Test Report
Model: C9130AXE-T
Cisco Catalyst 9130AXE Series Wi-Fi 6 Access Points
BLE Radio

FCC ID: LDK948342197
IC: 2461N-948342197

2400-2483.5 MHz

Against the following Specifications:

CFR47 Part 15.247
RSS-247
RSS-Gen
LP0002 (2018-01-10)

ACCREDITED

Cisco Systems, Inc.

Brand: Cisco

170 West Tasman Drive

San Jose, CA 95134

Author: Chris Blair **Tested By: Johanna Knudsen**	**Approved By:** Gez Thorpe **Title:** Radio Compliance Manager **Revision:** See EDCS

This report replaces any previously entered test report under EDCS-18647275. This test report has been electronically authorized and archived using the CISCO Engineering Document Control system. Test Report Template EDCS# 11644121.

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Section 1: Overview

The samples were assessed against the tests under the requirements of the following specifications:

Emission
CFR47 Part 15.247 RSS-247 Issue 2: Feb 2017 RSS-Gen Issue 5: Apr 2018 LP0002 (2018-01-10)

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Section 2: Assessment Information

2.1 General

This report contains an assessment of an apparatus against Electromagnetic Compatibility Standards based upon tests carried out on the samples submitted. The testing was performed by and for the use of Cisco systems Inc:

With regard to this assessment, the following points should be noted:

a) The results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of the initial assessment and the date of issue of the report. Manufactured products will not necessarily give identical results due to production and measurement tolerances.

b) The apparatus was set up and exercised using the configuration and modes of operation defined in this report only.

c) Where relevant, the apparatus was only assessed using the susceptibility criteria defined in this report and the Test Assessment Plan (TAP).

d) All testing was performed under the following environmental conditions:

Temperature	15°C to 35°C (54°F to 95°F)
Atmospheric Pressure	860mbar to 1060mbar (25.4" to 31.3")
Humidity	10% to 75*%

e) All AC testing was performed at one or more of the following supply voltages:
110V 60 Hz (+/-20%)

Units of Measurement

The units of measurements defined in the appendices are reported in specific terms, which are test dependent. Where radiated measurements are concerned these are defined at a particular distance. Basic voltage measurements are defined in units of [dBuV]

As an example, the basic calculation for all measurements is as follows:

Emission level [dBuV] = Indicated voltage level [dBuV] + Cable Loss [dB] + Other correction factors [dB]

The combinations of correction factors are dependent upon the exact test configurations [see test equipment lists for further details] and may include:-

Antenna Factors, Pre Amplifier Gain, LISN Loss, Pulse Limiter Loss and Filter Insertion Loss..

Note: to convert the results from dBuV/m to uV/m use the following formula:-

Level in uV/m = Common Antilogarithm [(X dBuV/m)/20] = Y uV/m

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Measurement Uncertainty Values

voltage and power measurements	± 2 dB
conducted EIRP measurements	± 1.4 dB
radiated measurements	± 3.2 dB
frequency measurements	± 2.4 10-7
temperature measurements	± 0.54º
humidity measurements	± 2.3%
DC and low frequency measurements	± 2.5%

Where relevant measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Radiated emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

30 MHz - 300 MHz	+/- 3.8 dB
300 MHz - 1000 MHz	+/- 4.3 dB
1 GHz - 10 GHz	+/- 4.0 dB
10 GHz - 18GHz	+/- 8.2 dB
18GHz - 26.5GHz	+/- 4.1 dB
26.5GHz - 40GHz	+/- 3.9 dB

Conducted emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

30 MHz – 40GHz	+/- 0.38 dB

A product is considered to comply with a requirement if the nominal measured value is below the limit line.
The product is considered to not be in compliance in case the nominal measured value is above the limit line.

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2.2 Dates of testing

09-Oct-19 to 09-Oct-19

2.3 Report Issue Date

3-Jan-20

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2.4 Testing facilities

This assessment was performed by:

A NIST Designated Phase-I and Phase-II Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) for the following economies and regulatory authorities under the terms of the stated MRAs/Treaties: NCC (National Communications Commission)

APEC Tel MRA -Phase I:

Headquarters

Cisco Systems, Inc.,

170 West Tasman Drive

San Jose, CA 95134,

USA

Testing Laboratory
Cisco Systems, Inc.
125 West Tasman Drive (Building P)
San Jose, CA 95134
USA

Registration Numbers for Industry Canada

Cisco System Site	Address	Site Identifier
Building P, 10m Chamber	125 West Tasman Dr San Jose, CA 95134	Company #: 2461N-2
Building P, 5m Chamber	125 West Tasman Dr San Jose, CA 95134	Company #: 2461N-1
Building I, 5m Chamber	285 W. Tasman Drive San Jose, California 95134	Company #: 2461M-1
Building 7, 5m Chamber	425 E. Tasman Drive San Jose, California 95134	Company #: 2461N-3

2.5 Equipment Assessed (EUT)

C9130AXE-T

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2.6 EUT Description

The radio supports the following modes of operation. The modes are further defined in the radio Theory of Operation. The modes included in this report represent the worst case data for all modes

BLE, GFSK, 1Mbps

The following antennas are supported by this product series. The data included in this report represent the worst case data for all antennas.

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List of External Antennas Supported on C9130AXE

Part Number	Description	Gain
C-ANT9101=	Ceiling Mount Omni Self-Identifying Antenna with Bluetooth, 8-port, with DART connectors.	4 dBi (2.4 GHz) 4 dBi (5 GHz)
C-ANT9102=	Pole or Wall Mount Omni Self-Identifying Antenna with Bluetooth, 8-port, with DART connectors.	4 dBi (2.4 GHz) 4 dBi (5 GHz)
C-ANT9103=	Pole or Wall mount 75° Directional Self-Identifying Antenna with Bluetooth, 8-port, with DART connectors.	6 dBi (2.4 GHz) 6 dBi (5 GHz)
AIR-ANT2513P4M-N=	Patch Antenna, 4-port, with N connectors. **Note** Connect to AP using AIR-CAB003-D8-N=.	13 dBi (2.4 GHz) 13 dBi (5 GHz)
AIR-ANT2524V4C-R=	Ceiling Mount Omni Antenna, 4-port, with RP-TNC connectors. **Note** Connect to AP using AIR-CAB002-D8-R=.	2 dBi (2.4 GHz) 4 dBi (5 GHz)
AIR-ANT2524V4C-RS=	Ceiling Mount Omni Self-Identifying Antenna, 4-port, with RP-TNC connectors.	2 dBi (2.4 GHz) 4 dBi (5 GHz)
AIR-ANT2544V4M-R=	Wall Mount Omni Antenna, 4-port, with RP-TNC connectors. **Note** Connect to AP using AIR-CAB002-D8-R=.	4 dBi (2.4 GHz) 4 dBi (5 GHz)
AIR-ANT2544V4M-RS=	Wall Mount Omni Self-Identifying Antenna, 4-port, with RP-TNC connectors.	4 dBi (2.4 GHz) 4 dBi (5 GHz)
AIR-ANT2566D4M-R=	60° Patch Antenna, 4-port, with RP-TNC connectors.[1] **Note** Connect to AP using AIR-CAB002-D8-R=.	6 dBi (2.4 GHz) 6 dBi (5 GHz)
AIR-ANT2566D4M-RS=	60° Patch Self-Identifying Antenna, 4-port, with RP-TNC connectors.	6 dBi (2.4 GHz) 6 dBi (5 GHz)
AIR-ANT2566P4W-R=	Directional Antenna, 4-port, with RP-TNC connectors. **Note** Connect to AP using AIR-CAB002-D8-R=.	6 dBi (2.4 GHz) 6 dBi (5 GHz)
AIR-ANT2566P4W-RS=	Directional Self-Identifying Antenna, 4-port, with RP-TNC connectors.	6 dBi (2.4 GHz) 6 dBi (5 GHz)

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Section 3: Result Summary

3.1 Results Summary Table

Basic Standard	Technical Requirements / Details	Result
FCC 15.247 RSS-247 LP0002 (2018-01-10) (3.10.1.6) (2) (A)	**6dB Bandwidth** Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 2400-2483.5MHz band. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz	Pass
FCC 15.247 RSS-247	**99% & 26 dB Bandwidth**: The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. There is no limit for 99% OBW. The 26 dB emission is the width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 26 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.	Pass
FCC 15.247 RSS-247 LP0002 (2018-01-10) (3.10.1.2) (1) (C)	**Output Power**: **15.247** The maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator for systems using digital modulation in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall not exceed 1 Watt (30dBm). If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. **RSS-247** For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. Except as provided in Section 5.4(e), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.	Pass
FCC 15.247 RSS-247 LP0002 (2018-01-10) (3.10.1.6) (2) (B)	**Power Spectral Density** For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.	Pass

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FCC 15.247 RSS-247 LP0002 (2018-01-10) (3.10.1.5) 2.8	**Conducted Spurious Emissions / Band-Edge**: In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.	Pass
FCC 15.247 RSS-247 FCC 15.205 RSS-Gen	**Restricted band**: Unwanted emissions falling within the restricted bands, as defined in FCC 15.205 (a) and RSS-Gen 8.10 must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC 15.209 (a) and RSS-Gen 8.9	Pass

Radiated Emissions (General requirements)

Basic Standard	Technical Requirements / Details	Result
FCC 15.209 RSS-Gen LP0002 (2018-01-10) (3.10.1.5) 2.8	**TX Spurious Emissions:** Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the filed strength limits table in this section. Unwanted emissions falling within the restricted bands, as defined in FCC 15.205 (a) and RSS-Gen 8.10 must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC 15.209 (a) and RSS-Gen 8.9	Not covered by this report
RSS-Gen LP0002 (2018-01-10) (3.10.1.5) 2.8	**RX Spurious Emissions:** **RSS-Gen 8.9** Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in Table 4 and Table 5 below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission. **RSS-Gen 8.10 Restricted Bands** Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted bands of Table 6 shall comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen; and (c) Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands of Table 6 shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in this RSS-Gen.	Please refer to EDCS-18500314 Report
FCC 15.207 RSS-Gen LP0002 (2018-01-10) 2.3	**AC conducted Emissions:** Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any radio apparatus equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply, either directly or indirectly (such as with a battery charger), the radio frequency voltage of emissions conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in the table in these sections. The more stringent limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.	Please refer to RLK1911 29003-00 A Report

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Section 4: Sample Details

Note: Each sample was evaluated to ensure that its condition was suitable to be used as a test sample prior to the commencement of testing.

4.1 Sample Details

Sample No.	Equipment Details	Manufacturer	Hardware Rev.	Firmware Rev.	Software Rev.	Serial Number
S01	C9130AXE-x	Cisco	800-106171-01, P1A-2	NA	NA	KWC233200WT

4.2 System Details

System #	Description	Samples
1	EUT for RF conducted measurements	S01

4.3 Mode of Operation Details

Mode#	Description	Comments
1	Continuous Transmitting, RF conducted measurements	Continuous Transmitting, constant high (100%) duty cycle, with Tx power = +5dBm, on desired channel, using BLE Continuous TX commands. Image version: Cisco AP Software, (ap1g6a), [sjc-ads-2610:/nobackup/rthangac/work/gh_c8_20sep/router] Compiled Mon Sep 23 05:43:03 PDT 2019 ROM: Bootstrap program is U-Boot boot loader BOOTLDR: U-Boot boot loader Version 115
2	Continuous Receive, RF conducted measurements	Continuous Receive

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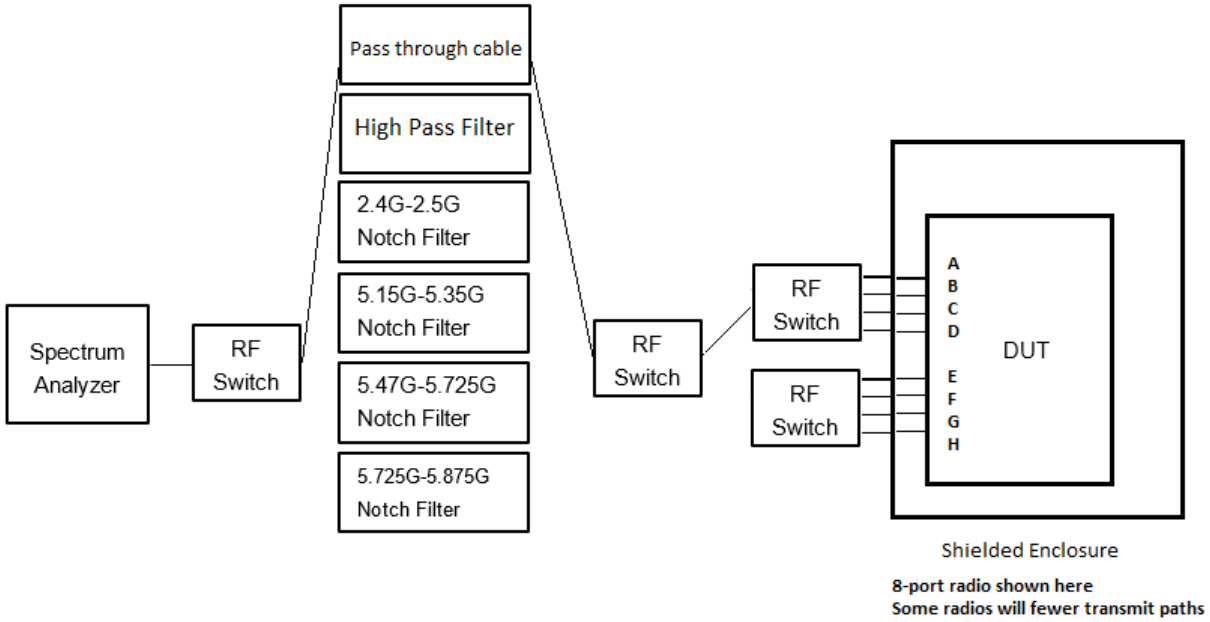
Appendix A: Conducted Emission Test Results

Conducted Test Setup Diagram



Target Maximum Channel Power

The following table details the maximum supported Total Channel Power for all operating modes.

	Maximum Channel Power (dBm EIRP)		
	Frequency (MHz)		
Operating Mode	**2402**	**2426**	**2480**
BLE, GFSK	**15**	**15**	**15**

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A.1 Duty Cycle

Duty Cycle Test Requirement

From KDB 558074, Section 6

6.0 Duty cycle, transmission duration and maximum power control level

Preferably, all measurements of maximum conducted (average) output power will be performed with the EUT transmitting continuously (*i.e.*, with a duty cycle of greater than or equal to 98%). When continuous operation cannot be realized, then the use of sweep triggering/signal gating techniques can be utilized to ensure that measurements are made only during transmissions at the maximum power control level. …

When continuous transmission cannot be achieved and sweep triggering/signal gating cannot be implemented, alternate procedures are provided that can be used to measure the average power; however, they will require an additional measurement of the transmitter duty cycle. Within this guidance document, the duty cycle refers to the fraction of time over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level. The duty cycle is considered to be constant if variations are less than ± 2 percent, otherwise the duty cycle is considered to be non-constant.

Duty Cycle Test Method

From KDB 558074, Section 6:

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal. Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T
exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T ≤ 16.7 microseconds.)

Duty Cycle Test Information

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	☑	☐
	Support	NA	☐	☑

Tested By :	Date of testing:
Johanna Knudsen	09-Oct-19 – 09-Oct-19
Test Result : PASS	

Test Equipment

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

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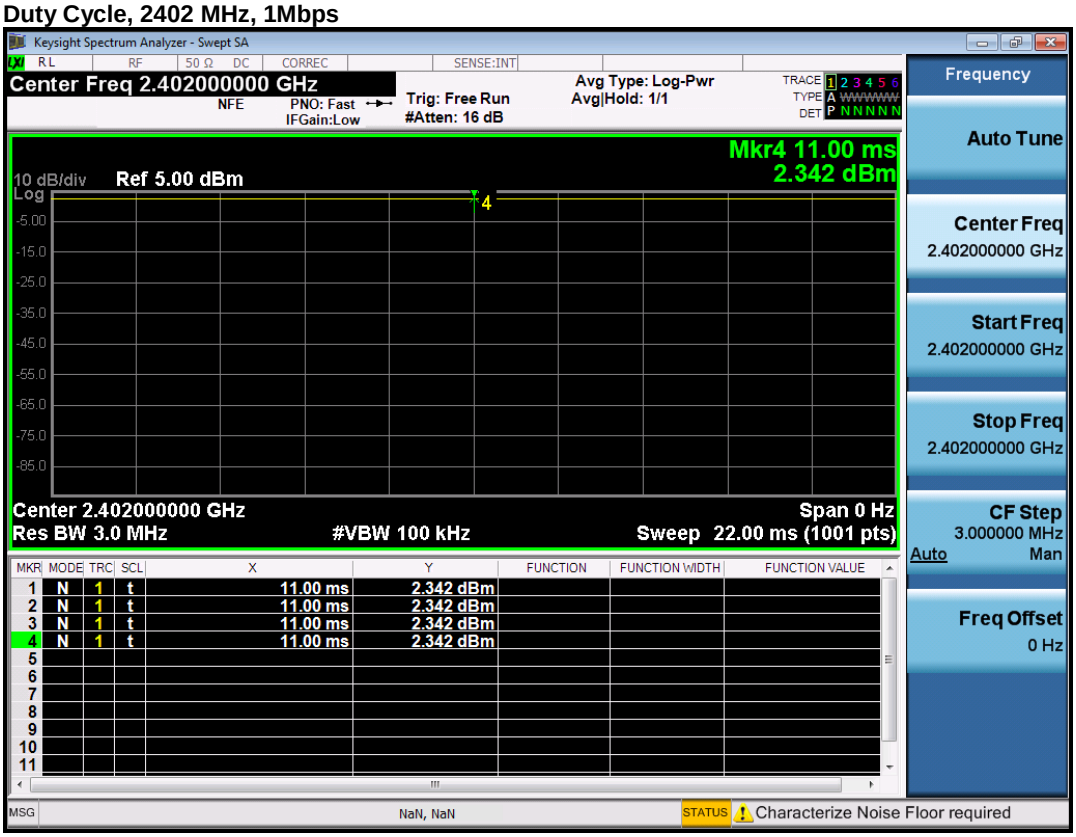
Duty Cycle Data Table

Duty Cycle table and screen captures are shown below for power/psd modes.

Mode	Data Rate	On-time (ms)	Total Time (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)	Correction Factor (dB)
BLE (GFSK)	1Mbps	22ms	22ms	100	0.0

Duty Cycle Data Screenshots

Duty Cycle, 2402 MHz, 1Mbps



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A.2 DTS Bandwidth (6dB Bandwidth)

DTS Bandwidth Test Requirement

For the FCC/ LP0002 (2018-01-10) (3.10.1.6) (2) (A):
15.247 (2)

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

For Industry Canada:
RSS-247 5.2 (a)

5.2 Digital transmission systems
DTSs include systems that employ digital modulation techniques resulting in spectral characteristics similar to direct sequence systems. The following applies to the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz:
a) The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.

DTS Bandwidth/ 6dB Bandwidth Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05 r02, Section 8.2
ANSI C63.10: 2013, Clause 11.8.2 Option 2

6 BW Test Procedure
1. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode. 2. Allow the trace to stabilize. 3. Setting the x-dB bandwidth mode to -6dB within the measurement set up function. 4. Select the automatic OBW measurement function of an instrument to perform bandwidth measurement. 5. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05 r02, Section 8.2
ANSI C63.10: 2013, Clause 11.8.2 Option 2

6 BW Test parameters

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11.8 DTS bandwidth

One of the following procedures may be used to determine the modulated DTS bandwidth.

11.8.1 Option 1

The steps for the first option are as follows:

a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.

b) Set the VBW ≥ [3 × RBW].

c) Detector = peak.

d) Trace mode = max hold.

e) Sweep = auto couple.

f) Allow the trace to stabilize.

g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

11.8.2 Option 2

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described in 11.8.1 (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW ≥ 3 × RBW, and peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be ≥6 dB.

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	☑	☐
	Support	NA	☐	☑

Tested By : Johanna Knudsen	**Date of testing:** 09-Oct-19 – 09-Oct-19
Test Result : PASS	

Test Equipment

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

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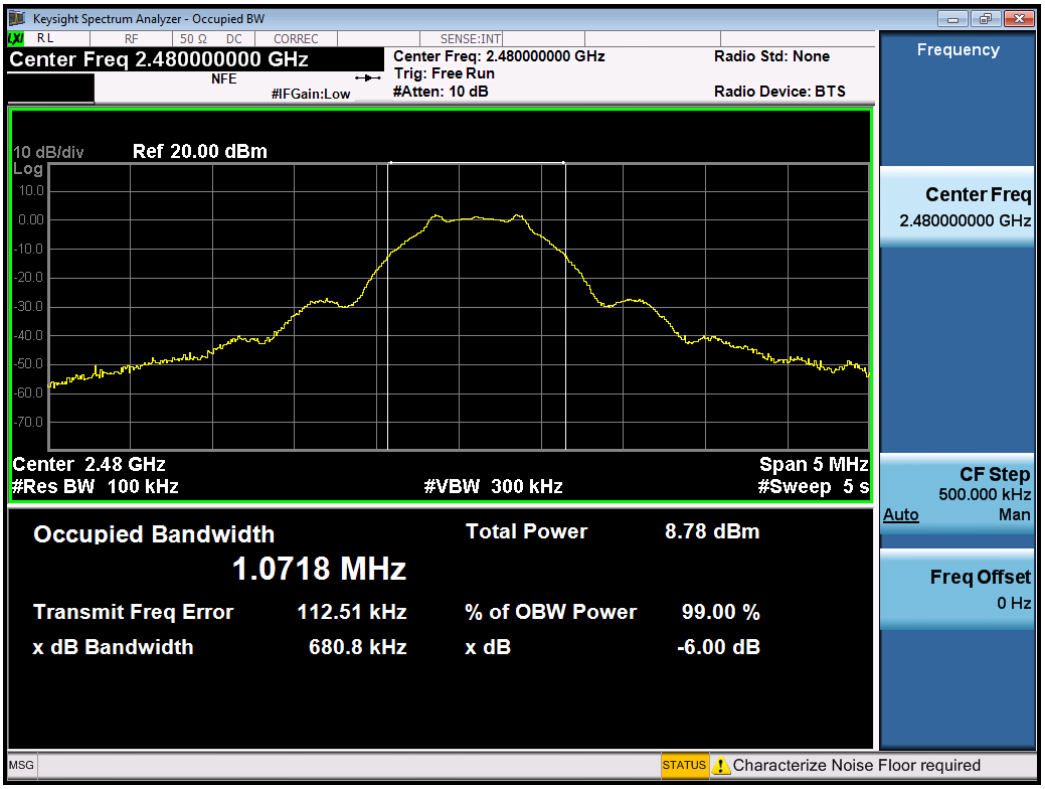
Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	6dB BW (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Margin (kHz)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	688.2	>500	188.2
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	699.0	>500	199.0
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	680.8	>500	180.8

6dB Bandwidth, 2480 MHz, GFSK, 1 MB/s



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A.3 Occupied Bandwidth

Occupied Bandwidth Test Requirement

The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. There is no limit for 99% OBW.

The 26 dB emission is the width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 26 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Occupied Bandwidth Test Method

Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013

Occupied Bandwidth Test Procedure
1. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode. 2. Allow the trace to stabilize. 3. Setting the x-dB bandwidth mode to -26dB & OBW to 99% within the measurement set up function. 4. Select the automatic OBW measurement function of an instrument to perform bandwidth measurement. 5. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 6.9.3

Occupied Bandwidth Test parameters
6.9.3 Occupied bandwidth—power bandwidth (99%) measurement procedure The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth: a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW. b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies. h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

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Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	☑	☐
	Support	NA	☐	☑

Tested By : Johanna Knudsen	**Date of testing:** 09-Oct-19 – 09-Oct-19
Test Result : PASS	

Test Equipment
See Appendix C for list of test equipment

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	26dB BW (MHz)	99% BW (MHz)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s, 5dBm	1	1.286	1.0523
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s, 5dBm	1	1.289	1.0617
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s, 5dBm	1	1.296	1.0588

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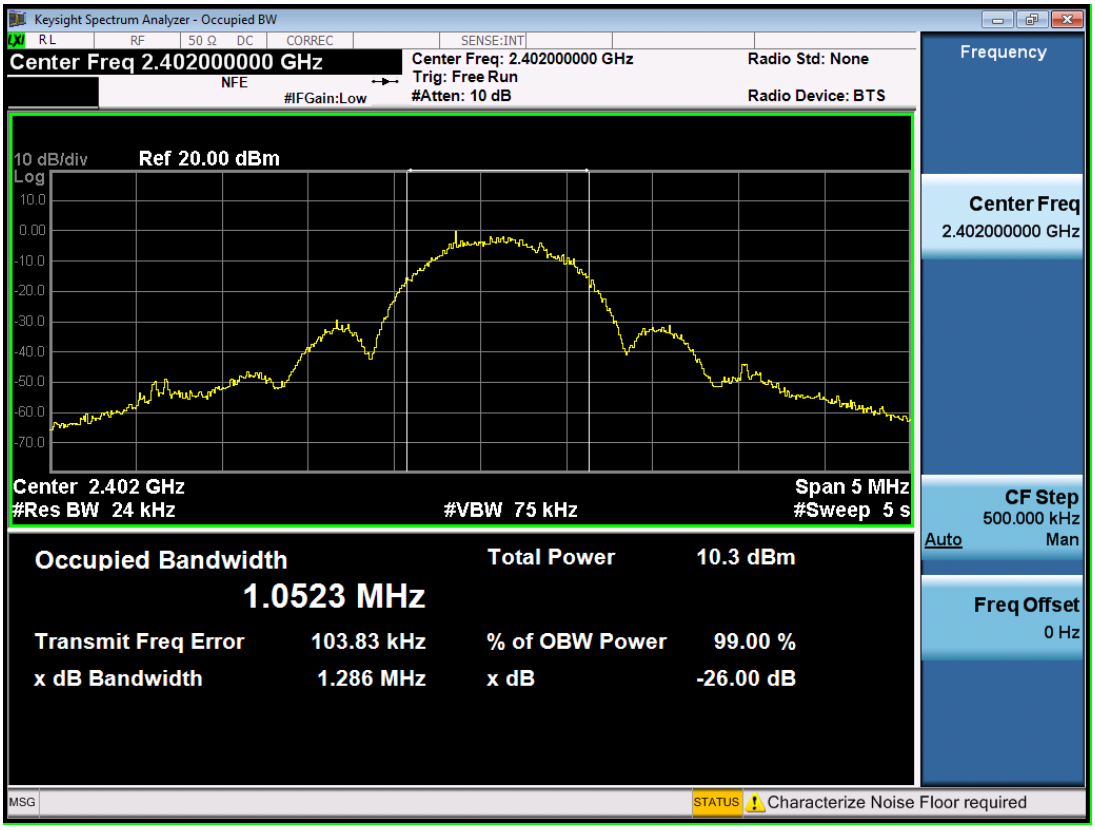
26dB / 99% Bandwidth, 2402 MHz, GFSK, 1 MB/s



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A.4 Maximum Conducted Output Power

Maximum Conducted Output Power Test Requirement

FCC, 15.247/ LP0002 (2018-01-10) (3.10.1.2) (1) (C):
(b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following: (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, **2400-2483.5 MHz**, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: **1 Watt**. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.
(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Industry Canada, RSS-247:

5.4 Transmitter output power and equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) requirements
d) For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. The maximum conducted output power is the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements, averaged across all symbols in the signalling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are implemented, the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

The maximum supported antenna gain is 13dBi. The peak correlated gain for each mode is listed in the table below.

Maximum Conducted Output Power Test Method

Ref. KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05 r02
ANSI C63.10: 2013

Maximum Conducted Output power Test Procedure
1. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode at full power 2. Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or alternatively entire 99% OBW) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function. The integration shall be performed using the spectrum analyzer band-power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW or the OBW band edges. 3. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05 r02, 8.3.2.2 Measurement using a spectrum analyzer (SA)
ANSI C63.10: 2013, section 11.9.2.2.4 Method AVGSA-2

Maximum Conducted Output power

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Test parameters
11.9.2.2.4 Method AVGSA-2 Method AVGSA-2 uses trace averaging across ON and OFF times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction. The procedure for this method is as follows: a) Measure the duty cycle *D* of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6. b) Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW. c) Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz. d) Set VBW ≥ [3 × RBW]. e) Number of points in sweep ≥ [2 × span / RBW]. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing ≤ RBW / 2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.) f) Sweep time = auto. g) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use the sample detector mode. h) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run." i) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed such that the average accurately represents the true average over the ON and OFF periods of the transmitter. j) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum. k) Add [10 log (1 / *D*)], where *D* is the duty cycle, to the measured power to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the ON and OFF times of the transmission). For example, add [10 log (1/0.25)] = 6 dB if the duty cycle is 25%.

The "measure-and-sum technique" is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. (See ANSI C63.10 section 14.3 for Guidance)

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	☑	☐
	Support	NA	☐	☑

Tested By : Johanna Knudsen	**Date of testing:** 09-Oct-19 – 09-Oct-19
Test Result : PASS	

Test Equipment
See Appendix C for list of test equipment

Note: Limit is modified to ensure compliance with conducted power limit of 30dBm and eirp limit of 36 dBm.

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Antenna Gain – 2dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Max Power (dBm)	Total Tx Channel Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm) EIRP	Margin (dB)
2402	**GFSK, 1 MB/s**	**1**	**2**	**2.4**	**4.4**	**30**	**25.6**
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	2	4	30	26
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	1.9	3.9	30	26.1

Antenna Gain – 4dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Max Power (dBm)	Total Tx Channel Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm) EIRP	Margin (dB)
2402	**GFSK, 1 MB/s**	**1**	**4**	**2.4**	**6.4**	**30**	**23.6**
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	2	6	30	24
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	1.9	5.9	30	24.1

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Antenna Gain – 6dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Max Power (dBm)	Total Tx Channel Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm) EIRP	Margin (dB)
2402	**GFSK, 1 MB/s**	**1**	**6**	**2.4**	**8.4**	**30**	**21.6**
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	2	8	30	22
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	1.9	7.9	30	22.1

Antenna Gain – 13dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Max Power (dBm)	Total Tx Channel Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm) EIRP	Margin (dB)
2402	**GFSK, 1 MB/s**	**1**	**13**	**2.4**	**15.4**	**30**	**14.6**
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	2	15	30	15
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	1.9	14.9	30	15.1

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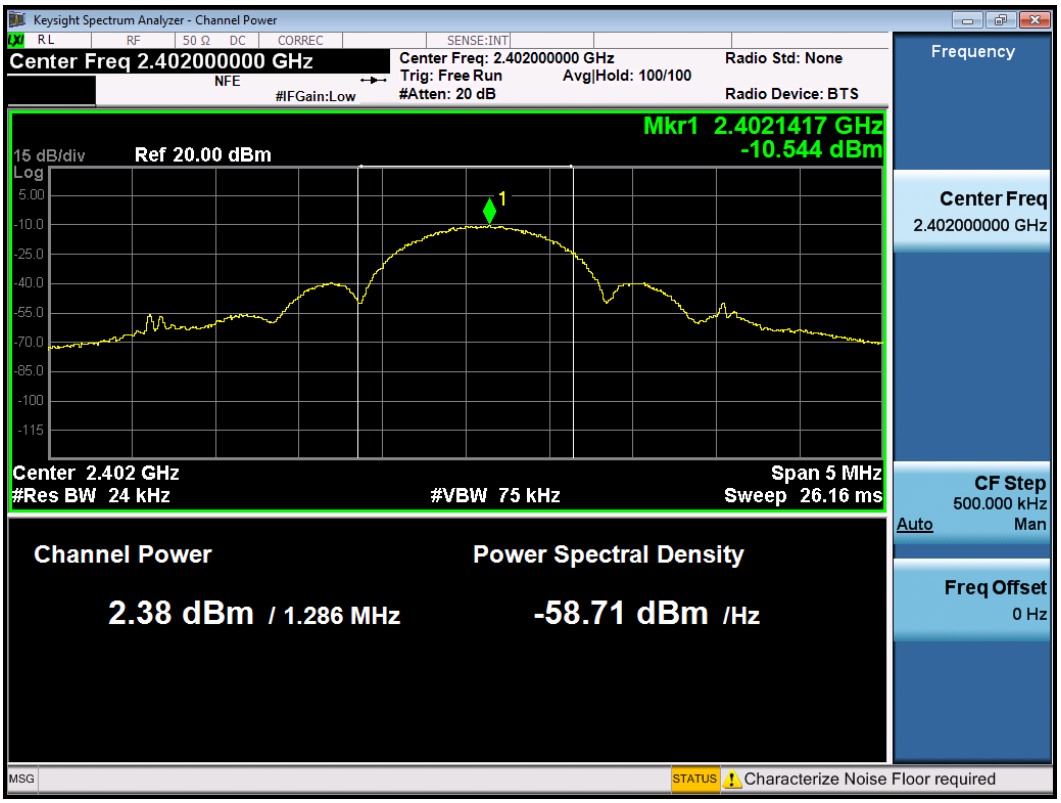
Maximum Transmit Output Power, 2402 MHz, GFSK, 1 Mbps



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A.5 Power Spectral Density

Power Spectral Density Test Requirement

15.247 (e) / RSS-247 5.2 (b) / LP0002 (2018-01-10) (3.10.1.6) (2) (B):
5.2 Digital transmission systems
DTSs include systems that employ digital modulation techniques resulting in spectral characteristics similar to direct sequence systems. The following applies to the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz:

b) The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.4(d), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

Power Spectral Density Test Method

Ref. KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05 r02
ANSI C63.10: 2013

Power Spectral Density Test Procedure
1. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode at full power 2.Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below and Peak search marker 3. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05 r02, section 8.4 DTS maximum power spectral density level in the fundamental emission
ANSI C63.10: 2013, section 11.10.5 Average PSD

Power Spectral Density Test parameters

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11.10.5 Method AVGPSD-2

Method AVGPSD-2 uses trace averaging across ON and OFF times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction.

The following procedure is applicable when the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., $D < 98\%$), when sweep triggering/signal gating cannot be used to measure only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level, and when the transmission duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ±2%):

a) Measure the duty cycle (D) of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.

b) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

c) Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.

d) Set RBW to: 3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz.

e) Set VBW ≥ [3 × RBW].

f) Detector = power averaging (rms) or sample detector (when rms not available).

g) Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep ≥ [2 × span / RBW].

h) Sweep time = auto couple.

i) Do not use sweep triggering; allow sweep to "free run."

j) Employ trace averaging (rms) mode over a minimum of 100 traces.

k) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

l) Add [10 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle measured in step a), to the measured PSD to compute the average PSD during the actual transmission time.

m) If measured value exceeds requirement specified by regulatory agency, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat (note that this may require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced).

The "Measure and add 10 log(N) dB technique", where N is the number of outputs, is used for measuring in-band Power Spectral Density. (See ANSI C63.10 section 14.3.2.3)

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	☑	☐
	Support	NA	☐	☑

Tested By : Johanna Knudsen	**Date of testing:** 09-Oct-19 – 09-Oct-19
Test Result : PASS	

Test Equipment

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

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Antenna Gain – 2dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	PSD / Antenna (dBm/3kHz)	Total PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Margin (dB)
2402	**GFSK, 1 MB/s**	**1**	**2**	**-8.5**	**-6.5**	**8**	**14.5**
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	-9	-7	8	15
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	-9.4	-7.4	8	15.4

Antenna Gain – 4dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	PSD / Antenna (dBm/3kHz)	Total PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Margin (dB)
2402	**GFSK, 1 MB/s**	**1**	**4**	**-8.5**	**-4.5**	**8**	**12.5**
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	-9	-5	8	13
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	-9.4	-5.4	8	13.4

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Antenna Gain – 6dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	PSD / Antenna (dBm/3kHz)	Total PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Margin (dB)
2402	**GFSK, 1 MB/s**	**1**	**6**	**-8.5**	**-2.5**	**8**	**10.5**
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	-9	-3	8	11
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	-9.4	-3.4	8	11.4

Antenna Gain – 13dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	PSD / Antenna (dBm/3kHz)	Total PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Margin (dB)
2402	**GFSK, 1 MB/s**	**1**	**13**	**-8.5**	**4.5**	**8**	**3.5**
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	-9	4	8	4
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	-9.4	3.6	8	4.4

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Power Spectral Density, 2402 MHz, GFSK, 1 MB/s

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A.6 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Requirement

15.205 / RSS-Gen / LP0002 (2018-01-10) (3.10.1.5) (2.8):
Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a) and RSS-GEN section 8.10, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)) and RSS-Gen section 8.9

RSS-Gen 8.9 Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in Table 4 and Table 5 below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

RSS-Gen 8.10 (**b)** Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted bands of Table 6 shall comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen; and (c) Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands of Table 6 shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in this RSS-Gen.

Use formula below to substitute conducted measurements in place of radiated measurements

E[dBµV/m] = EIRP[dBm] - 20 log(d[meters]) + 104.77, where E = field strength and d = 3 meter

1) Average Plot, Limit= -41.25 dBm eirp
2) Peak plot, Limit = -21.25 dBm eirp

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Method

Ref. KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05 r02
ANSI C63.10: 2013

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Procedure
1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input. 2. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode 3. Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer). 4. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum spurs amplitude level. 5. The "measure-and-sum technique" is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. The worst case output is recorded. (see ANSI C63.10 2013 section 14.3.2.2) 6. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05 r02, section 8.1 c) 3, section 8.6 DTS emissions in restricted frequency bands
ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 11.12.2.4 (Peak) & 11.12.2.5.2 (Average)

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test parameters	
Peak	**Average**

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Span = 30MHz to 26.5GHz / 26.5GHz to 40GHz RBW = 1 MHz VBW ≥ 3 MHz Sweep = Auto Detector = Peak Trace = Max Hold.	Span = 30MHz to 26.5GHz / 26.5GHz to 40GHz RBW = 1 MHz VBW ≥ 3 MHz Sweep = Auto Detector = RMS Power Averaging

ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 11.12.2.2 c) add the max antenna gain + ground reflection factor (4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	☑	☐
	Support	NA	☐	☑

Tested By : Johanna Knudsen	**Date of testing:** 09-Oct-19 – 09-Oct-19
Test Result : PASS	

Test Equipment
See Appendix C for list of test equipment

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Conducted Spurs Average Upper (12-26GHz)

Antenna Gain – 2dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	-83.269	-81.269	-41.25	40.02

Antenna Gain – 4dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	-83.269	-79.269	-41.25	38.02

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Antenna Gain – 6dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	-83.269	-77.269	-41.25	36.02

Antenna Gain – 13dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	-83.269	-70.269	-41.25	29.02

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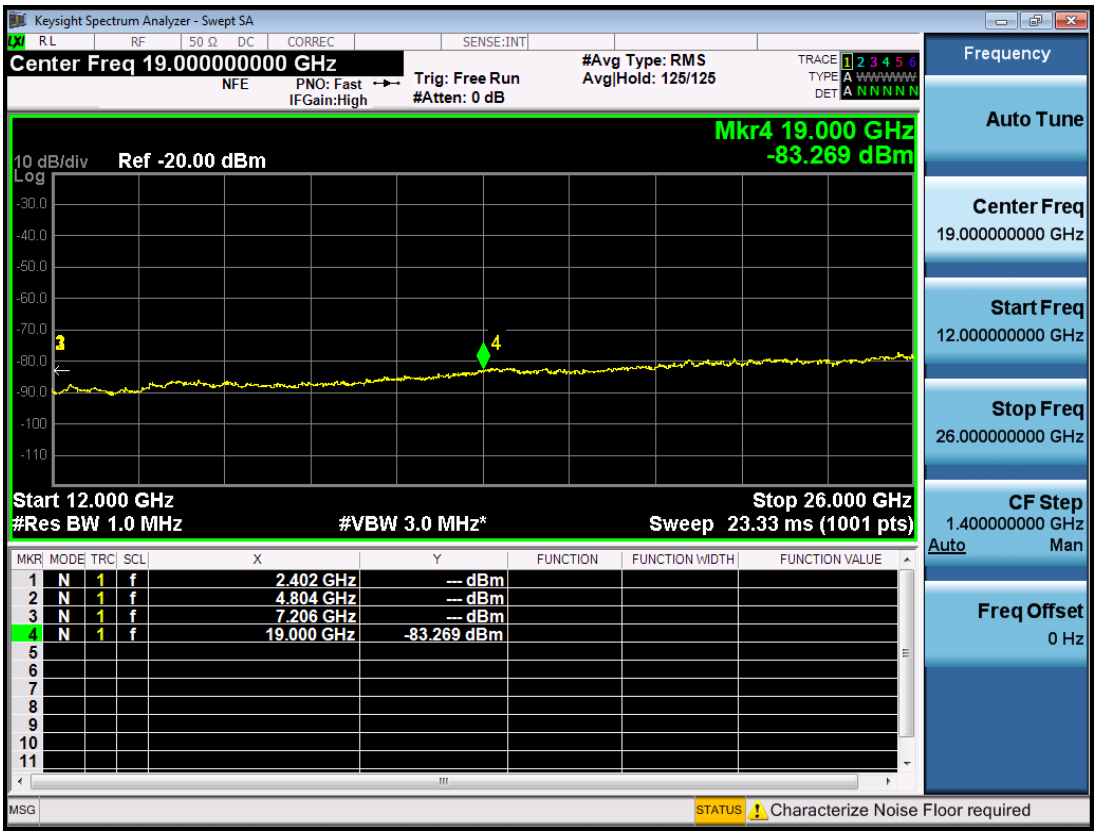
Conducted Spurs Average Upper, 2402 MHz, GFSK, 1 Mbps



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Conducted Spurs Peak Upper (12-26GHz)

Antenna Gain – 2dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	-68.196	-66.196	-21.25	44.95

Antenna Gain – 4dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	-68.196	-64.196	-21.25	42.95

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Antenna Gain – 6dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	-68.196	-62.196	-21.25	40.95

Antenna Gain – 13dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	-68.196	-55.196	-21.25	33.95

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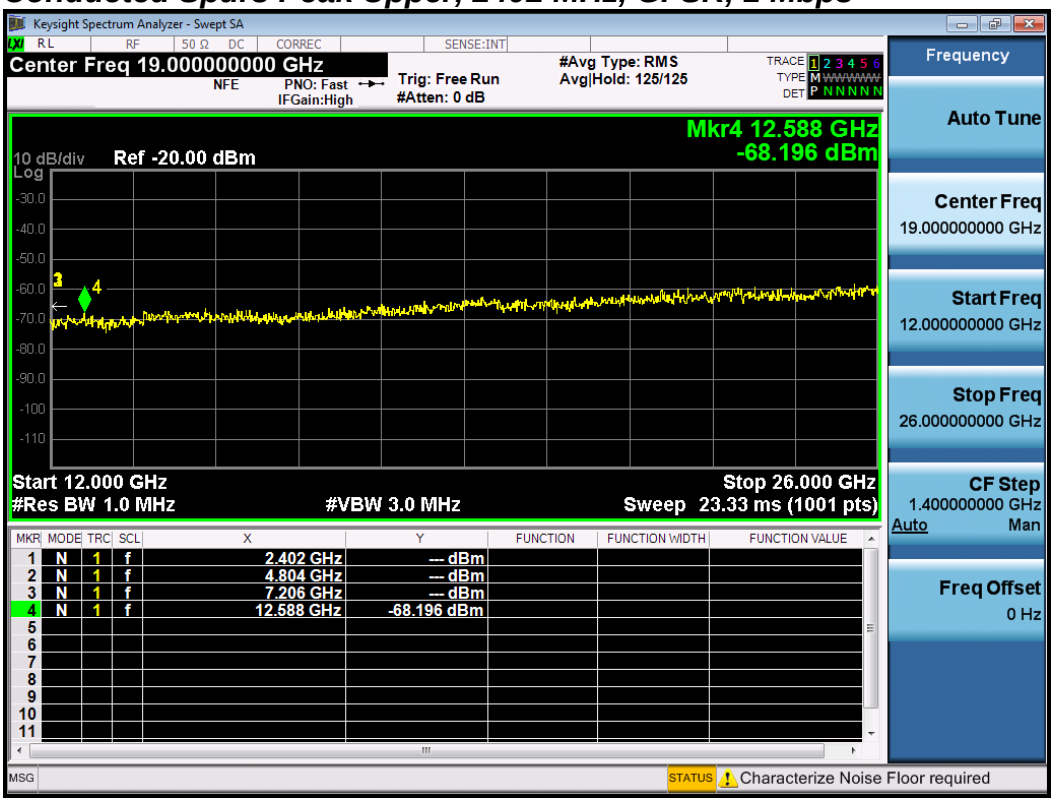
Conducted Spurs Peak Upper, 2402 MHz, GFSK, 1 Mbps



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Conducted Spurs Average, 30MHz-12GHz

Antenna Gain – 2dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	-73.76	-71.76	-41.25	30.51
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	-74.246	-72.246	-41.25	31.00
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	-74.06	-72.06	-41.25	30.81

Antenna Gain – 4dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	-73.76	-69.76	-41.25	28.51
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	-74.246	-70.246	-41.25	29.00
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	-74.06	-70.06	-41.25	28.81

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Antenna Gain – 6dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	MargIn (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	-73.76	-67.76	-41.25	26.51
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	-74.246	-68.246	-41.25	27.00
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	-74.06	-68.06	-41.25	26.81

Antenna Gain – 13dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	MargIn (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	-73.76	-60.76	-41.25	19.51
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	-74.246	-61.246	-41.25	20.00
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	-74.06	-61.06	-41.25	19.81

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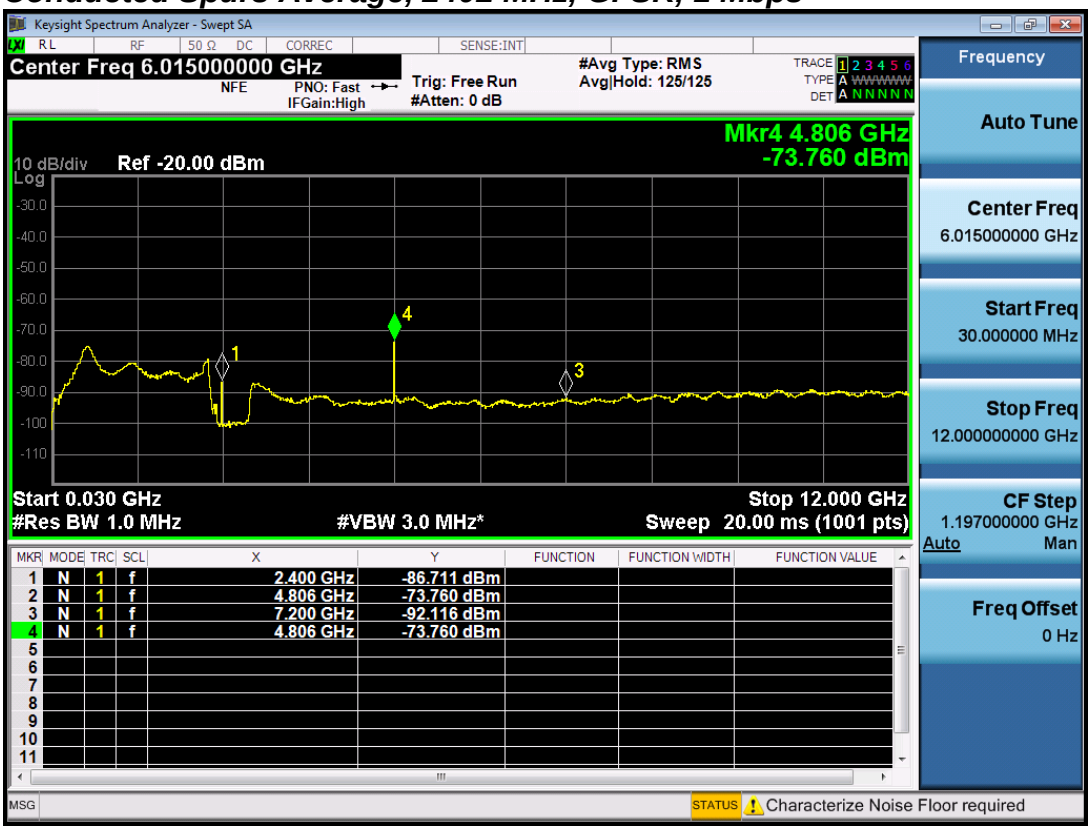
Conducted Spurs Average, 2402 MHz, GFSK, 1 Mbps



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Conducted Spurs Peak, 30MHz-12GHz

Antenna Gain – 2dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	-61.9	-59.9	-21.25	38.65
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	-63.103	-61.103	-21.25	39.85
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	-64.323	-62.323	-21.25	41.07

Antenna Gain – 4dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	-61.9	-57.9	-21.25	36.65
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	-63.103	-59.103	-21.25	37.85
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	-64.323	-60.323	-21.25	39.07

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Antenna Gain – 6dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	-61.9	-55.9	-21.25	34.65
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	-63.103	-57.103	-21.25	35.85
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	-64.323	-58.323	-21.25	37.07

Antenna Gain – 13dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	-61.9	-48.9	-21.25	27.65
2426	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	-63.103	-50.103	-21.25	28.85
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	-64.323	-51.323	-21.25	30.07

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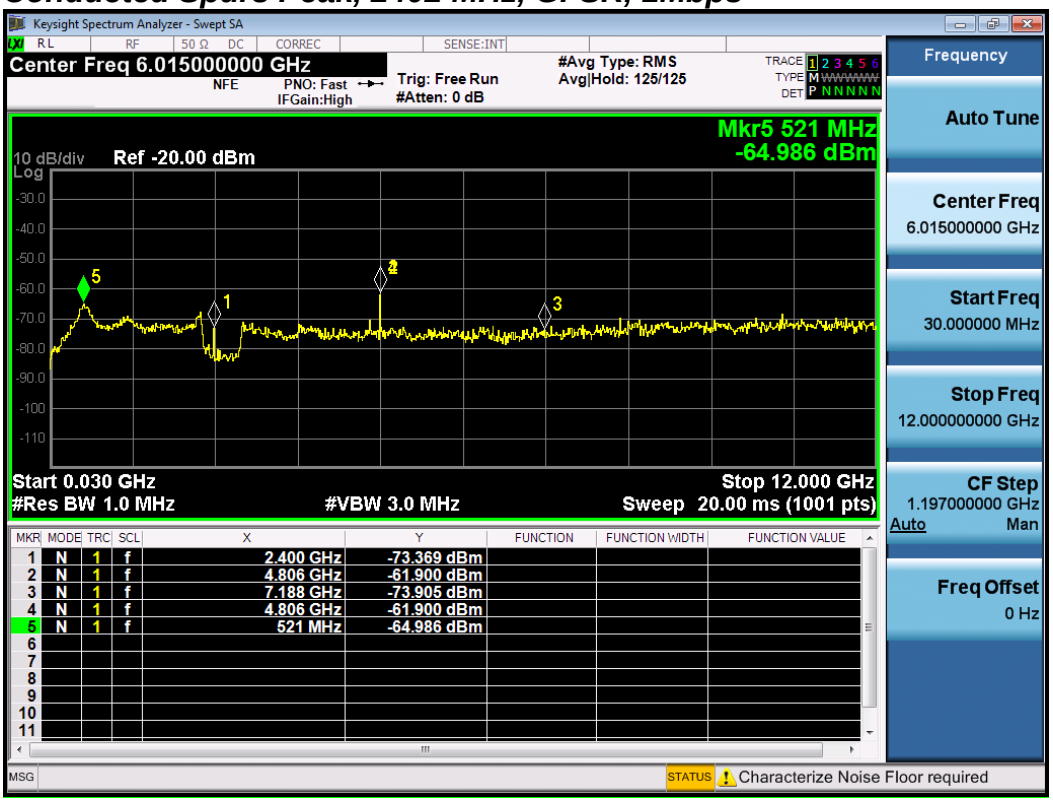
Conducted Spurs Peak, 2402 MHz, GFSK, 1Mbps



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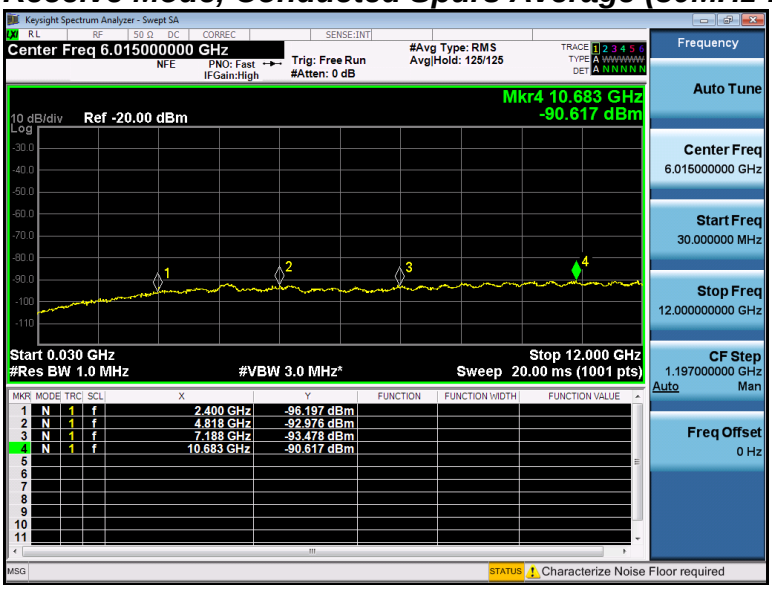
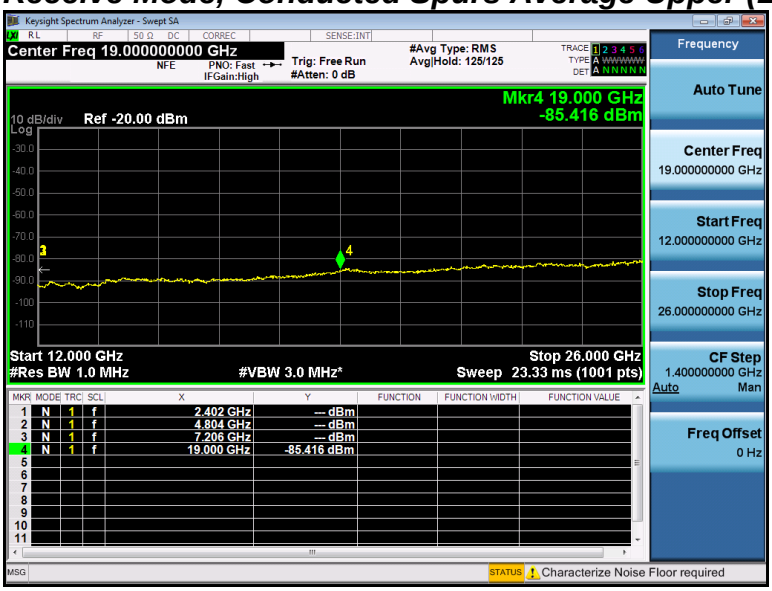
Receive Mode, Conducted Spurs Average (30MHz-12GHz)



Receive Mode, Conducted Spurs Average Upper (12-26GHz)



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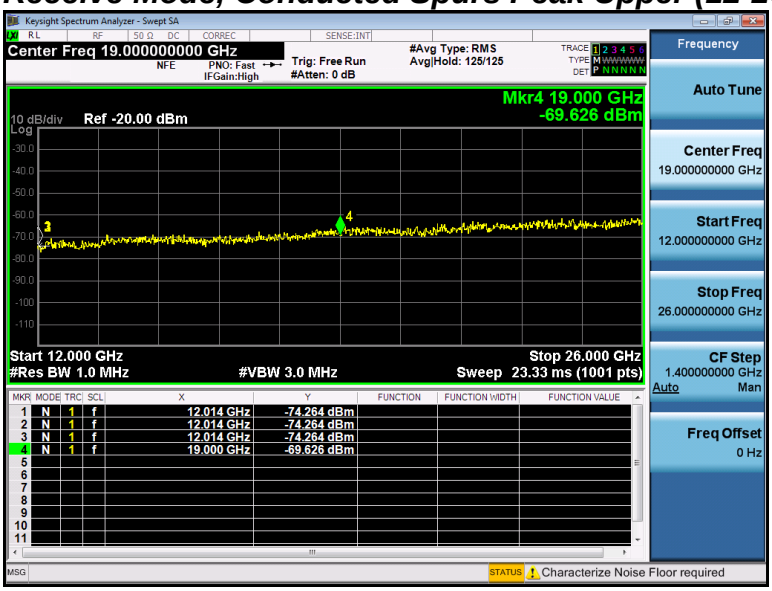
Receive Mode, Conducted Spurs Peak (30MHz-12GHz)

Receive Mode, Conducted Spurs Peak Upper (12-26GHz)



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A.7 Conducted Bandedge (Restricted Band)

Conducted Band Edge Test Requirement

15.247 / LP0002 (2018-01-10) (3.10.1.5) (2.8):
(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

RSS-247
5.5 Unwanted emissions
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

15.205 / RSS-Gen
Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), and RSS-Gen 8.10 must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)) and RSS-Gen 8.9.

Conducted Bandedge Test Method

Ref. KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05 r02
ANSI C63.10: 2013

Conducted Band edge Test Procedure
1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input. 2. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode. Use the procedures in KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v04 to substitute conducted measurements in place of radiated measurements. 3. Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer). 4. Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands. 5. The “measure-and-sum technique” is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. The worst case output is recorded.

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6. Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands 7. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05 r02, section 8.1 c) 3, section 8.6 DTS emissions in restricted frequency bands
ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 11.12.2.4 (Peak) & 11.12.2.5.2 (Average)

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test parameters	
Peak RBW = 1 MHz VBW ≥ 3 MHz Sweep = Auto Detector = Peak Trace = Max Hold.	**Average** RBW = 1 MHz VBW ≥ 3 MHz Sweep = Auto Detector = RMS Power Averaging

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	☑	☐
	Support	NA	☐	☑

Tested By : Johanna Knudsen	**Date of testing:** 09-Oct-19 – 09-Oct-19
Test Result : PASS	

Test Equipment
See Appendix C for list of test equipment

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Restricted Band Average

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	-67.241	-65.241	-41.25	23.99
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	-60.349	-58.349	-41.25	17.10

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	-67.241	-63.241	-41.25	21.99
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	-60.349	-56.349	-41.25	15.10

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Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	-67.241	-61.241	-41.25	19.99
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	-60.349	-54.349	-41.25	13.10

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	-67.241	-54.241	-41.25	12.99
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	-60.349	-47.349	-41.25	6.10

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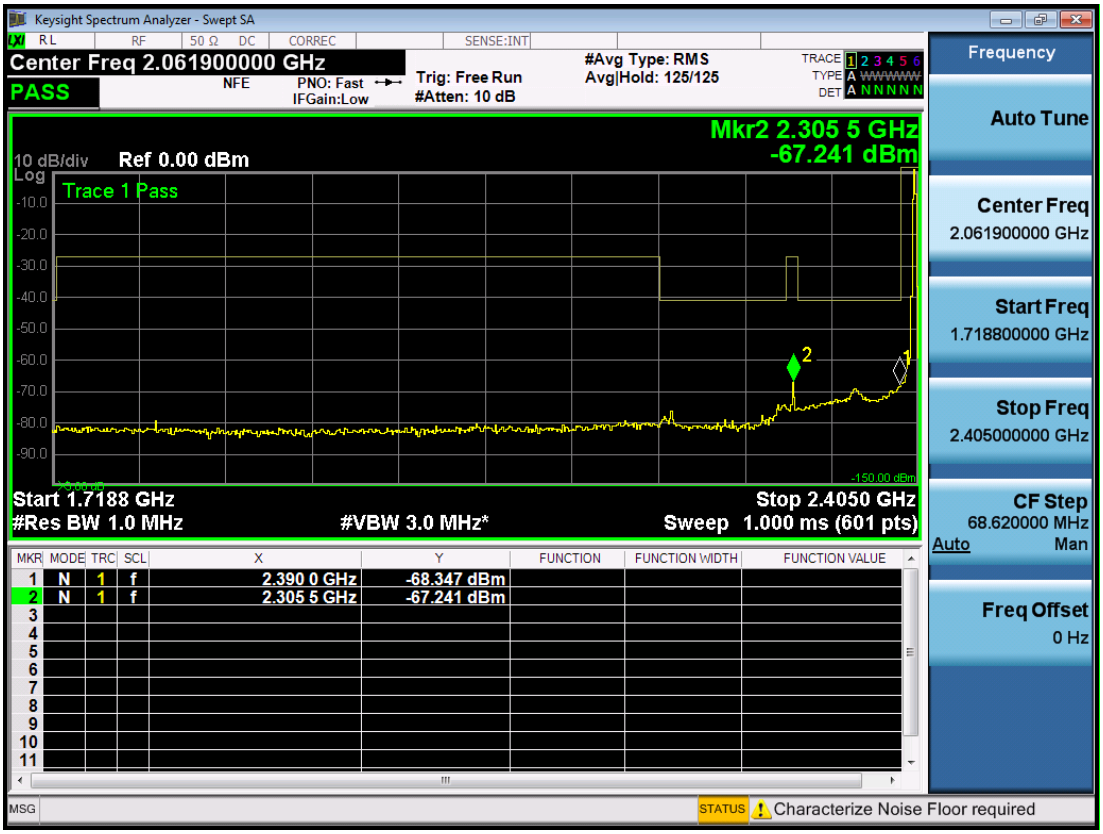
Conducted Bandedge Average, 2402 MHz, GFSK, 1Mbps



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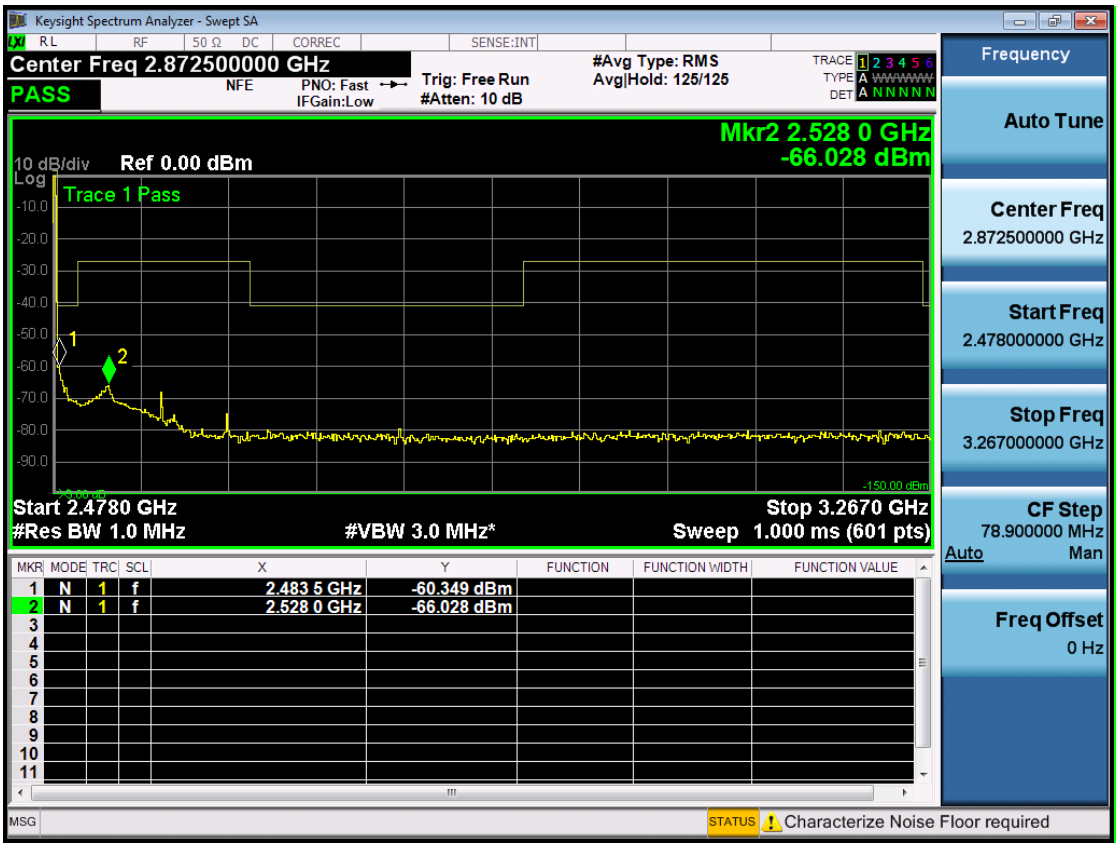
Conducted Bandedge Average, 2480 MHz, GFSK, 1Mbps



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Restricted Band Peak

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	-58.12	-56.12	-21.25	34.87
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	2	-50.911	-48.911	-21.25	27.66

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	-58.12	-54.12	-21.25	32.87
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	4	-50.911	-46.911	-21.25	25.66

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Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	-58.12	-52.12	-21.25	30.87
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	6	-50.911	-44.911	-21.25	23.66

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	-58.12	-45.12	-21.25	23.87
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	13	-50.911	-37.911	-21.25	16.66

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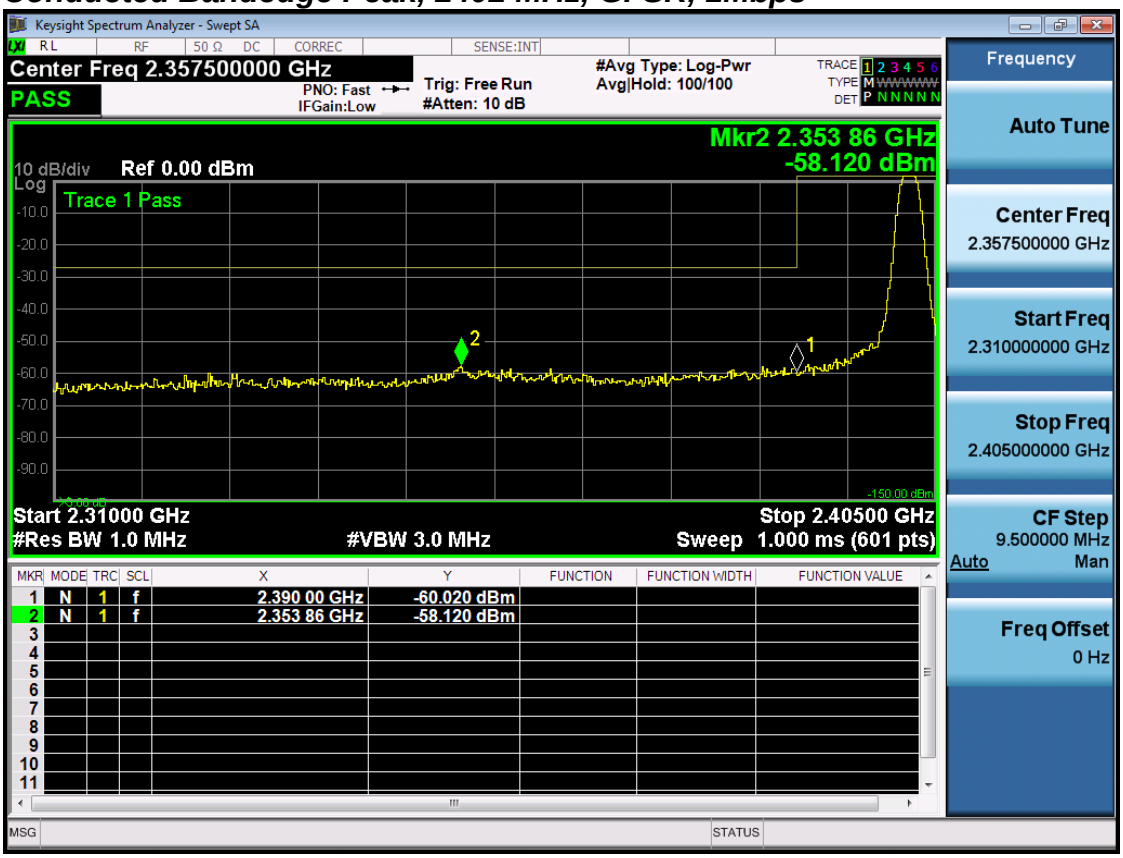
Conducted Bandedge Peak, 2402 MHz, GFSK, 1Mbps



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Conducted Bandedge Peak, 2480 MHz, GFSK, 1Mbps

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A.8 Conducted Bandedge (Non-Restricted Band)

Emissions in non-restricted frequency bands - Test Requirement

15.247 / LP0002 (2018-01-10) (3.10.1.5) (2.8):
(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

RSS-Gen 8.9 Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in Table 4 and Table 5 below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

RSS-Gen 8.10 (**b)** Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted bands of Table 6 shall comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen; and (c) Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands of Table 6 shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in this RSS-Gen.

Emissions in non-restricted frequency bands - Test Method

Ref. KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05 r02
ANSI C63.10: 2013

Emissions in non-restricted frequency bands - Conducted Test Procedure
1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input. 2. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode 3. Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer). 4. Use the marker function to determine the maximum spurs amplitude level. 5. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05 r02 section, 8.5 DTS emissions in non-restricted frequency bands, 8.7 DTS band-edge measurements
ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 11.11.2, 11.11.3

Emissions in non-restricted frequency bands - Conducted Test parameters	
11.11.2 Reference Level measurement Establish a reference level by using the following procedure: a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency. b) Set the span to ≥ 1.5 x *DTS bandwidth*. c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz. d) Set the VBW ≥ 3 x RBW. e) Detector = peak. f) Sweep time = auto couple. g) Trace mode = max hold.	**11.11.3 Emission Level Measurement** a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured. b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz. c) Set the VBW ≥ 3 x RBW. d) Detector = peak. e) Sweep time = auto couple. f) Trace mode = max hold. g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.

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h) Allow trace to fully stabilize. i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.	h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	☑	☐
	Support	NA	☐	☑

Tested By : Johanna Knudsen	**Date of testing:** 09-Oct-19 – 09-Oct-19
Test Result : PASS	

Test Equipment
See Appendix C for list of test equipment

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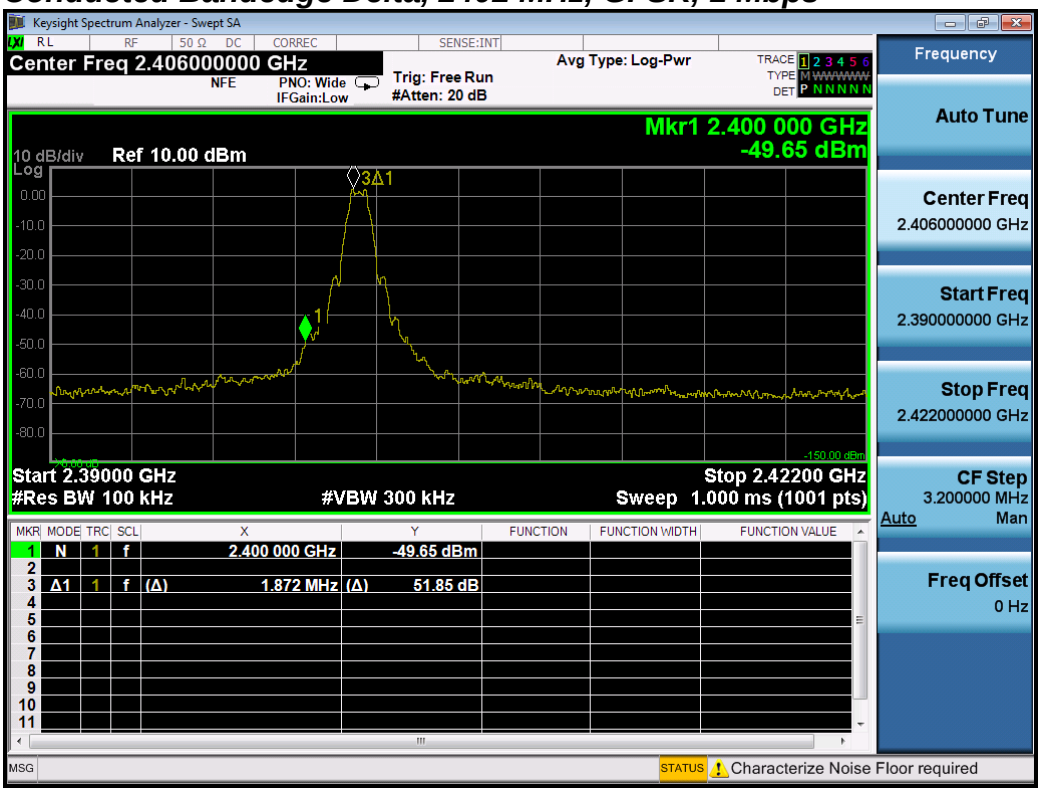
Non-Restricted Band

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Conducted Bandedge Delta (dB)	Limit (dBc)	Margin (dB)
2402	**GFSK, 1 MB/s**	**1**	**51.85**	**>30**	**21.85**
2480	GFSK, 1 MB/s	1	62.65	>30	32.65

Conducted Bandedge Delta, 2402 MHz, GFSK, 1 Mbps



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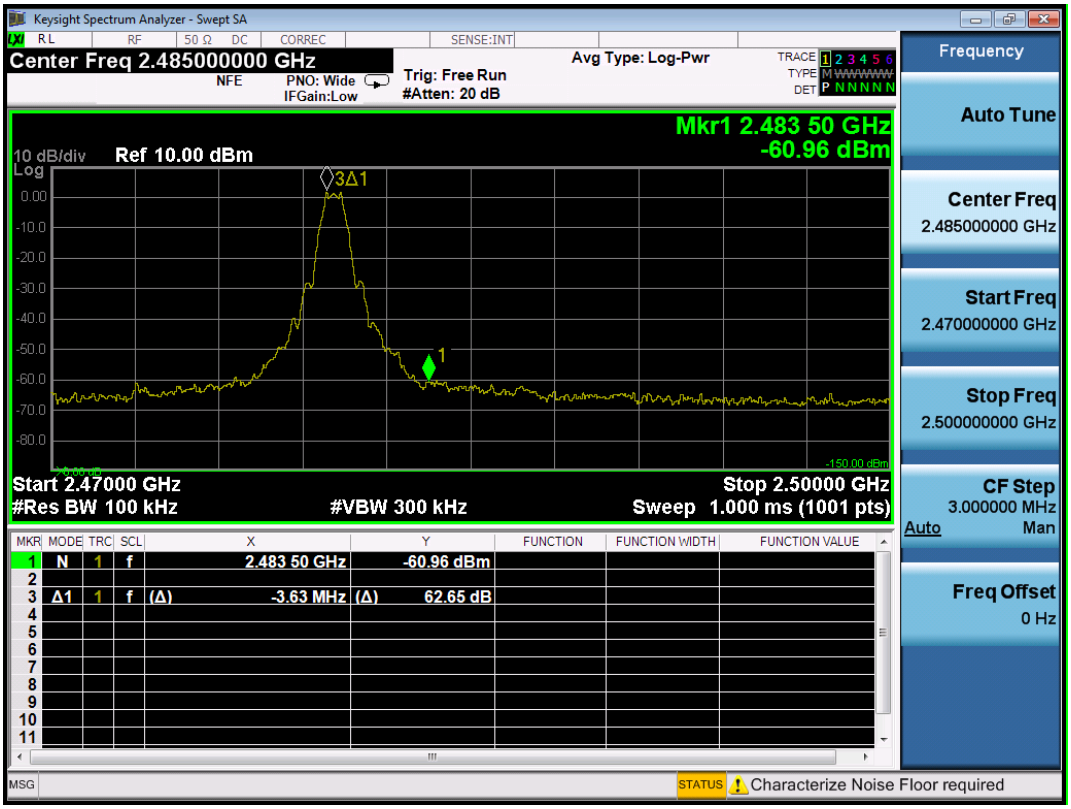
Conducted Bandedge Delta, 2480 MHz, GFSK, 1 Mbps



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Appendix B1: EMC Conducted Emission Test Results

B.1.1 Conducted Emissions on AC Power Line

Not covered by the scope of this test report.

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Appendix B2: Radiated Emission Test Results

Not covered by the scope of this test report.

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Appendix C: List of Test Equipment Used to perform the test

Equip#	Manufacturer/ Model	Description	Last Cal	Next Cal	Test Item
CIS057478	Cisco ATIL	Automation Test Insertion Loss	Cal Not Required		A1 thru A8
CIS055096	National Instruments PXI-1042Q	Chassis	Cal Not Required		A1 thru A8
CIS057239	National Instruments PXI-8115	Embedded Controller	Cal Not Required		A1 thru A8
CIS057250	National Instruments PXI-2796	40 GHz Dual 6x1 Multiplexer (SP6T)	Cal Not Required		A1 thru A8
CIS056093	National Instruments PXI-2796	40 GHz Dual 6x1 Multiplexer (SP6T)	Cal Not Required		A1 thru A8
CIS057251	National Instruments PXI-2799	Switch 1x1	Cal Not Required		A1 thru A8
CIS053615	Agilent N9030A-550	PXA Signal Analyzer, 3Hz to 50GHz	3-Apr-19	3-Apr-20	A1 thru A8
CIS051636	Keysight N5182B	MXG X-Series RF Vector Signal Generator	30-Aug-19	30-Aug-20	A1 thru A8
CIS007329	Omega CT485B	Chart Recorder	18-Feb-19	18-Feb-20	A1 thru A8
CIS056329	Pasternack PE5019-1	Torque wrench	28-Feb-19	28-Feb-20	A1 thru A8
CIS049389	Rohde & Schwarz NRP2	Power Meter	25-Nov-19	25-Nov-20	A1 thru A8

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Appendix D: Abbreviation Key and Definitions

The following table defines abbreviations used within this test report.

Abbreviation	Description	Abbreviation	Description
EMC	Electro Magnetic Compatibility	°F	Degrees Fahrenheit
EMI	Electro Magnetic Interference	°C	Degrees Celsius
EUT	Equipment Under Test	Temp	Temperature
ITE	Information Technology Equipment	S/N	Serial Number
TAP	Test Assessment Schedule	Qty	Quantity
ESD	Electro Static Discharge	emf	Electromotive force
EFT	Electric Fast Transient	RMS	Root mean square
EDCS	Engineering Document Control System	Qp	Quasi Peak
Config	Configuration	Av	Average
CIS#	Cisco Number (unique identification number for Cisco test equipment)	Pk	Peak
Cal	Calibration	kHz	Kilohertz ($1x10^3$)
EN	European Norm	MHz	MegaHertz ($1x10^6$)
IEC	International Electro technical Commission	GHz	Gigahertz ($1x10^9$)
CISPR	International Special Committee on Radio Interference	H	Horizontal
CDN	Coupling/Decoupling Network	V	Vertical
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network	dB	decibel
PE	Protective Earth	V	Volt
GND	Ground	kV	Kilovolt ($1x10^3$)
L1	Line 1	µV	Microvolt ($1x10^{-6}$)
L2	Line2	A	Amp
L3	Line 3	µA	Micro Amp ($1x10^{-6}$)
DC	Direct Current	mS	Milli Second ($1x10^{-3}$)
RAW	Uncorrected measurement value, as indicated by the measuring device	µS	Micro Second ($1x10^{-6}$)
RF	Radio Frequency	µS	Micro Second ($1x10^{-6}$)
SLCE	Signal Line Conducted Emissions	m	Meter
Meas dist	Measurement distance	Spec dist	Specification distance
N/A or NA	Not Applicable	SL	Signal Line (or Telecom Line)
P	Power Line	L	Live Line
N	Neutral Line	R	Return
S	Supply	AC	Alternating Current

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Appendix E: Photographs of Test Setups

EUT Photos have been omitted from this test report. Photos can be found in the supplementary exhibit included in the submission and EDCS# 18337365.

Appendix F: Software Used to Perform Testing

Cisco Internal LabView Radio Test Automation Software – RF Automation Main rev57

Appendix G: Test Procedures

Measurements were made in accordance with

- KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02
- ANSI C63.4 2014 Unintentional Radiators
- ANSI C63.10 2013 Intentional Radiators

Test procedures are summarized below

FCC 2.4GHz Test Procedures, RF conducted measurements	EDCS # 1445042
FCC 2.4GHz Test Procedures, CE on AC lines	EDCS # 79244

Appendix H: Scope of Accreditation (A2LA certificate number 1178-01)

The scope of accreditation of Cisco Systems, Inc. can be found on the A2LA web page at:

http://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/1178-01.pdf

Appendix I: Test Assessment Plan

Compliance Test Plan (Excel) EDCS# 18216607
Radio Test Plan: EDCS# 18486508

Appendix J: Worst Case Justification

N/A

Appendix K: UUT Software Info

Cisco AP Software, (ap1g6a), [sjc-ads-2610:/nobackup/rthangac/work/gh_c8_20sep/router]
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
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Compiled Mon Sep 23 05:43:03 PDT 2019

ROM: Bootstrap program is U-Boot boot loader
BOOTLDR: U-Boot boot loader Version 115

End

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