW x Sweep Data Points]. If spurious emissions greater than [Limit -3 dB] are found, then more detailed measurements are required, go to step (5).
5. Configure the spectrum analyzer using [Setting 2] and measure the average signal amplitude.
If the spurious emission is burst type (intermittent), then the average value shall not include signal OFF time.
If spurious emissions ranging from 30 MHz to 2 374 MHz and from 2 509.5 MHz to 12.5 GHz are over the limit, then the test result is 'Fail'.
If spurious emissions ranging 2 374 MHz to 2 400 MHz and 2 483.5 MHz to 2 509.5 MHz are over the limit, then further detailed measurements are required, go to step (6).
6. In the following cases, measure the spurious emissions using [Setting 3]
 - Case1 : FHSS, FHSS+DSSS, FHSS+OFDM
 - **Case2 : Other than FHSS, FHSS+DSSS, FHSS+OFDM, and the spurious emissions in step (5) are over the limit**
7. Calculate the spurious emission value (Calculated Value) using following the formula below:
Calculated Value = (Measured Value using (6) + 15.2 dB)
Note: 15.2 dB adjustment is derived from the Conversion Factor of RBW
Conversion Factor of RBW = 10 x Log (Reference Bandwidth / RBW of measurement) = 15.2 [dB]
Where: Reference Bandwidth = 1 MHz
RBW of measurement = 30 kHz
8. If the calculated value using (7) is over the limit, go to (9)
9. Configure the spectrum analyzer to [Setting 3] then make the following changes:
Frequency: Frequency of spurious emission
Span: 1 MHz
10. After sweep, send the span data set to the PC
11. Convert measured data from dBm to Watts
12. Sum all the data using the formula below. If the sum is within the limit, the test result is Pass, otherwise Fail

$$P_s = \sum_{i=1}^n E_i \times \frac{S_w}{RBW \times k \times n} \quad (\text{Equation 4.1})$$

P _s :	Sum (Watts)
E _i :	Measured value at each point in the Span (Watts)
S _w :	Span (1 MHz)
n:	Number of measurement points in the span
k:	Correction factor for Equivalent Noise Bandwidth, specific to each spectrum analyzer, check the instrument user guide
RBW:	Resolution Bandwidth (MHz)

4.4. Test Result

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C
 Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Low voltage

Test Voltage (V)	Frequency Range (MHz)	Measured	Low Ch. (2 402 MHz)	High Ch. (2 480 MHz)	Limit
V _{min} = 2.7	Below 2 387	Frequency (MHz)	1 955.36	1 737.59	-
		Level (dB m/MHz)	-51.84	-41.35	-26
		Level (μW/MHz)	0.006 546	0.073 282	2.5
	2 387 to 2 400	Frequency (MHz)	2 398.19	2 399.85	-
		Level (dB m/MHz)	-39.79	-51.17	-16
		Level (μW/MHz)	0.104 954	0.007 638	25.0
	2 483.5 to 2 496.5	Frequency (MHz)	2 496.11	2 483.61	-
		Level (dB m/MHz)	-50.79	-41.76	-16
		Level (μW/MHz)	0.008 337	0.066 681	25.0
	Above 2 496.5	Frequency (MHz)	6 998.13	6 998.13	-
		Level (dB m/MHz)	-41.94	-41.64	-26
		Level (μW/MHz)	0.063 973	0.068 549	2.5

Normal voltage

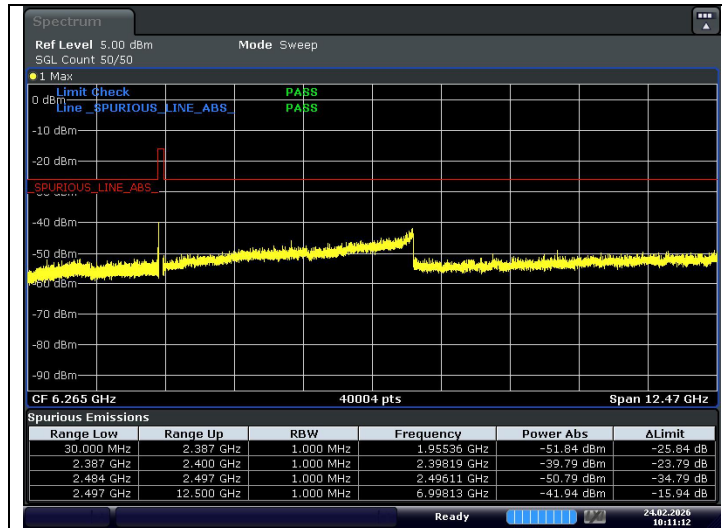
Test Voltage (V)	Frequency Range (MHz)	Measured	Low Ch. (2 402 MHz)	High Ch. (2 480 MHz)	Limit
V _{nor} = 3.0	Below 2 387	Frequency (MHz)	2 149.32	2 340.22	-
		Level (dB m/MHz)	-51.41	-52.06	-26
		Level (μW/MHz)	0.007 228	0.006 223	2.5
	2 387 to 2 400	Frequency (MHz)	2 398.20	2 389.67	-
		Level (dB m/MHz)	-40.21	-51.17	-16
		Level (μW/MHz)	0.095 280	0.007 638	25.0
	2 483.5 to 2 496.5	Frequency (MHz)	2 490.11	2 483.72	-
		Level (dB m/MHz)	-50.71	-41.07	-16
		Level (μW/MHz)	0.008 492	0.078 163	25.0
	Above 2 496.5	Frequency (MHz)	6 977.12	6 997.12	-
		Level (dB m/MHz)	-40.63	-42.41	-26
		Level (μW/MHz)	0.086 497	0.057 412	2.5

High voltage

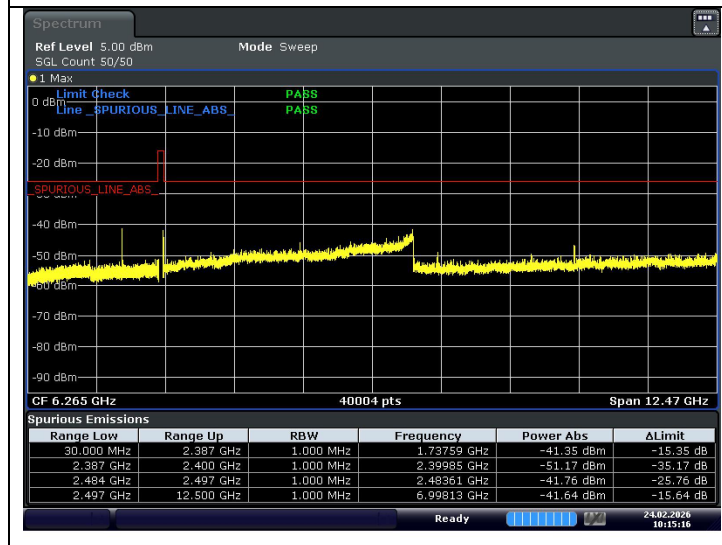
Test Voltage (V)	Frequency Range (MHz)	Measured	Low Ch. (2 402 MHz)	High Ch. (2 480 MHz)	Limit
V _{max} = 3.3	Below 2 387	Frequency (MHz)	1 749.38	1 934.85	-
		Level (dB m/MHz)	-39.38	-51.65	-26
		Level (μW/MHz)	0.115 345	0.006 839	2.5
	2 387 to 2 400	Frequency (MHz)	2 398.20	2 399.66	-
		Level (dB m/MHz)	-40.08	-51.23	-16
		Level (μW/MHz)	0.098 175	0.007 534	25.0
	2 483.5 to 2 496.5	Frequency (MHz)	2 493.72	2 483.60	-
		Level (dB m/MHz)	-50.60	-41.00	-16
		Level (μW/MHz)	0.008 710	0.079 433	25.0
	Above 2 496.5	Frequency (MHz)	6 988.12	6 991.12	-
		Level (dB m/MHz)	-42.38	-42.23	-26
		Level (μW/MHz)	0.057 810	0.059 841	2.5

Low voltage

Low Channel

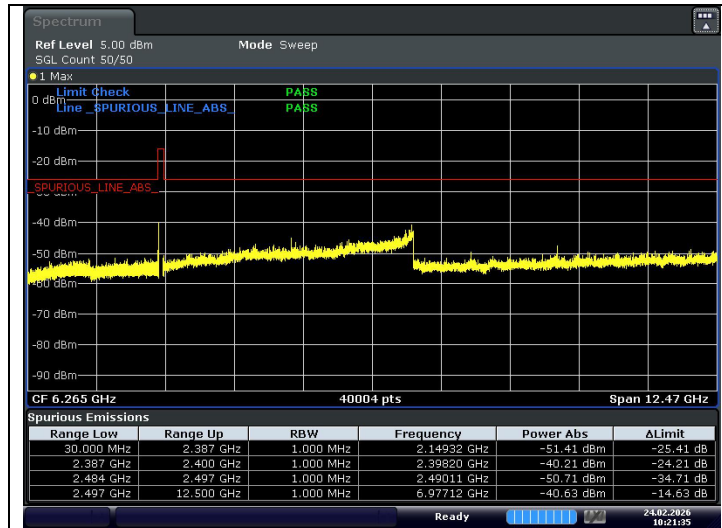


High Channel

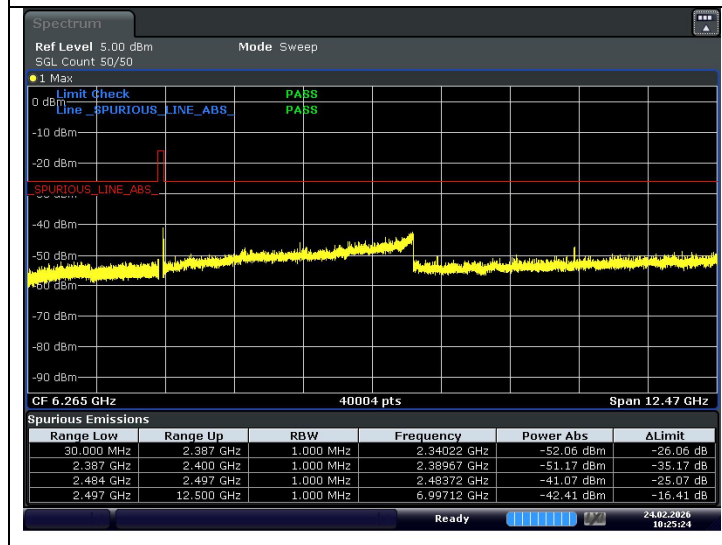


Normal voltage

Low Channel

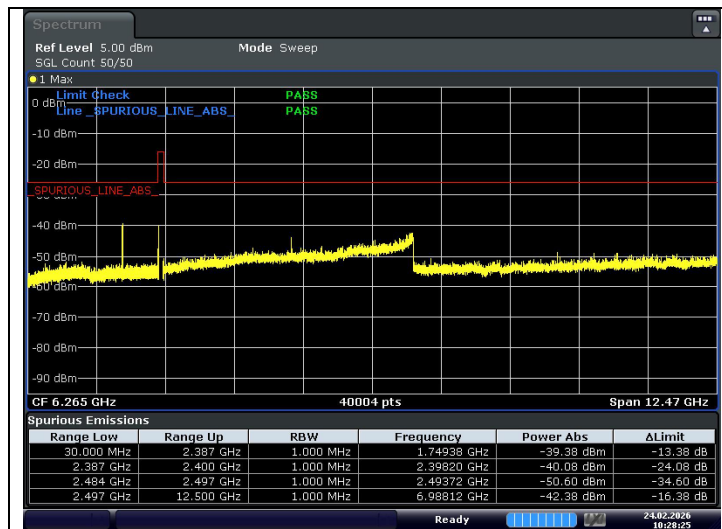


High Channel

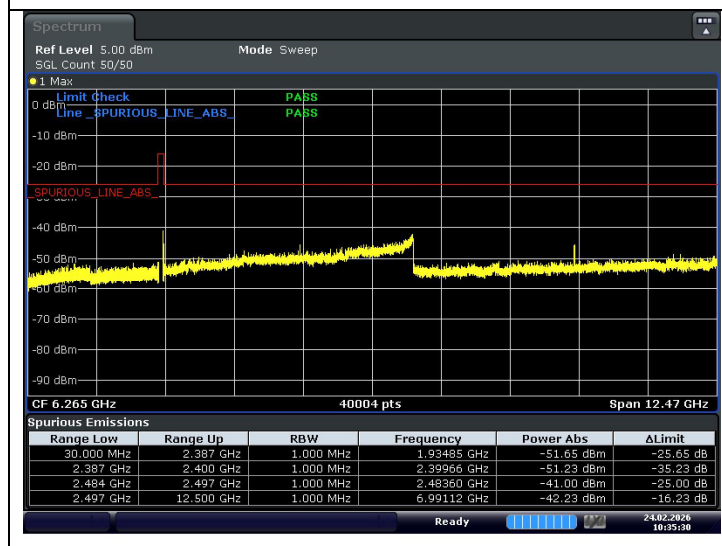


High voltage

Low Channel

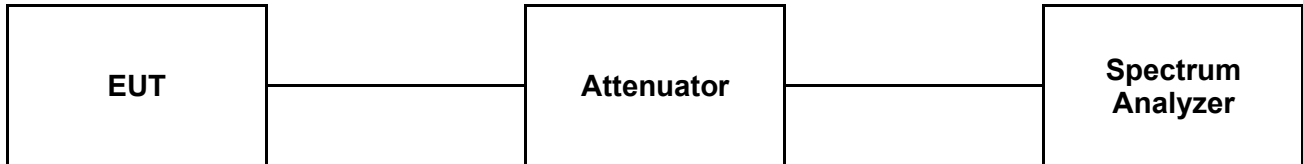


High Channel



5. Antenna Power

5.1. Test Setup



5.2. Limit

The difference between measured output power and the rated output power shall be within a tolerance of +20 % or less. In addition, the rated output power shall not be over the limits shown below.

Limit (rated output power, upper limit)

- LE 10 mW or less

5.3. Test Procedure

1. Connect transmitter output to the spectrum analyzer input port.
2. Configure the EUT
 - Modulated
 - Rated output power declared in the construction design document
3. Set the spectrum analyzer as below;

[Setting 1] – Search for peak power frequency according to below settings.

Center frequency:	2 402 MHz, 2 480 MHz
Span:	10 MHz
RBW:	1 MHz
VBW:	3 MHz
Sweep time:	Auto
Sweep data points:	1 001 or greater
Detector mode:	Positive peak
Indication mode:	Max hold

Find the frequency of maximum transmitted power.

[Setting 2] – Measurement of average antenna power according to below settings.

Center frequency:	Frequency of peak power found using [Setting 1]
Span:	0 Hz
RBW:	3 MHz
VBW:	3 MHz
Detector mode:	Sample
Sweep time:	Minimum time required to make an accurate measurement. For burst type (intermittent) transmission, sweep time shall be greater than one burst interval.
Sweep data points:	1 001 or greater

Measure the Average Burst Power of the frequency.

4. After configuring the spectrum analyzer to [Setting 1], find the frequency of maximum transmitted power.
5. After configuring the spectrum analyzer to [Setting 2], measure the Average Burst Power of the frequency Found in (4).

5.4. Test Result

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C
Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Low voltage

Test Voltage (V)	Channel	Antenna Gain (dB i)	Rated Output Power		E.I.R.P. (dB m)	Average Burst Power		Tolerance (%)
			(mW)	(dB m)		(mW)	(dB m)	
V _{min} = 2.7	Low Ch. (2 402 MHz)	1.658	0.10	-10	-8.342	0.074 817	-11.26	-25.18
	High Ch. (2 480 MHz)	1.658	0.10	-10	-8.342	0.050 699	-12.95	-49.30

Normal voltage

Test Voltage (V)	Channel	Antenna Gain (dB i)	Rated Output Power		E.I.R.P. (dB m)	Average Burst Power		Tolerance (%)
			(mW)	(dB m)		(mW)	(dB m)	
V _{nor} = 3.0	Low Ch. (2 402 MHz)	1.658	0.10	-10.00	-8.342	0.074 989	-11.25	-25.01
	High Ch. (2 480 MHz)	1.658	0.10	-10.00	-8.342	0.050 582	-12.96	-49.42

High voltage

Test Voltage (V)	Channel	Antenna Gain (dB i)	Rated Output Power		E.I.R.P. (dB m)	Average Burst Power		Tolerance (%)
			(mW)	(dB m)		(mW)	(dB m)	
V _{max} = 3.3	Low Ch. (2 402 MHz)	1.658	0.10	-10	-8.342	0.074 473	-11.28	-25.53
	High Ch. (2 480 MHz)	1.658	0.10	-10	-8.342	0.050 582	-12.96	-49.42

Note;

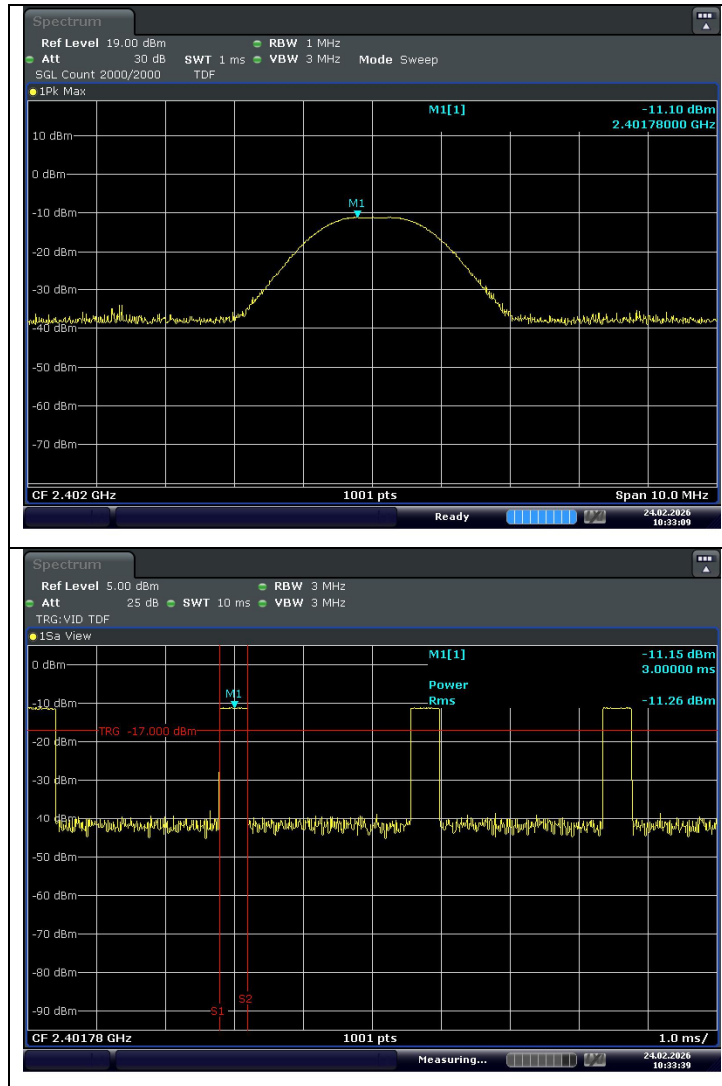
Antenna Power (mW) = Average Burst Power (mW)

Tolerance (%) = {[Antenna Power (mW) - Rated Output Power (mW)] ÷ Rated Output Power (mW)} × 100

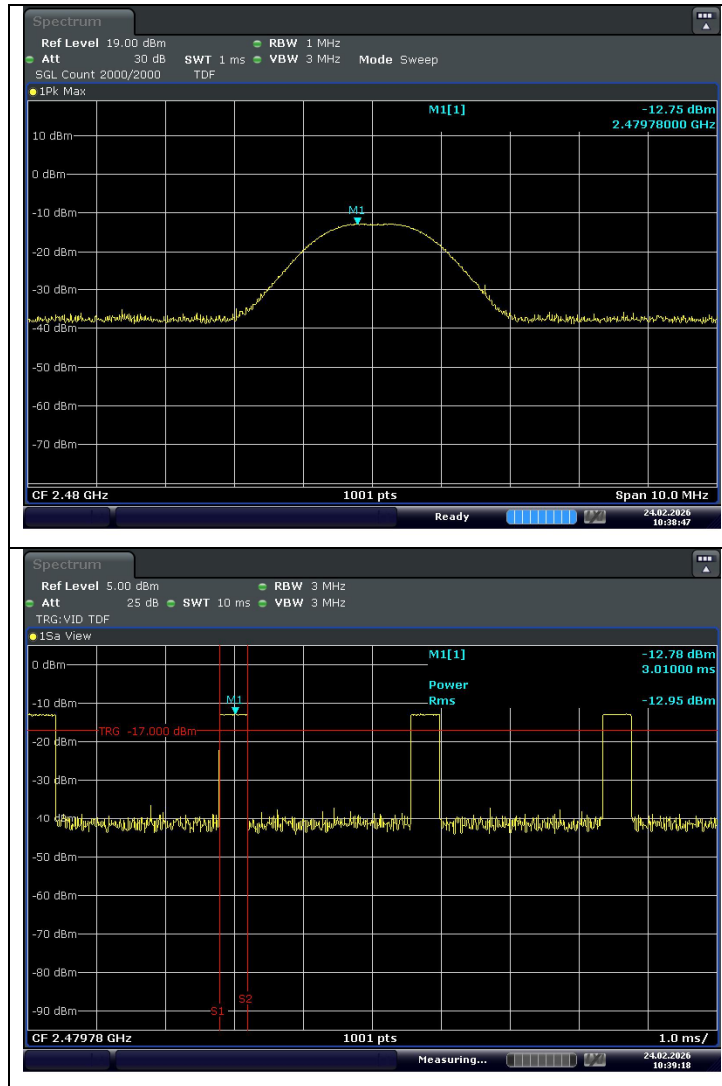
E.I.R.P. (dB m) = Antenna gain (dB i) + Rated Output Power (dB m)

Low voltage

Low Channel

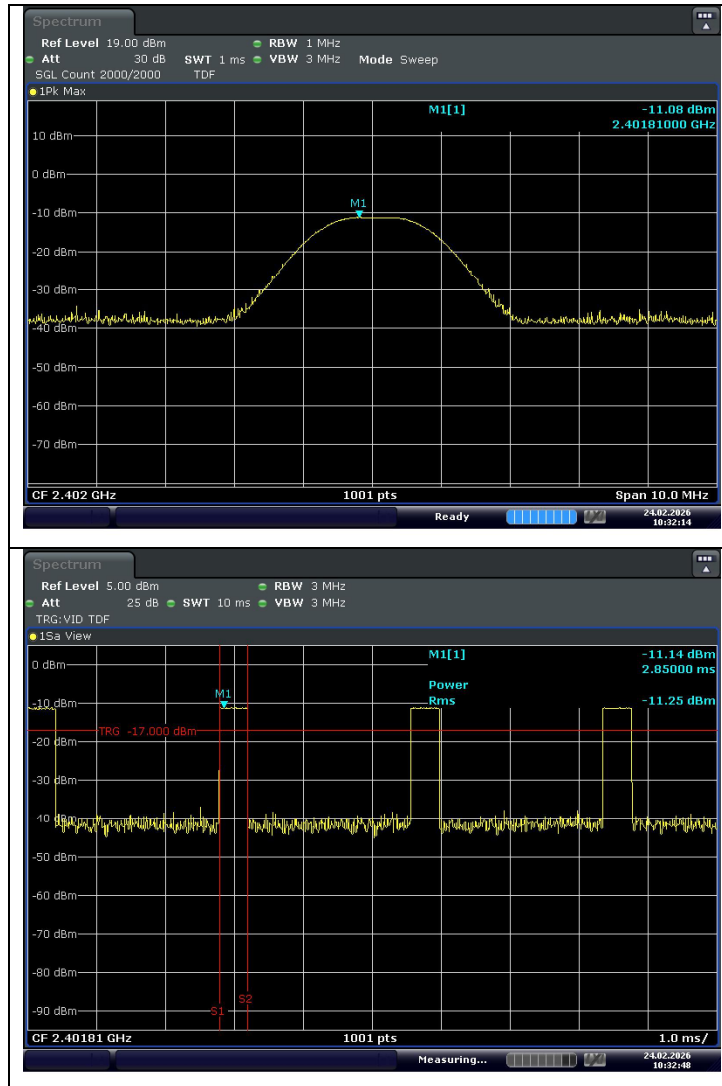


High Channel

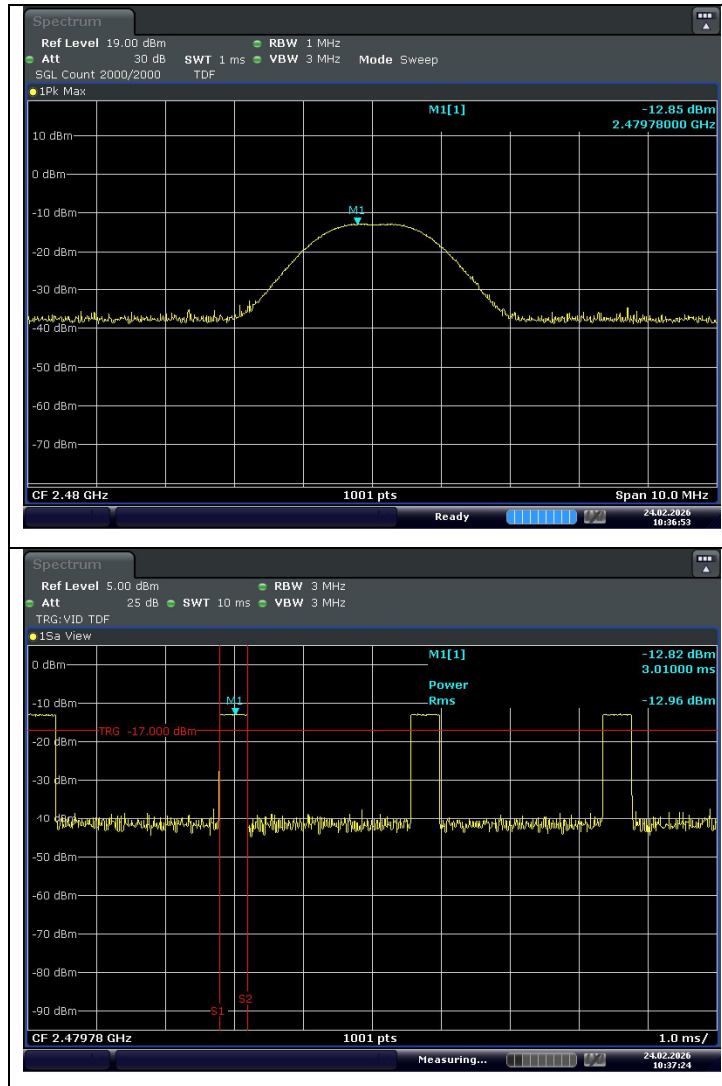


Normal voltage

Low Channel

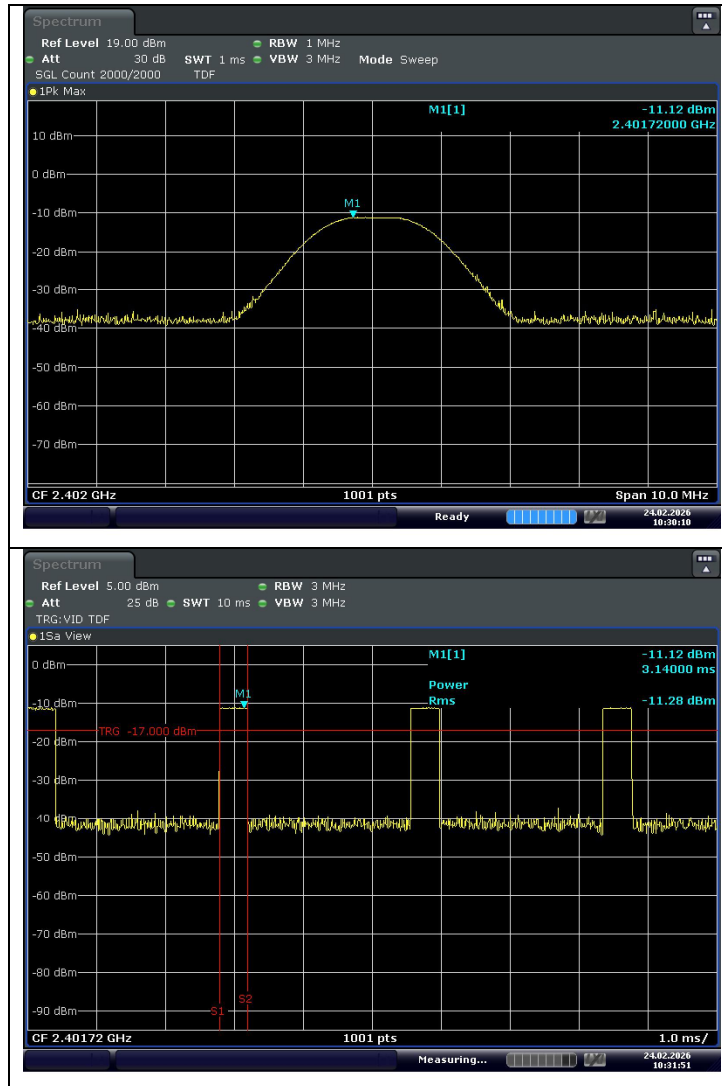


High Channel

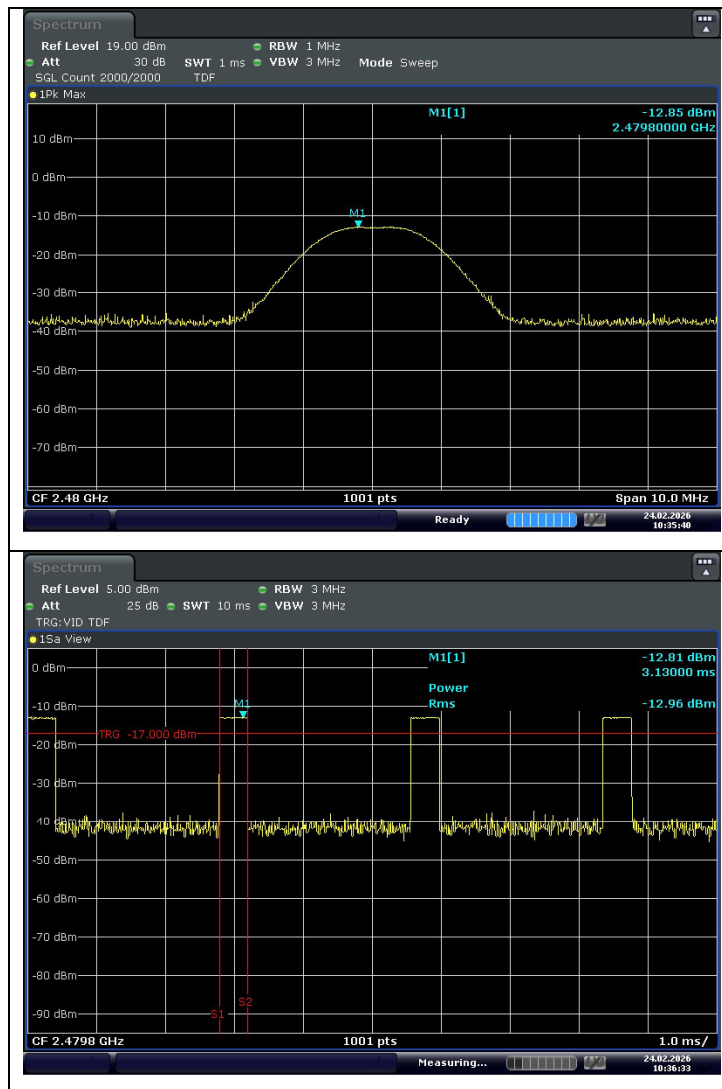


High voltage

Low Channel

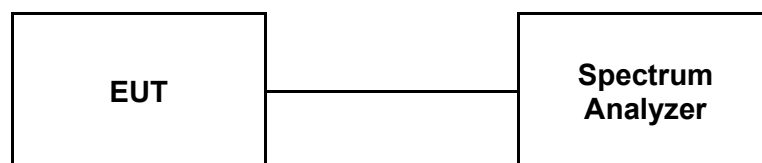


High Channel



6. Secondary Radiated Emissions

6.1. Test Setup



6.2. Limit

Below 1 GHz: 4 nW (-54 dB m) or less
Above 1 GHz: 20 nW (-47 dB m) or less

6.3. Test Procedure

1. Connect transmitter output to the spectrum analyzer input port.
2. The EUT should be receiver at low and high channel.
3. Set the spectrum analyzer as below;

[Setting 1]

Frequency range:	30 MHz - 12.5 GHz
RBW:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz
	Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
VBW:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz
	Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Sweep time:	Auto
Sweep data points:	1 001 or greater
Detector mode:	Positive peak
Indication mode:	Max hold

[Setting 2]

Center Frequency:	Frequency of spurious emission found using [Setting 1]
Span:	0 Hz
RBW:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz
	Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
VBW:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz
	Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Sweep time:	Auto
Sweep data points:	1 001 or greater
Detector mode:	Sample

4. Configure the spectrum analyzer to [Setting 1] and then search for spurious emissions in the range 30 MHz to 12.5 GHz. If the sweep range does not cover the required measurement frequency range then the measurement range will need to be divided into sufficient sections of size [RBW x Sweep Data Points].
5. If spurious emissions are found with an amplitude greater than [Limit – 10dB] then perform further detailed measurements as described in (6)
6. Configure the spectrum analyzer using [Setting 2] and measure the average signal amplitude. If the spurious emission is burst type (intermittent), then the average value shall not include signal OFF time.

6.4. Test Result

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C
 Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Low voltage

Test Voltage (V)	Frequency Range	Measured	Low Ch. (2 402 MHz)	High Ch. (2 480 MHz)	Limit
$V_{min} = 2.7$	30 MHz to 1 000 MHz	Frequency (MHz)	431.992 25	456.048 25	-
		Level (dB m/100 kHz)	-73.26	-72.69	-54.00
		Level (nW/100 kHz)	0.047 206	0.053 827	4.00
	1 000 MHz to 12.5 GHz	Frequency (MHz)	4 802.19	9 916.24	-
		Level (dB m /MHz)	-65.93	-63.45	-47.00
		Level (nW/MHz)	0.255 270	0.451 856	20.00

Normal voltage

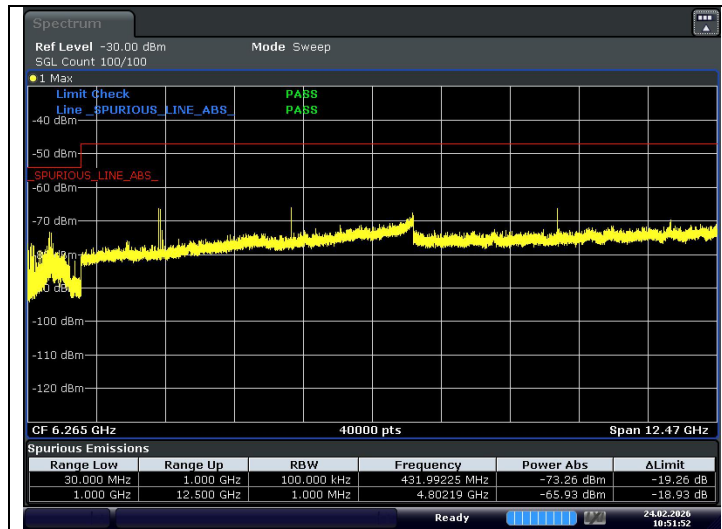
Test Voltage (V)	Frequency Range	Measured	Low Ch. (2 402 MHz)	High Ch. (2 480 MHz)	Limit
$V_{nor} = 3.0$	30 MHz to 1 000 MHz	Frequency (MHz)	455.999 75	456.048 25	-
		Level (dB m/100 kHz)	-73.07	-73.92	-54.00
		Level (nW/100 kHz)	0.049 317	0.040 551	4.00
	1 000 MHz to 12.5 GHz	Frequency (MHz)	4 802.19	1 738.01	-
		Level (dB m /MHz)	-64.92	-60.85	-47.00
		Level (nW/MHz)	0.322 107	0.822 243	20.00

High voltage

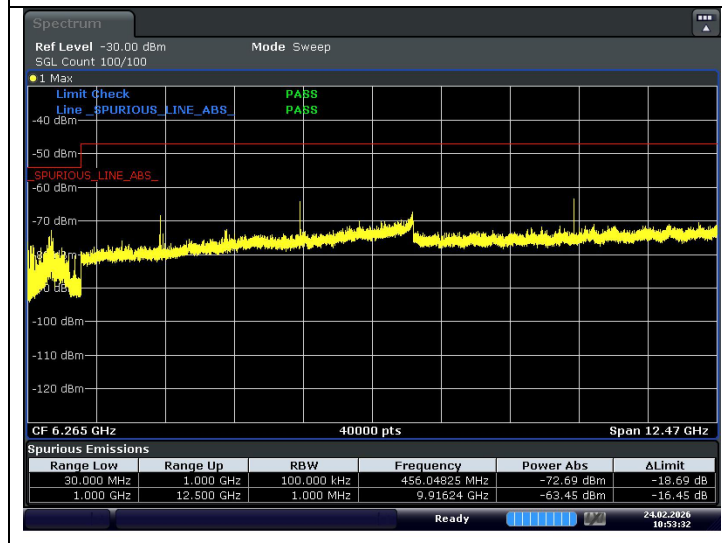
Test Voltage (V)	Frequency Range	Measured	Low Ch. (2 402 MHz)	High Ch. (2 480 MHz)	Limit
$V_{max} = 3.3$	30 MHz to 1 000 MHz	Frequency (MHz)	455.999 75	455.999 75	-
		Level (dB m/100 kHz)	-73.20	-73.35	-54.00
		Level (nW/100 kHz)	0.047 863	0.046 238	4.00
	1 000 MHz to 12.5 GHz	Frequency (MHz)	1 753.54	1 736.86	-
		Level (dB m /MHz)	-57.03	-58.70	-47.00
		Level (nW/MHz)	1.981 527	1.348 963	20.00

Low voltage

Low Channel

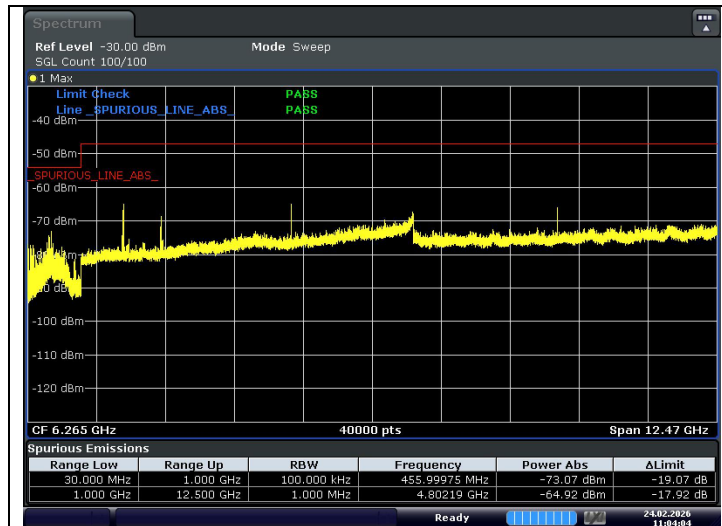


High Channel

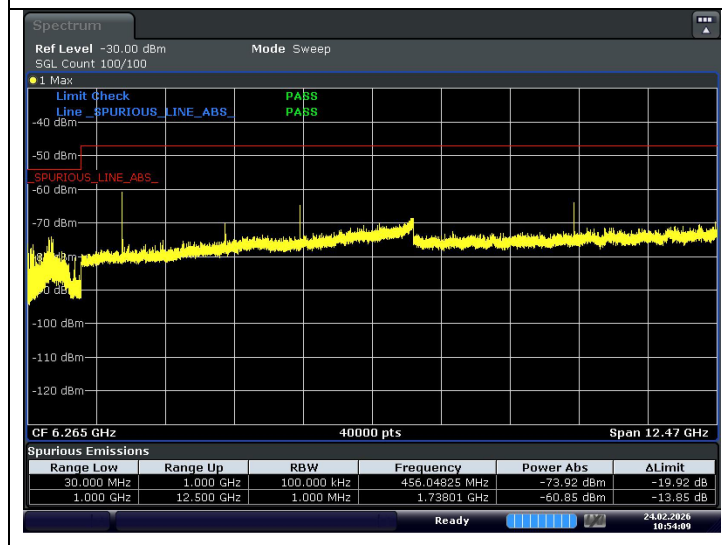


Normal voltage

Low Channel

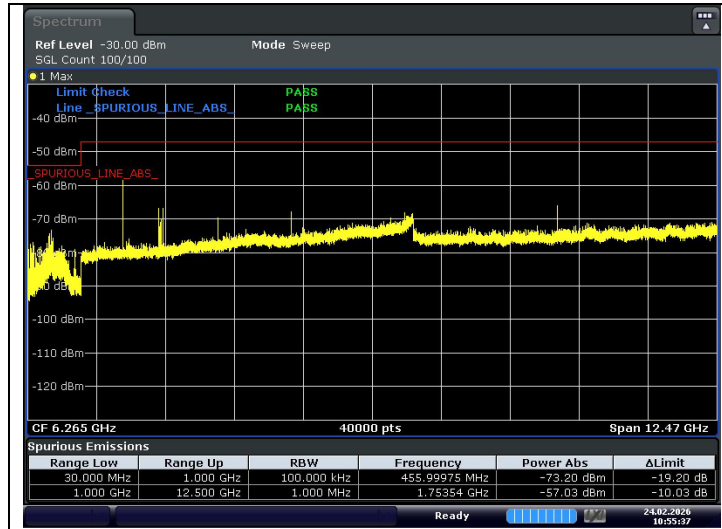


High Channel

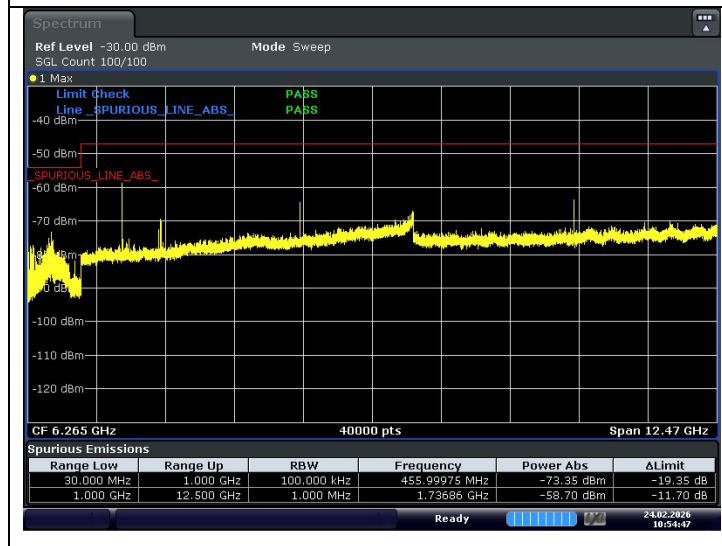


High voltage

Low Channel



High Channel



7. Interference Prevention Function

7.1. Test Procedure

- (1) For EUTs capable of automatically transmitting identification data
 - a. Transmit identification data from EUT to Demodulator
 - b. Confirm identification data is correctly received by Demodulator
- (2) For EUTs capable of automatically receiving identification data
 - c. Transmit identification data from Link Partner to EUT
 - d. Confirm communication link is established
 - e. Link Partner shall respond by transmitting different identification data back to the EUT
 - f. Confirm EUT stops transmitting, or confirm EUT recognizes that the two identification data are different

7.2. Test Result

The unit does meet the requirements. (Pass)

- End of the Test Report -