



AT Commands Interface Guide

AirPrime HL7538



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>> 1. Introduction

This document presents the AT Command set for the AirPrime HL7538 module.

1.1. Reference Configuration

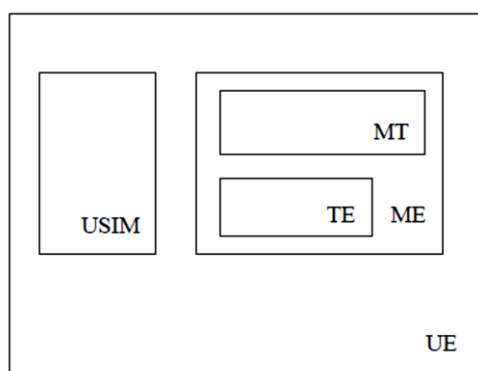


Figure 1. Reference Configuration

The User Equipment (UE) consists of the mobile equipment (ME) and the (U)SIM messages may be stored in either, but the present document does not distinguish between messages stored in the (U)SIM or in the ME. The management of message storage in the two parts of the UE is a matter for the UE implementation.

1.2. AT Command Principles

The "AT" or "at" prefix must be set at the beginning of each line. To terminate a command line, a <CR> character must be inserted.

Commands are usually followed by a response that includes '<CR><LF><response><CR><LF>'. Throughout this document, only the responses are indicated, the <CR> and <LF> characters are omitted intentionally.

Four kinds of extended AT commands are implemented:

Command Type	Syntax	Definition
Test Command	AT+CXXX=?	The equipment returns the list of parameters and values ranges set with the corresponding Write command or by internal processes
Read Command	AT+CXXX?	This command returns the currently set value of parameters
Write Command	AT+CXXX=<...>	This command sets user-related parameter values
Execution command	AT+CXXX	The execution command reads non-variable parameters affected by internal processes in the equipment

1.2.1. Parameters

In this document, the default parameters are underlined and the optional parameters are enclosed in square brackets.

Optional parameters or sub-parameters can be omitted unless they are followed by other parameters. A parameter in the middle of a string can be omitted by replacing it with a comma.

When the parameter is a character string, the string must be enclosed in quotation marks.

All space characters will be ignored when using strings without quotation marks.

1.2.2. Answers and Responses

There is always an answer sent by the TA to an AT Command line (except the very special case of a TA setup for no answer, see ATQ).

The answer is always terminated by an indication of success or failure. However, regarding the setup of the TA (by AT Commands), the message may be different.

Classical messages

OK or **ERROR**

Extended Error message (see AT+CMEE)

+CME ERROR: <n>

(See Appendix for the different values for <n>)

Numeric Mode (see ATV)

<n> with: <n> = 0 ⇔ OK or <n> is an error code

1.2.3. Multiple AT Commands on the Same Command Line

You may enter several AT commands on the same line. This eliminates the need to type the "AT" or "at" prefix before each command and to wait for the answer for each command. The main advantage is to avoid losing bandwidth on the link between DTE and the Module.

There is no separator between two basic commands but a semi-colon character is necessary between two extended commands (prefix +). The command line buffer accepts a maximum of 391 characters. If this number is exceeded none of the commands will be executed and TA returns ERROR.

If a command is not supported, then the treatment of the line is stopped (i.e. the following ones are not treated) and an error message is returned.

Example:

Command: **ATZ&K3+CBST=7,0,1;+CBST?**

Answer: **+CBST=7,0,1**

OK

1.2.4. AT Commands on Separate Lines

When you enter a series of AT commands on *separate* lines, it is strongly advised to leave a pause between the preceding and the following command until the final answer (OK or Error message) appears. This avoids sending too many AT commands at a time without waiting for a response for each.

1.3. Unsolicited Result Codes (URCs)

Unsolicited result codes (URCs) are sent simultaneously to all the channels (USB/UART) configured in AT commands mode.

URCs are not sent to channels configured in Data/NMEA/Traces modes.

In sleep mode URCs wake up the module and are sent to the AT commands channels.

1.4. Document Modification

The commands described in this document are only to be used for usual AT commands use.

The information provided for the commands are subject to change without notice.

1.5. Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Definition
ACM	Accumulated Call Meter
ADC	Analog Digital Converter
ADN	Abbreviated Dialing Number (Phonebook)
AMR	Adaptive Multi-Rate
AMR-FR	AMR Full Rate (full rate speech version 3)
AMR-HR	AMR Half Rate (half rate speech version 3)
AOC	Advice Of Charge
APN	Access Point Name
ARN	Address Resolution Protocol
ARFCN	Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
AT	Attention; Hayes Standard AT command set
BCCH	Broadcast Channel
BER	Bit Err Rate
BM	Broadcast Message Storage
CBM	Cell Broadcast Message
CB	Cell Broadcast
CCK	Corporate Control Key
CCM	Current Call Meter
CHV	Card Holder Verification
CHAP	Challenge handshake Authentication Protocol
CI	Cell Identifier
CLI	Client Line Identification
CNL	Cooperative Network List
CODEC	Coder Decoder
COLP	Connected Line Identification Presentation
CPHS	Common PCN Handset Specification
CPU	Central Processing Unit

Abbreviation	Definition
CSD	Circuit Switched Data
CSP	Customer Service Profile
CTM	Cellular Text telephone Modem
CTS	Clear To Send signal
CUG	Closed User Group
DAC	Digital to Analog Converter
DTR	Data Terminal Ready
DCS	Digital Cellular System
DCE	Data Circuit Equipment
DCD	Data Carrier Detect
DLC	Data Link Connection
DLCI	Data Link Connection Identifier
DM	Device Management
DNS	Domain Name System
DSR	Data Set Ready
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi-Frequency
DTR	Data Terminal Ready
ECC	Emergency Call Codes
ECM	Error Correction Mode
ECT	Explicit Call Transfer
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for GSM Evolution
EEPROM	Electrically Erasable Programming Only Memory
EF	Elementary Files
EFR	Enhanced Full Rate (full rate speech version 2)
EGPRS	Enhanced GPRS
ENS	Enhanced Network Selection
E-ONS	Enhanced Operator Name Service
ERMES	European Radio Messaging System
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
FD	FIFO depth
FDN	Fixed Dialing Number (Phonebook)
FR	Full Rate (full rate speech version 1)
GERAN	GSM EDGE Radio Access Network
GPIO	General Purpose Input Output
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service
GSM	Global System for Mobile communication
HDLC	High-level Data Link Control
HFR	High Frequency Regeneration
HLR	Home Location Register
HR	Half Rate (half rate speech version 1)
ID	Identifier
IETF	Internet Engineering Task Force

Abbreviation	Definition
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
IN/OUT/IN_OUT	In, out or In Out
I/O	Input/Output
IP	Internet Protocol
LAC	Local Area Code
LED	Light Emitting Diode
LND	Last Number Dialed
LP	Language Preferred
LPI	Lines Per Inch
M	Mandatory
MCC	Mobile Country Code
ME	Mobile Equipment
MMI	Man Machine Interface
MNC	Mobile Network Code
MNP	Microcom Networking Protocol
MO	Mobile Originated
MOC	Mobile Originated Call (outgoing call)
MS	Mobile Station
MSB	Most Significant Bit
MSISDN	Mobile Station International ISDN Number
MT	Mobile Terminal
MTC	Mobile Terminated Call (incoming call)
N.A.	Not applicable
NCK	Network Control Key
NITZ	Network Information and Time Zone
NSCK	Network Subset Control Key
NTC	Negative Temperature Coefficient
N.U.	Not used
O	Optional
OA	Outgoing Access
OPL	Operator PLMN List
OS	Operating System
OTA	Over the Air
PAD	Portable Application Description
PAP	Password Authentication Protocol
PC	Personal Computer
PCCP	PC character set Code Page
PCK	Personalization Control Key
PCL	Power Control Level
PCM	Protection Circuit Module
PCN	Personal Communication Network
PCS 1900	Personal Communication Service

Abbreviation	Definition
PDP	Packet Data Protocol
PDU	Protocol Description Unit
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Networks
PNN	PLMN Network Name
PPP	Point-to-Point Protocol/Peer to Peer
PSTN	Public Switched Telephone Network
PTS	Product Technical Specification
PUCT	Price per Unit and Currency Table
PUK	PIN Unlock Key
PWM	Pulse Width Modulation
QoS	Quality of Service
RAM	Random Access Memory
RDMS	Remote Device Management Services
RI	Ring Indicator
RIL	Radio Interface Layer
RLP	Radio Link Protocol
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indication
RTS	Ready To Send signal
RX	Reception
SAP	Service Access Point
SC	Service Center
SDU	Service Data Unit
SIM	Subscriber Information Module
SMSR	Short Message Status Report
SMS	Short Message Service
SS	Supplementary Services
SPCK	Service Provider Control Key
SPN	Service Provider Name
STK	SIM ToolKit
SVN	Software Version Number
TA	Terminal Adaptor
TBF	Temporary Block Flow
TE	Terminal Equipment
TTY	Teletype
TON/NPI	Type Of Number/Numbering Plan Identification
TX	Transmission
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter
UCS2	Universal Character Set 2 Character table (2-byte coding)
UDUB	User Determined User Busy
UIH	Unnumbered Information with Header check
USB	Universal Serial Bus
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data

>> 2. V25ter AT Commands

2.1. +++ Command: Switch from Data Mode to Command Mode

HL7538	
Execute command	
<u>Syntax</u> +++	<u>Response</u> OK
<u>Reference</u> V.25Ter	<u>Notes</u> • This command is only available during data mode. The +++ character sequence suspends the data flow over the AT interface and switches to command mode. This allows entering AT commands while maintaining the data connection to the remote device. • To return to data mode, use the ATO[n] command. • Line needs one second silence before and one second after (do not end with terminating character). • The +++ characters are not transmitted in the data flow.

2.2. A/ Command: Repeat Previous Command Line

HL7538	
Execute command	
<u>Syntax</u> A/	<u>Response</u> Depend on the previous command
<u>Reference</u> V.25Ter	<u>Notes</u> Line does not need to end with terminating character.

2.3. O Command: Switch from Command Mode to Data Mode

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> ATO[<n>]	<u>Response</u> TA returns to data mode from command mode: CONNECT <text>

HL7538	
	If connection is not successfully resumed: NO CARRIER <u>Parameter</u> <n> 0 Switch from command mode to data mode 1-200 Session ID; see section 11 Protocol Specific Commands
<u>Reference</u> V.25Ter	<u>Notes</u> ATO is the alternative command to the +++ escape sequence described in Chapter 2.1. When a data call has been established and TA is in command mode, ATO causes the TA to resume the data connection and return to data mode.

2.4. E Command: Enable Echo Command

HL7538	
<u>Execute command</u> <u>Syntax</u> ATE[<value>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <value> 0 Echo OFF 1 Echo ON
<u>Notes</u>	This setting determines whether or not the TA echoes characters received from TE during the command state.

2.5. Q Command: Set Result Code Presentation Mode

HL7538	
<u>Execute command</u> <u>Syntax</u> ATQ[<n>]	<u>Response</u> OK (if <n> = 0) Nothing (if <n> = 1) <u>Parameter</u> <n> 0 Result codes transmitted by TA 1 No result codes transmitted by TA
<u>Notes</u>	Specifies whether or not the TA transmits any result code to the TE. Information text transmitted in response is not affected by this setting.

2.6. S0 Command: Set Number of Rings before Automatic Call Answering

HL7538	
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> ATS0?	<u>Response</u> <n> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> ATS0=<n>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <n> 0 Automatic answering deactivated 1 – 255 Number of rings before automatically answering
<u>Notes</u>	Automatic call answering doesn't work in data mode (after any CONNECT); incoming calls are not automatically answered in data mode.

2.7. S4 Command: Set Response Formatting Character

HL7538	
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> ATS4?	<u>Response</u> <n> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> ATS4=<n>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <n> 10 Response formatting character <LF>: line feed
<u>Notes</u>	This parameter determines the character recognized by TA to terminate answer line (10 = <LF> by default); it cannot be changed.

2.8. S7 Command: Set Delay for Connection Completion

HL7538	
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> ATS7?	<u>Response</u> <n> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> ATS7=<n>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <n> 1 – 255 Number of second to wait for connection completion

2.9. V Command: TA Response Format

HL7538	
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> ATV[<i>value</i>]	<u>Response</u> In case of information responses the format is: for V0: <text><CR><LF> for V1: <CR><LF><text><CR><LF> In case of result codes the format is: for V0: <numeric code><CR> for V1: <CR><LF><verbose code><CR><LF> or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <value> 0 Short result code format: <numeric code> 1 Long result code format: <verbose code>

2.10. X Command: Result Code Selection and Call Progress Monitoring Control

HL7538																
<i>Write command</i>																
<u>Syntax</u> ATX[<value>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <table><tr><td><value></td><td>0</td><td>CONNECT result code only returned, dial tone and busy detection are both disabled</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>CONNECT<text> result code only returned, dial tone and busy detection are both disabled</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>2</td><td>CONNECT<text> result code returned, dial tone detection is enabled, busy detection is disabled</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>3</td><td>CONNECT<text> result code returned, dial tone detection is disabled, busy detection is enabled</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>4</td><td>CONNECT<text> result code returned, dial tone and busy detection are both enabled</td></tr></table>	<value>	0	CONNECT result code only returned, dial tone and busy detection are both disabled		1	CONNECT<text> result code only returned, dial tone and busy detection are both disabled		2	CONNECT<text> result code returned, dial tone detection is enabled, busy detection is disabled		3	CONNECT<text> result code returned, dial tone detection is disabled, busy detection is enabled		4	CONNECT<text> result code returned, dial tone and busy detection are both enabled
<value>	0	CONNECT result code only returned, dial tone and busy detection are both disabled														
	1	CONNECT<text> result code only returned, dial tone and busy detection are both disabled														
	2	CONNECT<text> result code returned, dial tone detection is enabled, busy detection is disabled														
	3	CONNECT<text> result code returned, dial tone detection is disabled, busy detection is enabled														
	4	CONNECT<text> result code returned, dial tone and busy detection are both enabled														
<u>Notes</u>	This command defines the result code to be returned, as well as sets the dial tone or busy detection features.															

2.11. &C Command: Set Data Carrier Detect (DCD) Function Mode

HL7538		
Execute command		
<u>Syntax</u> AT&C<value>	<u>Response</u> OK	
	<u>Parameter</u> <value>	0 DCD line is always active 1 DCD line is active in the presence of data carrier only
<u>Reference</u> V.25Ter	<u>Notes</u> DCD/AT&C is only applicable to the USB AT port; it has no effect on UART1.	

2.12. &D Command: Set Data Terminal Ready (DTR) Function Mode

HL7538										
<i>Execute command</i>										
<u>Syntax</u> AT&D<value>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <table><tr><td><value></td><td>0</td><td>TA ignores status on DTR</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>DTR drop from active to inactive: Change to command mode while retaining the connected data call</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>2</td><td>DTR drop from active to inactive: Disconnect data call, change to command mode. During state DTR inactive auto-answer is off</td></tr></table>	<value>	0	TA ignores status on DTR		1	DTR drop from active to inactive: Change to command mode while retaining the connected data call		2	DTR drop from active to inactive: Disconnect data call, change to command mode. During state DTR inactive auto-answer is off
<value>	0	TA ignores status on DTR								
	1	DTR drop from active to inactive: Change to command mode while retaining the connected data call								
	2	DTR drop from active to inactive: Disconnect data call, change to command mode. During state DTR inactive auto-answer is off								
<u>Reference</u> V.25Ter	<u>Notes</u> • AT&D only applies to data calls. • DTR/AT&D is only applicable to USB AT port, and it has no effect for UART1.									

2.13. &F Command: Restore Factory Settings

HL7538	
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT&F[<value>]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <value> 0 or Omitted Restore STORED PROFILE 0 and 1 to factory settings
<u>Reference</u> V.25Ter	<u>Notes</u> This command also restores the factory settings to the active profile.
<u>Examples</u>	AT&F OK AT&F0 OK AT&F1 ERROR

2.14. &V Command: Display Current Configuration

HL7538	
<i>Execute command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT&V[<value>]	<u>Response</u> ACTIVE PROFILE: <current configuration> STORED PROFILE 0: <user default configuration> STORED PROFILE 1: <manufactory configuration> OK <u>Parameter</u> <value> <u>0</u> Profile number
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - At startup, the latest profile stored with AT&W is restored to the active profile (no restoration if AT&W has not been used). - The configuration is a text string on multiple lines as shown in the example below. This string may vary depending on the manufactory, the product and the user setup.
<u>Example</u>	E1 Q0 V1 X0 &C1 &D1 &S0 &K0 +FCLASS0 S00:0 S01:0 S04:10 S07:255 This command indicates the result of certain actions as shown below: <pre> graph TD AP[Active Profile] -- ATZ --> SP[Stored profile] SP -- AT&W --> AP DS[Default Settings] -- AT&F --> AP </pre>

2.15. &K Command: Flow Control Option

HL7538	
<i>Execute command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT&K<mode>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <mode> <u>0</u> Disable all flow control 3 Enable bi-directional hardware flow control
<u>Reference</u> V.25ter	<u>Notes</u> - Use AT&V0 to display the current flow control setting. - Sierra Wireless recommends the use of the hardware flow control. - AT&K3 hardware flow control is effective only for UART1 and +KSLEEP=2 (UART is always ON), it has no effect for USB AT port.

2.16. &S Command: DSR Option

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT&S [<override>]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <override> <u>0</u> or omitted DSR signal always ON (0 is the default value) 1 DSR signal always OFF
<u>Reference</u> V.25Ter	<u>Notes</u> This is a dummy command and has no effect on the DSR signal.

2.17. &W Command: Save Stored Profile

HL7538	
<i>Execute command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT&W[<value>]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <value> 0 or Omitted Save in STORED PROFILE 0 1 Save in STORED PROFILE 1
<u>Reference</u> V.25Ter	<u>Notes</u> This command saves the current configuration in a non-erasable place.
<u>Example</u>	AT&W OK // Save current configuration to Profile 0 AT&W0 OK // Save current configuration to Profile 0 AT&W1 OK // Save current configuration to Profile 1

2.18. IPR Command: Set Fixed Local/DTE Rate

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+IPR=?	<u>Response</u> +IPR: (list of supported auto detectable <rate> values)[,(list of fixed only <rate> values)] OK
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+IPR?	<u>Response</u> +IPR: <baud_rate> OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+IPR= <baud_rate>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <baud_rate> <u>115200</u> (default value) 300, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 230400, 460800, 500000, 750000, 921600, 1843200, 3000000, 3250000, 6000000
<u>Notes</u>	• Not all listed rates may be available as they depend on the target. • The full range of data rate values may be reduced depending on hardware or other criteria. • <baud_rate> is only used for the UART port; the USB port is always in auto.

>> 3. General AT Commands

3.1. I Command: Request Identification Information

HL7538	
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> ATI[<value>]	<u>Response</u> If <value> = 0 or omitted: <model> OK If <value> = 1: <short version name> OK If <value> = 3: <version name> OK If <value> = 4: <fuse state> OK If <value> = 9: <version name> <model> <short version name> <chipset> <fuse state> <build date & time> <source rev> OK If <value> = 10: Modem-Firmware: <version name> <model> <short version name> <chipset> <fuse state> <build date & time> <source rev> Primary-Boot: <version name> <build date & time> <source rev>

HL7538	
	Secondary-Boot: <version name> <build date & time> <source rev> Update-Agent: <version name> <build date & time> <source rev> 4G-Firmware: <4G FW version name> 3G-Firmware: <4G FW version name> OK <u>Parameters</u> <model> Model identifier <version name> Firmware version For example: AHL7538_TEST.1.0.153600.201505291614.x7160_1<...> (for test firmware) AHL7538.1.0.153600.201511241810.x7160_1.<...> (for official firmware) <short version name> Short version of the firmware name For example: HL7538_TEST.1.0 (for test firmware) HL7538.1.0 (for official firmware) <4G FW version name> 4G Firmware version string <3G FW version name> 3G Firmware version string <chipset> Chipset name <build date & time> Souce code build time in format YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS <source rev> Source code revision in version control <fuse state> Fuse state information FUSED Fused module NON-FUSED Non-fused module
<u>Reference</u> V.25ter	<u>Notes</u> See also AT+CGMR.
<u>Examples</u>	ATI HL7538 OK ATI0 HL7538 OK

HL7538

For testing purpose firmware, TEST given in the version name

ATI3

AHL7538_TEST.1.0.153600.201505291614.x7160_1

OK

Examples on official firmware,

ATI1

HL7538.1.0

OK

ATI3

AHL7538.1.0.153600.201511241810.x7160_1

OK

For fused module

ATI4

FUSED

OK

ATI9

AHL7538.1.0.153600.201511241810.x7160_1

HL7538

HL7538.1.0

x7160

FUSED

2015-11-24 18:10:16

r212

OK

ATI10

Modem-Firmware:

AHL7538.1.0.153600.201511241810.x7160_1

HL7538

HL7538.1.0

x7160

FUSED

2015-11-24 18:10:16

r212

Primary-Boot:

AHL7538.1.0.0200151028.201511241810.x7160_1

2015-11-24 18:10:16

r185

Secondary-Boot:

AHL7538.1.0.0200151028.201511241810.x7160_1

2015-11-24 18:10:16

r185

Update-Agent:

AHL7538.1.0.0200151028.201511241810.x7160_1

2015-11-24 18:10:16

r212

4G-Firmware:

7160.S3.561.16.3.531.05.0013

HL7538

3G-Firmware:
202.444.125.43-54.35
OK

For non-fused module
ATI4
NON-FUSED
OK

ATI9
AHL7538.2.3.153600.201511241810.x7160_1
HL7538
HL7538.2.3
x7160
NON-FUSED
2015-11-24 18:10:16
r212
OK

ATI10
Modem-Firmware:
AHL7538.1.0.153600.201511241810.x7160_1
HL7538
HL7538.1.0
x7160
NON-FUSED
2015-11-24 18:10:16
r212

Primary-Boot:
AHL7538.1.0.0200151028.201511241810.x7160_1
2015-11-24 18:10:16
r185

Secondary-Boot:
AHL7538.1.0.0200151028.201511241810.x7160_1
2015-11-24 18:10:16
r185

Update-Agent:
AHL7538.1.0.0200151028.201511241810.x7160_1
2015-11-24 18:10:16
r212

4G-Firmware:
7160.S3.561.16.3.531.05.0013

3G-Firmware:
202.444.125.43-54.35
OK

3.2. Z Command: Reset and Restore User Configuration

HL7538		
<i>Execute command</i>		
<u>Syntax</u> ATZ<value>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err>	
	<u>Parameter</u>	
	<value>	<u>0</u> Reset and restore user configuration with profile 0
		1 Reset and restore user configuration with profile 1

3.3. +CGMI Command: Request Manufacturer Identification

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGMI=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGMI	<u>Response</u> (manufacturer identification text) OK
<u>Reference</u> [27.007] § 5.1	<u>Example</u> AT+CGMI Sierra Wireless OK

3.4. +CGMM Command: Request Model Identification

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGMM=?	<u>Response</u> OK

HL7538	
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGMM	<u>Response</u> <mode> OK <u>Parameter</u> <model> Model identifier
<u>Reference</u> [27.007] § 5.2	<u>Example</u> AT+CGMM HL7538 OK

3.5. +CGMR Command: Request Revision Identification

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGMR=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGMR	<u>Response</u> (model revision identification text) OK
<u>Reference</u> [27.007] § 5.3	<u>Notes</u> The (model revision identification text) could be: AHL7538_TEST.1.0.153600.201505291614.x7160_1 or AHL7538.1.0.153600.201511241810.x7160_1

3.6. +CGSN Command: Request Product Serial Number Identification (IMEI)

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGSN?	<u>Response</u> OK

HL7538	
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGSN	<u>Response</u> <IMEI> (identification text for determination of the individual ME) OK
<u>Reference</u> V.25ter	<u>Notes</u> - This command can work with or without a SIM card. - See also AT+KGSN, AT+GSN.

3.7. +KGSN Command: Request Product Serial Number and Software Version

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KGSN=?	<u>Response</u> +KGSN: (list of supported <number type>s) OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KGSN= <number type>	<u>Response</u> If <number type> = 0: +KGSN: <IMEI> OK If <number type> = 1: +KGSN: <IMEISV> OK If <number type> = 2: +KGSN: <IMEISV_STR> OK If <number type> = 3: +KGSN: <FSN> OK If <number type> = 4: +KGSN: <FSN-BB> OK <u>Parameters</u> <IMEI> 15 digits IMEI (8 digits for TAC + 6 digits for SNR + 1 check digit) <IMEISV> 16 digits IMEISV (8 digits for TAC + 6 digits for SNR + 2 SVN digits) <IMEISV_STR> Formatted string : <15 digits>-<Check digit> SV: <Software version>

HL7538	
	<FSN> 14 digits Serial Number <FSN-BB> 16 digits Serial Number + BB
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> This command has been developed to provide the IMEI SV and Serial Number through an AT Command and it can work with or without SIM card.
<u>Examples</u>	AT+KGSN=0 +KGSN: 351578000023006 OK AT+KGSN=1 +KGSN: 3515780000230001 OK AT+KGSN=2 +KGSN: 35157800002300-6 SV:01 OK AT+KGSN=3 +KGSN: 0123456789ABCD OK AT+KGSN=4 +KGSN: 0123456789ABCD01 OK

3.8. +HWREV Command: Request Hardware Revision

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+HWREV=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+HWREV?	<u>Response</u> Hardware revision: X.Y OK <u>Parameter</u> X.Y These are the HH numbers in FSN (returned by TTYWWDNNNNPPHH-BB)
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> This command works with or without a SIM card.

HL7538	
<u>Example</u>	// Assuming FSN=TTYWWDNNNNPP01-BB AT+HWREV? Hardware revision: 0.1 OK

3.9. +CSCS Command: Set TE Character Set

HL7538									
<i>Test command</i>									
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSCS=?	<u>Response</u> +CSCS: (list of supported <vail>s) OK								
<i>Read command</i>									
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSCS?	<u>Response</u> +CSCS: <vail> OK or +CME ERROR: <err>								
<i>Write command</i>									
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSCS= [<vail>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <table> <tr> <td><vail> "GSM"</td><td>GSM default alphabet (3GPP TS 23.038)</td></tr> <tr> <td>"HEX"</td><td>Character strings only consist of hexadecimal numbers from 00 to FF. For example, "032FE6" equals three 8-bit characters with decimal values 3, 47 and 230. No conversions to the original MT character set shall be done</td></tr> <tr> <td>"IRA"</td><td>International reference alphabet (ITU-T T.50)</td></tr> <tr> <td>"UCS2"</td><td>16-bit universal multiple-octet coded character set (ISO/IEC 10646)</td></tr> </table>	<vail> "GSM"	GSM default alphabet (3GPP TS 23.038)	"HEX"	Character strings only consist of hexadecimal numbers from 00 to FF. For example, "032FE6" equals three 8-bit characters with decimal values 3, 47 and 230. No conversions to the original MT character set shall be done	"IRA"	International reference alphabet (ITU-T T.50)	"UCS2"	16-bit universal multiple-octet coded character set (ISO/IEC 10646)
<vail> "GSM"	GSM default alphabet (3GPP TS 23.038)								
"HEX"	Character strings only consist of hexadecimal numbers from 00 to FF. For example, "032FE6" equals three 8-bit characters with decimal values 3, 47 and 230. No conversions to the original MT character set shall be done								
"IRA"	International reference alphabet (ITU-T T.50)								
"UCS2"	16-bit universal multiple-octet coded character set (ISO/IEC 10646)								

3.10. +CIMI Command: Request International Mobile Subscriber Identity

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CIMI=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CIMI	<u>Response</u> <IMSI> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <IMSI> International Mobile Subscriber Identity

3.11. +GMI Command: Request Manufacturer Identification

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+GMI=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+GMI	<u>Response</u> (manufacturer identification text) OK
<u>Reference</u> [27.007] § 5.1	<u>Example</u> AT+GMI Sierra Wireless OK

3.12. +GMM Command: Request Model Identification

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+GMM=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+GMM	<u>Response</u> <model> OK <u>Parameter</u> <mode> Model identifier
<u>Reference</u> [27.007] § 5.2	<u>Example</u> AT+GMM HL7538 OK

3.13. +GMR Command: Request Revision Identification

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+GMR=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+GMR	<u>Response</u> (model revision identification text) OK
<u>Reference</u> [27.007] § 5.3	<u>Notes</u> The (model revision identification text) could be: AHL7538_TEST.1.0.153600.201505291614.x7160_1 or AHL7538.1.0.153600.201511241810.x7160_1

3.14. +GSN Command: Request Product Serial Number (IMEI)

Note: This command is identical to +CGSN.

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+GSN=?	<u>Response</u> OK
Execute command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+GSN	<u>Response</u> <IMEI> (identification text for determination of the individual ME) OK
<u>Reference</u> V.25ter	<u>Notes</u> • This command can work with or without a SIM card. • See also AT+KGSN, AT+CGSN.

3.15. +GCAP Command: Request Complete TA Capability List

HL7538	
Execute command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+GCAP	<u>Response</u> +GCAP: list of <name>s OK
<u>Example</u>	+GCAP:+FCLASS,+CGSM OK

>> 4. Call Control Commands

4.1. H Command: Hook Control

HL7538	
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> ATH	<u>Response</u> OK
or ATH0	or ERROR

4.2. D Command: Dial Number

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> ATD=?	<u>Response</u> 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 * # + A B C D P T W , @ ! OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> ATD?	<u>Response</u> 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 * # + A B C D P T W , @ ! OK
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> ATD[<n>]	<u>Response</u> OK If successfully connected CONNECT Connection has been established NO CARRIER The connection cannot be established BUSY Engaged (busy) signal detected NO ANSWER If no hang up is detected after a fixed network timeout CONNECT <data rate> Same as CONNECT but includes the data rate <u>Parameters</u> <n> String of dialing digits and optionally V.25ter modifiers (dialing digits): 0-9, *, #, +, A, B, C, D, P, T, W, ",", @, ! (maximum length: 20 digits)

>> 5. Mobile Equipment Control and Status Commands

5.1. +CALA Command: Set Alarm Time

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CALA=?	<u>Response</u> +CALA: <time>,(list of supported <n>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CALA?	<u>Response</u> [+CALA: <time>,<n>] OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CALA= <time>[,<n>]	<u>Response</u> OK +CALV: 1 // when an alarm occurs <u>Parameters</u> <time> Internal clock (refer to +CCLK). String type "yy/mm/dd, hh:mm:ss" is used. <n> Alarm index
<u>Reference</u>	<u>Notes</u> - When an alarm is timed out and executed, the unsolicited result code +CALV: 1 is returned. - Only 1 alarm is possible to be set at one time, therefore <n> must be 1. - The alarm will wake up the module even it is already in off state, eg, turned off by AT+CFUN=0. The module will then boot up as normal, and there will not be any unsolicited result code "+CALV: 1" returned. - This command can be used without SIM.
<u>Examples</u>	AT+CCLK="14/05/13,12:00:00+0" // Set the date and time OK AT+CALA=" 14/05/13,12:00:10" // Set an alarm for the specified date and time OK +CALV: 1 // When alarm expired, an unsolicited result // code is displayed AT+CALA=? +CALA: ("yy/mm/dd, hh:mm:ss"),(1) OK

5.2. +CALD Command: Delete Alarm

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CALD=?	<u>Response</u> +CALD: (list of supported <n>s) OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CALD=<n>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <n> Alarm index
<u>Notes</u>	- Only 1 alarm is possible to be set at one time; <n> must always be 1. - This command can be used without SIM.
<u>Example</u>	AT+CALD=1 OK AT+CALD=2 ERROR

5.3. +CCLK Command: Real Time Clock

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CCLK=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CCLK?	<u>Response</u> +CCLK: <time> or +CME ERROR: <err>
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CCLK= <time>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <time> String type value; format is "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+/-TZ", where characters indicate year (last two digits), month, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone (optional).
<u>Notes</u>	Year must be 2004 or later.

5.4. +CLAC Command: List Available AT Commands

HL7538	
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CLAC	<u>Response</u> <AT command 1> [<CR><LF><AT command 2>[.]] OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <AT command> AT command (including the prefix "AT")
<u>Notes</u>	This command provides the AT command list available for the user.

5.5. +GST Command: General System Status Information

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+GST=?	<u>Response</u> +GST: (list of supported <mode>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+GST?	<u>Response</u> Same as AT+GST=0
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+GST=<mode>	<u>Response</u> For <mode> = 0 ... (display all responses of <mode>s) OK For <mode> = 1 +GST: <rtc_time>,<up_time> OK For <mode> = 2 +GST: <port device string> OK

HL7538Parameters

<mode> 0 Display all status info described below
 1 Display the RTC time in seconds since 1970 Jan 1, and system boot up time in seconds
 2 Display the module port device string, e.g. /USBCDC/0

<rtc_time> RTC time in seconds since 1970 Jan 1

<up_time> System boot up time in seconds

<port device string> Unique device string of the AT port, in string type.
 e.g. "/USBCDC/0"
 /USBCDC/0 ==> ACM0 AT port
 /USBCDC/2 ==> ACM2 AT port

5.6. +CFUN Command: Set Phone Functionality

HL7538*Test command*Syntax**AT+CFUN=?**Response

+CFUN: (list of supported **<fun>**s), (list of supported **<rst>**s)
OK

or

+CME ERROR: <err>*Read command*Syntax**AT+CFUN?**Response**+CFUN:** **<power_mode>**,**<STK_mode>**

or

+CME ERROR: <err>*Write command*Syntax**AT+CFUN=<fun>**
[,<rst>]Response**OK**

or

+CME ERROR: <err>Parameters

<fun> 0 Switch off MS
 1 Full functionality
 4 Disable both phone's transmit and receive RF circuits; airplane mode

Note that when **<fun>** = 0, the OK response may be missed as the MT may already be switched off by the time the OK response is triggered.

HL7538											
	<rst> Reset value <u>0</u> Do not reset MT before resetting it to <fun> power level 1 Reset MT before setting it to <fun> power level <power_mode> <table> <tr><td>1</td><td>MS is switched ON</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>Invalid mode</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>Airplane mode</td></tr> </table> <STK_mode> <table> <tr><td>0</td><td>Inactive state</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>Enable the SIM-toolkit interface and fetching of proactive commands by SIM-APPL from the SIM card</td></tr> </table>	1	MS is switched ON	2	Invalid mode	4	Airplane mode	0	Inactive state	6	Enable the SIM-toolkit interface and fetching of proactive commands by SIM-APPL from the SIM card
1	MS is switched ON										
2	Invalid mode										
4	Airplane mode										
0	Inactive state										
6	Enable the SIM-toolkit interface and fetching of proactive commands by SIM-APPL from the SIM card										

5.7. +CMER Command: Mobile Equipment Event Reporting

HL7538																			
Test command																			
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMER=?	<u>Response</u> +CMER: (list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <keyp>s),(list of supported <disp>s),(list of supported <ind>s),(list of supported <bfr>s) OK																		
Read command																			
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMER?	<u>Response</u> +CMER: <mode>,<keyp>,<disp>,<ind>,<bfr> OK																		
Write command																			
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMER= [<mode>[,<keyp> [,<disp>[,<ind> [,<bfr>]]]]]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <table><tr><td><mode></td><td>1</td><td>Discard unsolicited result codes when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode); otherwise forward them directly to the TE</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><u>2</u></td><td>Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE after reservation; otherwise forward them directly to the TE</td></tr><tr><td><keyp></td><td>0</td><td>No keypad event reporting</td></tr><tr><td><disp></td><td>0</td><td>No display event reporting</td></tr><tr><td><ind></td><td><u>0</u></td><td>No indicator event reporting</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>Indicator event reporting using result code +CIEV: <ind>,<value>. <ind> indicates the indicator order number and <value> is the new value of indicator.</td></tr></table>	<mode>	1	Discard unsolicited result codes when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode); otherwise forward them directly to the TE		<u>2</u>	Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE after reservation; otherwise forward them directly to the TE	<keyp>	0	No keypad event reporting	<disp>	0	No display event reporting	<ind>	<u>0</u>	No indicator event reporting		1	Indicator event reporting using result code +CIEV: <ind>,<value> . <ind> indicates the indicator order number and <value> is the new value of indicator.
<mode>	1	Discard unsolicited result codes when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode); otherwise forward them directly to the TE																	
	<u>2</u>	Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE after reservation; otherwise forward them directly to the TE																	
<keyp>	0	No keypad event reporting																	
<disp>	0	No display event reporting																	
<ind>	<u>0</u>	No indicator event reporting																	
	1	Indicator event reporting using result code +CIEV: <ind>,<value> . <ind> indicates the indicator order number and <value> is the new value of indicator.																	

HL7538	
	<bfr> 0 TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode> = 1 is entered

5.8. +CMEE Command: Report Mobile Termination Error

HL7538										
<i>Test command</i>										
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMEE=?	<u>Response</u> +CMEE: (list of supported <n>s) OK									
<i>Read command</i>										
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMEE?	<u>Response</u> +CMEE: <n> OK									
<i>Write command</i>										
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMEE=[<n>]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <table><tr><td><n></td><td>0</td><td>Disable +CME ERROR: <err> result code and use ERROR instead</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>+CME ERROR: <err> result code and use numeric <err> values</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>2</td><td>+CME ERROR: <err> result code and use verbose <err> values</td></tr></table>	<n>	0	Disable +CME ERROR: <err> result code and use ERROR instead		1	+CME ERROR: <err> result code and use numeric <err> values		2	+CME ERROR: <err> result code and use verbose <err> values
<n>	0	Disable +CME ERROR: <err> result code and use ERROR instead								
	1	+CME ERROR: <err> result code and use numeric <err> values								
	2	+CME ERROR: <err> result code and use verbose <err> values								

5.9. +CCID Command: Request SIM Card Identification

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CCID=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CCID?	<u>Response</u> +CCID: <ICCID> OK or +CME ERROR: <err>

HL7538	
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CCID	<u>Response</u> +CCID: <ICCID> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <ICCID> Integrated Circuit Card ID of the SIM card

5.10. +FMR Command: Request Revision Identification

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+FMR=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+FMR	<u>Response</u> (model revision identification text) OK or +CME ERROR: <err>
<u>Reference</u> [27.007] § 5.3	<u>Notes</u> The (model revision identification text) could be: AHL7538_TEST.1.0.153600.201505291614.x7160_1 or AHL7538.1.0.153600.201511241810.x7160_1

5.11. +CPIN Command: Enter Pin

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPIN=?	<u>Response</u> OK

HL7538																											
Read command																											
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPIN?	<u>Response</u> +CPIN: <code> OK or +CME ERROR: <err>																										
Write command																											
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPIN=<pin> [,<newpin>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <table> <tr> <td><code></td><td>Values when queried using the read command</td></tr> <tr> <td>READY</td><td>MT is not pending for any password</td></tr> <tr> <td>SIM PIN</td><td>MT is waiting for SIM PIN to be given</td></tr> <tr> <td>SIM PUK</td><td>MT is waiting for SIM PUK to be given</td></tr> <tr> <td>SIM PIN2</td><td>MT is waiting SIM PIN2 to be given (this <code> is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PIN2 authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 17); if PIN2 is not entered right after the failure, it is recommended that MT does not block its operation) SIM PUK2 MT is waiting SIM PUK2 to be given(this <code> is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PUK2 authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 18); if PUK2 and new PIN2 are not entered right after the failure, it is recommended that ME does not block its operation).</td></tr> <tr> <td>PH-NET PIN</td><td>MT is waiting for the network personalization password to be given</td></tr> <tr> <td>PH-NET PUK</td><td>MT is waiting network personalization unblocking password to be given</td></tr> <tr> <td>PH-NETSUB PIN</td><td>MT is waiting network subset personalization password to be given</td></tr> <tr> <td>PH-NETSUB PUK</td><td>MT is waiting network subset personalization unblocking password to be given</td></tr> <tr> <td>PH-SP PIN</td><td>MT is waiting service provider personalization password to be given</td></tr> <tr> <td>PH-SP PUK</td><td>MT is waiting service provider personalization unblocking password to be given</td></tr> <tr> <td>PH-CORP PIN</td><td>MT is waiting corporate personalization password to be given</td></tr> <tr> <td>PH-CORP PUK</td><td>MT is waiting corporate personalization unblocking password to be given</td></tr> </table> <pin>, <newpin> String type values	<code>	Values when queried using the read command	READY	MT is not pending for any password	SIM PIN	MT is waiting for SIM PIN to be given	SIM PUK	MT is waiting for SIM PUK to be given	SIM PIN2	MT is waiting SIM PIN2 to be given (this <code> is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PIN2 authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 17); if PIN2 is not entered right after the failure, it is recommended that MT does not block its operation) SIM PUK2 MT is waiting SIM PUK2 to be given(this <code> is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PUK2 authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 18); if PUK2 and new PIN2 are not entered right after the failure, it is recommended that ME does not block its operation).	PH-NET PIN	MT is waiting for the network personalization password to be given	PH-NET PUK	MT is waiting network personalization unblocking password to be given	PH-NETSUB PIN	MT is waiting network subset personalization password to be given	PH-NETSUB PUK	MT is waiting network subset personalization unblocking password to be given	PH-SP PIN	MT is waiting service provider personalization password to be given	PH-SP PUK	MT is waiting service provider personalization unblocking password to be given	PH-CORP PIN	MT is waiting corporate personalization password to be given	PH-CORP PUK	MT is waiting corporate personalization unblocking password to be given
<code>	Values when queried using the read command																										
READY	MT is not pending for any password																										
SIM PIN	MT is waiting for SIM PIN to be given																										
SIM PUK	MT is waiting for SIM PUK to be given																										
SIM PIN2	MT is waiting SIM PIN2 to be given (this <code> is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PIN2 authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 17); if PIN2 is not entered right after the failure, it is recommended that MT does not block its operation) SIM PUK2 MT is waiting SIM PUK2 to be given(this <code> is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PUK2 authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 18); if PUK2 and new PIN2 are not entered right after the failure, it is recommended that ME does not block its operation).																										
PH-NET PIN	MT is waiting for the network personalization password to be given																										
PH-NET PUK	MT is waiting network personalization unblocking password to be given																										
PH-NETSUB PIN	MT is waiting network subset personalization password to be given																										
PH-NETSUB PUK	MT is waiting network subset personalization unblocking password to be given																										
PH-SP PIN	MT is waiting service provider personalization password to be given																										
PH-SP PUK	MT is waiting service provider personalization unblocking password to be given																										
PH-CORP PIN	MT is waiting corporate personalization password to be given																										
PH-CORP PUK	MT is waiting corporate personalization unblocking password to be given																										

5.12. +CPIN2 Command: Enter Pin2

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPIN2=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPIN2?	<u>Response</u> +CPIN:code OK or +CME ERROR: <err>
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPIN2= <puk2/oldpin2> [,<newpin2>] or AT+CPIN2= <oldpin2>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <puk2/oldpin2> , <newpin2> String type values <code> READY MT is not pending for any password SIM PIN2 MT is waiting for SIM PIN2 to be given (this "code" is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PIN2 authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 17); if PIN2 is not entered right after the failure, it is recommended that MT does not block its operation) SIM PUK2 MT is waiting for SIM PUK2 to be given (this "code" is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PUK2 authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 18); if PUK2 and new PIN2 are not entered right after the failure, it is recommended that MT does not block its operation)

5.13. +CPUC Command: Price per Unit and Currency

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPUC=?	<u>Response</u> OK

HL7538	
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPUC?	<u>Response</u> +CPUC: <currency>,<ppu> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPUC= <currency>, <ppu> [,<passwd>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <currency> String type containing the three-character currency code (e.g. GBP, EUR) <ppu> String type containing the price per unit; dot is used as a decimal separator <passwd> String type containing SIM PIN2

5.14. *PSRDBS Command: Change Frequency Band

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT*PSRDBS=?	<u>Response</u> *PSRDBS: (list of supported<mode>s), (list of supported <band>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT*PSRDBS?	<u>Response</u> *PSRDBS: <band> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT*PSRDBS= <mode>,<band>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameters</u> <Mode> 0 Set <band> at next switch on 1 Set <band> immediately <band> Bit field type parameter; to set several bands, sum up the values 2048 BAND_LTE_1 1048576 BAND_LTE_11 2097152 BAND_LTE_18
<u>Notes</u>	Selection can be one or more (up to three) LTE bands.

5.15. +CPAS Command: Phone Activity Status

HL7538																			
<i>Test command</i>																			
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPAS=?	<u>Response</u> +CPAS: (list of supported <pas>es) OK or +CME ERROR: <err>																		
<i>Execute command</i>																			
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPAS	<u>Response</u> +CPAS: <pas> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <table><tr><td><pas></td><td>0</td><td>Ready (ME allows commands from TA/TE)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>Unavailable (ME does not allow commands from TA/TE)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>2</td><td>Unknown (ME is not guaranteed to respond to instructions)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>3</td><td>Ringing (ME is ready for commands from TA/TE, but the ringer is active)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>4</td><td>Call in progress (ME is ready for commands from TA/TE, but a call is in progress)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>5</td><td>Asleep (ME is unable to process commands from TA/TE because it is in a low function-ality state)</td></tr></table>	<pas>	0	Ready (ME allows commands from TA/TE)		1	Unavailable (ME does not allow commands from TA/TE)		2	Unknown (ME is not guaranteed to respond to instructions)		3	Ringing (ME is ready for commands from TA/TE, but the ringer is active)		4	Call in progress (ME is ready for commands from TA/TE, but a call is in progress)		5	Asleep (ME is unable to process commands from TA/TE because it is in a low function-ality state)
<pas>	0	Ready (ME allows commands from TA/TE)																	
	1	Unavailable (ME does not allow commands from TA/TE)																	
	2	Unknown (ME is not guaranteed to respond to instructions)																	
	3	Ringing (ME is ready for commands from TA/TE, but the ringer is active)																	
	4	Call in progress (ME is ready for commands from TA/TE, but a call is in progress)																	
	5	Asleep (ME is unable to process commands from TA/TE because it is in a low function-ality state)																	

5.16. +CSQ Command: Signal Quality

HL7538											
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CSQ=?	<u>Response</u> +CSQ: (list of supported <rsqi>s),(list of supported <ber>s) OK										
<i>Execute command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CSQ	<u>Response</u> +CSQ: <rsqi>,<ber> OK <u>Parameters</u> <table> <tr> <td><rsqi></td><td>Received signal strength indication; integer type</td></tr> <tr> <td>0</td><td>-113 dBm or less</td></tr> <tr> <td>1 – 30</td><td>-111 to -53 dBm</td></tr> <tr> <td>31</td><td>-51 dBm or greater</td></tr> <tr> <td><u>99</u></td><td>Not known or not detectable</td></tr> </table>	<rsqi>	Received signal strength indication; integer type	0	-113 dBm or less	1 – 30	-111 to -53 dBm	31	-51 dBm or greater	<u>99</u>	Not known or not detectable
<rsqi>	Received signal strength indication; integer type										
0	-113 dBm or less										
1 – 30	-111 to -53 dBm										
31	-51 dBm or greater										
<u>99</u>	Not known or not detectable										

HL7538	
	<ber> Channel bit error rate (in percent); Integer type 0 – 7 As RXQUAL values in the table in 3GPP TS 45.008 [20] subclause 8.2.4 99 Not known or not detectable
<u>Notes</u>	• <rsrp> is scaled from the current radio signal strength (RSRP) value of the serving cell. It is the calculated value of $(113 + \text{RSRP})/2$ ranging from -113 dBm to -51 dBm. RSRP is defined according to 3GPP TS 36.133 section 9.1.4 to be from -140 dBm to -44 dBm with 1 dB resolution. • <ber> is scaled to 0 – 7 from the RSRQ signal quality 34 – 0; it is the calculated value of $(7 - (7/34) \times \text{RSRQ})$. RSRQ is defined according to specification 3GPP 36.133 section 9.1.7, ranging from -19.5 dBm to -3 dBm with 0.5 dB resolution.

5.17. +KCELL Command: Cell Environment Information

HL7538					
<i>Test command</i>					
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KCELL=?	<u>Response</u> +KCELL: (list of supported <revision>s) OK				
<i>Read command</i>					
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KCELL?	<u>Response</u> OK				
<i>Write command</i>					
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KCELL= <revision>	<u>Response</u> +KCELL: <nbLTEcells>[,<cell_type>,<PLMN>,<LTE_CI>,<PhyCellInd>,<TrackingAreaCode>,<RSRPResult>,<RSRQResult>,<TA>][<cell_type>,<Earfcn>,<PhyCellID>,<RSRPResult>,<RSRQResult>]]]]]][...] OK <u>Parameters</u> <revision> Reserved for future development (only 0 for the moment) <nbLTEcells> Number of LTE base stations available ($0 \leq k \leq 33$) <cell_type> <table> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>LTE serving cell</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>LTE neighbor cell</td> </tr> </table> <PLMN> PLMN identifiers (3 bytes) in hexadecimal format, made of MCC (Mobile Country Code), and MNC (Mobile Network Code) <LTE_CI> Cell Identity in 8 hexadecimal digits with length = 28 bits. (Ref: 3GPP TS 36.331, 6.3.4, CellIdentity IE) <PhyCellInd> Physical Cell ID (Ref: 3GPP TS 36.331, 6.3.4, PhysCellId IE) Integer type with range = 0 – 503	5	LTE serving cell	6	LTE neighbor cell
5	LTE serving cell				
6	LTE neighbor cell				

HL7538	
	<TrackingAreacode> Tracking Area Code (Ref: 3GPP TS 36.331, 6.3.4, Tracking AreaCode IE) Integer type with length = 16 bits <RSRPResult> Reference Signal Received Power (Ref: 3GPP TS 36.331, 6.3.5, RSRP-Range IE) Integer type with range = 0 – 97 <RSRQResult> Reference Signal Received Quality (Ref: 3GPP TS 36.331, 6.3.5, RSRQ-Range IE) Integer type with range = 0 – 34 <TA> Timing Advance (as per [3GPP 36.321]). Integer type. In RRC_IDLE state, range is 0 – 1282, but in RRC_Connected state, range is 0 – 63. <Earfcn> The carrier frequency of the neighbor cell designated by the EUTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (EARFCN), valid range: 0 – 0xFFFF. (Ref: 3GPP TS 36.101, 5.7.3)
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - This command provides information related to the network environment and can be used, for example, for localization calculation. - SIM card must be inserted to support this command. The cell information can only be retrieved when the UE stays in an attached mode.

5.18. +KSYNC Command: Application Synchronization Signal

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KSYNC=?	<u>Response</u> +KSYNC: (list of supported <mod> s),(list of supported <IO> s),(range of <Duty Cycle>), (range of <Pulse Duration>) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KSYNC?	<u>Response</u> +KSYNC: <mod> , <IO> , <Duty Cycle> , <Pulse Duration> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KSYNC= <mod> [, <IO>] [,<Duty Cycle> [,<Pulse Duration>]]]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameters</u> <mod> Mode 0 Disable the generation of synchronization signal 1 Manage the generation of signal according to <Duty Cycle> and <Pulse Duration> . The waveform of the signal is controlled only by these two parameters; Network status would not affect the waveform

HL7538	
	2 Manage the generation of signal according to CS network registration status; PERMANENTLY OFF Not register/Initialization/Register denied/no SIM card 600 ms ON / 600ms OFF Not registered but searching 75 ms ON / 3s OFF Right connected to the network <Duty Cycle> and <Pulse Duration> are not used in mode 2 3 Manage the generation of signal according to PS network registration status; OFF Not registered/initialization/registration denied/no SIM card ON Registered to the network <Duty Cycle> and <Pulse Duration> are not used in mode 3 <IO> 1 – 8, 10, 11, 13 – 15 Defines which GPIO is used as output <Duty Cycle> 1 – 100 Integer type; only used in mode 1 <Pulse Duration> 1 – 65535 Pulse duration in milliseconds; only used in mode 1
Notes	- The setting of the <mod>, <IO>, <Duty Cycle>, <Pulse Duration> was automatically saved in HL7538. - Check with +KGPIOCFG when using +KSYNC command. - GPIOs may be already used by SIM detection and temperature monitoring, so when using this +KSYNC command, also check with the related commands, eg +KSIMDET and +KTEMPMON. - This command can be used without SIM. - This command will force the GPIO pins as output, no matter what the AT+KGPIOCFG configuration is. - Only 1 GPIO signal can be generated at any time. - The default settings are <mod>=0, <IO>=1, <Duty Cycle>=50, <Pulse Duration> = 1000 when the first time firmware is downloaded in factory.
Example	<pre>// Generate the signal, 50% duty cycle, and 2000 ms pulse duration on GPIO1. AT+KSYNC=1,1,50,2000 OK // Generate the signal, 50% duty cycle, and 2000 ms pulse duration on GPIO2. Note that // the previous signal on GPIO1 will be stopped. AT+KSYNC=1,2,50,2000 OK // Disable signal generation AT+KSYNC=0,2 OK // Generate signal on GPIO1, according to the CS network status AT+KSYNC=2,1 OK // Generate signal on GPIO1, according to the PS network registration status. AT+KSYNC=3,1 OK</pre>

5.19. +KGPIO Command: Hardware IO Control

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KGPIO=?	<u>Response</u> +KGPIO: (list of supported <IO>s),(list of supported <cde>s) OK
Read command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KGPIO?	<u>Response</u> OK
Write command	<u>Response</u> If <cde> = 2: +KGPIO: <IO>,<current_value> OK Else OK <u>Parameters</u> <IO> 1 – 8, 10, 11,13 – 15 Selected IO <cde> 0 Reset the selected IO 1 Set the selected IO 2 Request the current value of the IO <current_value> 0 GPIO is LOW 1 GPIO is HIGH
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • The current configuration is kept in flash after a reset. • Check the configuration of +KGPIOCFG when +CME ERROR: 3 issued. • By default GPIO 3 is being in used by SIM detection, so it cannot be configured. • The test command AT+KGPIO=? returns a dynamic list of supported GPIO. GPIOs assigned to a specific purpose are not listed. • This command can be used without SIM.
<u>Examples</u>	<pre>// Make GPIO1 output high/low level AT+KGPIOCFG=1,0,2 // Configure GPIO1 as output; <pull mode> must be "no pull" OK AT+KGPIO=1,1 // Set GPIO1 OK AT+KGPIO=1,0 // Reset GPIO1 OK // Define input/output mode for GPIO1 AT+KGPIOCFG=1,1,0 // Configure GPIO1 as input;<pull mode> is "pull down" OK AT+KGPIO=1,2 // Request the current value of GPIO1 +KGPIO: 1,1 // Value is HIGH for GPIO1 OK</pre>

HL7538

```

at+kgpio=?
+KGPIO: (1,2,4,5,6,7,8,10,11,13,14,15),(0-2)
OK

at+kgpio=9,1      // Set GPIO9, and it should return ERROR
+CME ERROR: 3

```

5.20. +KGPIOCFG Command: GPIO Configuration

HL7538*Test command*Syntax

AT+KGPIOCFG=?

Response

+KGPIOCFG: (list of supported <n>s),(list of supported <dir>s), (list of supported <pull mode>s)
OK

*Read command*Syntax

AT+KGPIOCFG?

Response

+KGPIOCFG: <n>,<dir>,<pull mode>[<CR><LF>
+KGPIOCFG: <n>,<dir>,<pull mode>
[...]]
OK

*Write command*Syntax

AT+KGPIOCFG=<n>,<dir>,<pull mode>

Response

OK

Parameters

<n> 1 – 8,10, 11, 13 – 15 GPIO number

<dir> Direction

0 Output

1 Input

<pull mode> 0 Pull down. Internal pull down resistor available. Only used in input mode

1 Pull up. Internal pull up resistor available. Only used in input mode

2 No pull. Internal pull up/down resistor NOT available. Only used in output mode

Reference

Sierra Wireless
Proprietary

Notes

- This command provides configuration for +KGPIO command.
- The current configuration is saved in non-volatile memory before a reset.
- By default GPIO 3 is being in used by SIM detection, so it cannot be configured.
- Pull down/up mode would provide a stable input level.
- The command AT+KGPIOCFG=? and AT+KGPIOCFG? return a dynamic list of supported GPIO available. GPIOs assigned to a specific purpose are not listed.
- This command can be used without SIM.

HL7538Examples

at+kgpiocfg=1,0,0 ERROR	// When setting GPIO1 as Output, with incorrect <pull mode>
at+kgpiocfg=1,0,1 ERROR	// When setting GPIO1 as Output, with incorrect <pull mode>
at+kgpiocfg=1,0,2 OK	// When setting GPIO1 as Output, with correct <pull mode>
at+kgpiocfg=1,1,0 OK	// When setting GPIO1 as Input, with pull down
at+kgpiocfg=1,1,1 OK	// When setting GPIO1 as Input, with pull up
at+kgpiocfg=1,1,2 ERROR	// When setting GPIO1 as Input, with incorrect <pull mode>
at+kgpiocfg=? +KGPIOCFG: (1,2,4,5,6,7,8,10,11,13,14,15),(0-1),(0-2) OK	
at+kgpiocfg? +KGPIOCFG: 1,0,2 +KGPIOCFG: 2,0,2 +KGPIOCFG: 4,0,2 +KGPIOCFG: 5,0,2 +KGPIOCFG: 6,0,2 +KGPIOCFG: 7,0,2 +KGPIOCFG: 8,0,2 +KGPIOCFG: 10,0,2 +KGPIOCFG: 11,0,2 +KGPIOCFG: 13,0,2 +KGPIOCFG: 14,0,2 +KGPIOCFG: 15,0,2 OK	// GPIO 3, 9, 12, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20 are not available for use
at+kgpiocfg=9,1,0 +CME ERROR: 3	// When setting GPIO9, it returns ERROR

5.21. +KADC Command: Analog Digital Converter

HL7538Test commandSyntax**AT+KADC=?**Response**+KADC:** (list of supported <Meas id>s),(list of supported <Meas time>s)
OK

HL7538											
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KADC= <Meas id>, <Meas time>	<u>Response</u> +KADC: <Meas result>, <Meas id>, <Meas time>[,<Temperature>] <u>Parameters</u> <Meas id> Measurement ID 0 VBATT – “VBATT” voltage 1 VCOIN – “BAT_RTC” backup battery voltage 2 THERM – Connected to RT400 (the thermistor on board which is located close to the 26MHz VCTCXO) 3 Reserved 4 Reserved 5 Reserved 6 Reserved 7 ADC1 <Meas time> Measurement time 1 During TX 2 Far from TX 3 No constraint <Meas result> Measurement result is in μV <Temperature> Temperature in $^{\circ}\text{C}$										
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • 10 bits converter • 4, 5, and 6 values are reserved • VBATT does not support no constraint measurement time. • This AT command does not require a SIM card. • Available range for input <table> <thead> <tr> <th><Meas id></th><th>Range (V)</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>VBATT</td><td>3.2 - 4.5</td></tr> <tr> <td>VCOIN</td><td>0 - 1.8</td></tr> <tr> <td>THERM</td><td>0 - 1.2</td></tr> <tr> <td>ADC1</td><td>0 - 1.2</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	<Meas id>	Range (V)	VBATT	3.2 - 4.5	VCOIN	0 - 1.8	THERM	0 - 1.2	ADC1	0 - 1.2
<Meas id>	Range (V)										
VBATT	3.2 - 4.5										
VCOIN	0 - 1.8										
THERM	0 - 1.2										
ADC1	0 - 1.2										

5.22. +CSIM Command: Generic SIM Access

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CSIM =?	<u>Response</u> OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSIM= <length> , <command>	<u>Response</u> +CSIM: <length>,<response> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <length> Integer type; length of the characters that are sent to TE in <command> or <response> <command> Command passed on by MT to the SIM in hexadecimal format <response> Response to the command passed on by the SIM to the MT in hexadecimal format

5.23. +CLAN Command: Read Language

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CLAN=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CLAN?	<u>Response</u> +CLAN: <ln> <u>Parameter</u> <ln> Two letter abbreviation of the language. The language codes, as defined in ISO 639, consists of two characters, e.g. "sv", "en" etc.

5.24. +CCHO Command: Open Logical Channel

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CCHO=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CCHO= <dfname>	<u>Response</u> <session_id> OK

HL7538	
	or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <dfname> DF name coded on 1 to 16 bytes that references to all selectable application in the UICC <session_id> Session ID to be used in order to target a specific application on the smart card using logical channels mechanism (string without double quotes that represents a decimal value).
<u>Notes</u>	The +CCHO execute command gives the <session_id> when it receives SIM application response status words as shown below: • '90' '00' – normal ending of the command • '91' 'XX' – normal ending of the command with extra information from the proactive UICC containing a command for the terminal.length 'XX' of the response data • '92' 'XX' – normal ending of the command with extra information concerning an ongoing data transfer session

5.25. +CCHC Command: Close Logical Channel

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CCHC=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CCHC= <session_id>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <session_id> Session ID to be used in order to target a specific application on the smart card using logical channels mechanism (string without double quotes that represents a decimal value).

5.26. +CGLA Command: Generic UICC Logical Channel Access

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGLA= <sessionid> , <length> , <command>	<u>Response</u> +CGLA: <length>,<response> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <sessionid> Integer type; used as the identifier of the session to be used in order to send the APDU commands to the UICC. It is mandatory in order to send commands to the UICC when targeting applications on the smart card using a logical channel other than the default channel (channel "0"). <length> Integer type; length of the characters that are sent to TE in <command> or <response> (two times the actual length of the command or response). <command> Command passed on by the MT to the UICC in the format as described in 3GPP TS 31.101 in hexadecimal format (refer to +CSCS). <response> Response to the command passed on by the UICC to the MT in the format as described in 3GPP TS 31.101 in hexadecimal format (refer to +CSCS).

5.27. +CRLA Command: Restricted UICC Logical Channel Access

HL7538							
<i>Write command</i>							
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CRLA= <sessionid> , <command> [,<file id>,<P1> , <P2>,<P3> [,<data> [,<pathid>]]]]>	<u>Response</u> +CRLA: <sw1>,<sw2>[,<response>] OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <sessionid> Integer type which identifies the session to be used in order to send the APDU commands to the UICC. It is mandatory in order to send commands to the UICC when targeting applications on the smart card using a logical channel other than the default channel (channel "0"). <command> <table> <tr> <td>176</td><td>READ BINARY</td></tr> <tr> <td>178</td><td>READ RECORD</td></tr> <tr> <td>192</td><td>GET RESPONSE</td></tr> </table>	176	READ BINARY	178	READ RECORD	192	GET RESPONSE
176	READ BINARY						
178	READ RECORD						
192	GET RESPONSE						

HL7538	
	214 UPDATE BINARY 220 UPDATE RECORD 242 STATUS 219 SET DATA All other values are reserved <fileid> Integer type that identifies the elementary datafile on SIM. Mandatory for every <command> except STATUS. <P1>, <P2>, <P3> Integer type; parameters passed on by the MT to the UICC. These parameters are mandatory for every command, except GET RESPONSE and STATUS. <data> Information which shall be written to the SIM in hexadecimal format <pathid> String type containing the path of an elementary file on the UICC in hexadecimal format <sw1>, <sw2> Integer type; information from the UICC about the execution of the actual command. These parameters are delivered to the TE in both cases, on successful or failed execution of the command <response> Response of a successful completion of the command previously issued in hexadecimal format. STATUS and GET RESPONSE returns data, which gives information about the current elementary datafield. This information includes the type of file and its size (refer to 3GPP TS 31.101). After READ BINARY, READ RECORD or RETRIEVE DATA command the requested data will be returned.
<u>Notes</u>	By using this command instead of generic UICC access command, +CGLA, the TE application has an easier but more limited access to the UICC database.

5.28. +CUAD Command: UICC Application Discovery

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CUAD=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CUAD	<u>Response</u> <response> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <response> Content of the EFDIR. String type in hexadecimal format.

5.29. +CRSM Command: Restricted SIM Access

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CRSM=?	<u>Response</u> OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CRSM= <command> [,<fileid>[,<P1>, <P2>,<P3> [,<data> [,<pathid>]]]]	<u>Response</u> +CRSM: <sw1>,<sw2>[,<response>] OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <command> 176 READ BINARY 178 READ RECORD 192 GET RESPONSE 214 UPDATE BINARY 220 UPDATE RECORD 242 STATUS <fileid> Integer type; this is the identifier of an elementary data file on the SIM. Mandatory for every command except STATUS. 28423 IMSI file (6F07) 28473 ACM file (6F39) 28481 PUKT file (6F41) 28482 SMS file (6F42) <P1>, <P2>, <P3> Integer type defining the request. These parameters are mandatory for every command, except GET RESPONSE and STATUS. The values are described in GSM 51.011 <data> Information which shall be written to the SIM (hexadecimal character format; refer +CSCS) <sw1>, <sw2> Integer type containing SIM information 0x90 0x00 Normal entry of the command 0x9F 0xXX Length XX of the response data 0x92 0x0X Update successful but after using an internal retry routine X times 0x92 0x40 Memory problem 0x94 0x00 No EF selected 0x94 0x02 Out of range (invalid address) 0x94 0x04 File ID not found; pattern not found 0x94 0x08 File is inconsistent with the command 0x98 0x02 No CHV initialized 0x98 0x04 Access cond. Not fulfilled / unsuccessful CHV verify / authentication failed 0x98 0x08 In contradiction with CHV status 0x98 0x10 In contradiction with invalidation status 0x98 0x40 Unsucc. CHV-verif. Or UNBLOCK CHF / CHV blocked /UNBL.blocked 0x98 0x50 Increase can not be performed. Maximum value reached 0x61 0xXX SW2 indicates the number of response bytes still available. Use Get Response to access this data.

HL7538

0x62 0xXX	Warning - state unchanged
0x62 0x00	Warning - no information provided
0x62 0x81	Warning - part of returned data may be corrupt
0x62 0x82	Warning - end of file/record reached (bad cmd)
0x62 0x83	Warning - selected file invalidated
0x62 0x84	Warning - bad file control information format
0x63 0xXX	Warning - state unchanged
0x63 0x00	Warning - no information provided
0x63 0x81	Warning - file filled up with last write
0x63 0xCx	Warning - counter value is x
0x64 0xXX	Error - state unchanged
0x65 0xXX	Error - state changed
0x65 0x00	Error - no information provided
0x65 0x81	Error - memory failure 66 xx Security Error
0x66 0xXX	Security Error
0x67 0xXX	Incorrect parameter P3
0x68 0xXX	Check Error - CLA function not supported
0x68 0x00	Check Error - no information provided
0x68 0x81	Check Error - logical channel not supported
0x68 0x82	Check Error - secure messaging not supported
0x69 0xXX	Check Error - command not allowed
0x69 0x00	Check Error - no information provided
0x69 0x81	Check Error - command incompatible with file structure
0x69 0x82	Check Error - security status not satisfied
0x69 0x83	Check Error - authentication method blocked
0x69 0x84	Check Error - referenced data invalidated
0x69 0x85	Check Error - conditions of use not satisfied
0x69 0x86	Check Error - command not allowed (no current EF)
0x69 0x87	Check Error - expected SM data objects missing
0x69 0x88	Check Error - SM data objects incorrect
0x6A 0xXX	Check Error - wrong parameters
0x6A 0x00	Check Error - no information provided
0x6A 0x80	Check Error - incorrect parameters in data field
0x6A 0x81	Check Error - function not supported
0x6A 0x82	Check Error - file not found
0x6A 0x83	Check Error - record not found
0x6A 0x84	Check Error - not enough memory space in the file
0x6A 0x85	Check Error - Lc available on with TLV structure
0x6A 0x86	Check Error - available on parameters P1-P2
0x6A 0x87	Check Error - Lc available on with P1-P2
0x6A 0x88	Check Error - referenced data not found
0x6B 0xXX	Incorrect parameter P1 or P2
0x6C 0xXX	Check Error - wrong length - xx is the correct length
0x6D 0xXX	Unknown instruction code given in the command
0x6E 0xXX	Wrong instruction class given in the command
0x6F 0xXX	Technical problem with no diagnostic given

<response> Response of successful completion of the command previously issued in hexadecimal character format; refer to +CSCS. STATUS and GET RESPONSE returns data, which gives information about the current elementary datafield. This information includes the type of file and its size (refer to GSM 51.011 [28]). After READ BINARY or READ RECORD commands, the requested data will be returned. <response> is not returned after a successful UPDATE BINARY or UPDATE RECORD command.

HL7538	
	<pathid> String type that contains the path of an elementary file on the SIM/USIM in hexadecimal format as defined in ETSI TS 102 221 (e.g. "7F205F70" in SIM and USIM case).
<u>Notes</u>	By using this command instead of generic SIM access command, +CSIM, the DTE application has an easier but more limited access to the SIM database.

5.30. +CEAP Command: EAP Authentication

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CEAP= <dfname> , <EAPMethod> , <EAP packet data> [,<DFeap>]	<u>Response</u> +CEAP: <EAPsessionid>,<EAP packet response> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <dfname> String type in hexadecimal format. All selectable applications are represented in the UICC by an AID coded on 1 to 16 bytes. <EAPMethod> String type in hexadecimal format. The value range for 1 byte format and for 8 bytes expanded format is defined in RFC 3748. <EAP packet data> String type in hexadecimal format <DFeap> String type in hexadecimal format <EAPsessionid> 1 – 4294967295 Identifier of the EAP session to be used in order to retrieve the EAP parameters with +CERP command. <EAP packet response> String type in hexadecimal format

5.31. +CERP Command: EAP Retrieve Parameters

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CERP= <EAPsessionid> , <EAPparameter>	<u>Response</u> +CERP: <EAP parameter response> OK or +CME ERROR: <err>

HL7538	
	<u>Parameters</u> <EAPparameter> 1 Keys 2 Status 3 Identity 4 Pseudonym <EAPsessionid> 1 – 4294967295 Identifier of the EAP session to be used in order to retrieve the EAP parameters corresponding to an active EAP session. <EAP parameter response> String type in hexadecimal format

5.32. +KTEMPMON Command: Temperature Monitor

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KTEMPMON=?	<u>Response</u> +KTEMPMON: (list of supported <mod>s),(list of supported <temperature>s),(list of supported <urcMode>s),(list of supported <action>s),(list of supported <hystTime>s),(list of supported <repGPIO>s) OK
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KTEMPMON?	<u>Response</u> +KTEMPMON: <mod>,<temperature>,<urcMode>,<action>,<hystTime>,<repGPIO> OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KTEMPMON= <mod>,<temperature> [,<urcMode> [,<action> [,<hystTime> [,<repGPIO>]]]]]	<u>Response</u> +KTEMPMON: <level>,<value> OK <u>Parameters</u> <mod> 0 Disable the module's internal temperature monitor 1 Enable the module's internal temperature monitor <temperature> Temperature limit before the module acts as defined by <action>. Default value = 0 <urcMode> 0 Disables the presentation of the temperature monitor URC 1 Enables the presentation of the temperature monitor URC <action> 0 No action 1 Automatic shut-down when the temperature is beyond <temperature> 2 The output pin <repGPIO> is tied HIGH when <temperature> is reached; when the temperature is normal the output pin <repGPIO> is tied LOW. Note that if this parameter is required, it is mandatory to set the <repGPIO> parameter.

HL7538	
	<hyst_time> 0 – 255 Hysteresis time in seconds. Action will only happen if <temperature> is maintained for at least as long as this period. This parameter is mandatory if <action> is not zero. Default value = 30. <repGPIO> 1 – 8, 10, 11, 13 – 15 Defines which GPIO is used as output pin. This parameter is mandatory only if <action>=2 is required. Default value = 6.
<u>Notes</u>	- When the module's internal temperature reaches either operating or extreme levels; the unsolicited message is in the format: +KTEMPMEAS: <level>,<value> where: <level> is the threshold level: -2 Extreme temperature lower bound (-40°C) -1 Operating temperature lower bound (-20°C) 0 Normal temperature 1 Operating temperature upper bound (+55°C) 2 Extreme temperature upper bound (+85°C) <value> is the actual temperature expressed in degrees Celsius - Due to temperature measurement uncertainty there is a tolerance of +/-2°C - Check available GPIO with +KGPIOCFG when using this command

5.33. +KBND Command: Current Networks Band Indicator

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KBND=?	<u>Response</u> +KBND: (list of supported <bnd>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KBND?	<u>Response</u> +KBND: <bnd> OK <u>Parameter</u> <bnd> Band in hexadecimal format 0x0000 Not available 0x00000400 BAND_LTE_1 0x00080000 BAND_LTE_11 0x00100000 BAND_LTE_18
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - This command returns the LTE band that the module currently uses. - A SIM card must be inserted to support this command.

5.34. +KSRAT Command: Set Radio Access Technology

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KSRAT=?	<u>Response</u> +KSRAT: (list of supported <mode>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KSRAT?	<u>Response</u> +KSRAT: <mode> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KSRAT= <mode>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <mode> 5 LTE only
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - This command works without a SIM card inserted in the modem. <mode> is automatically stored in persistent memory.

5.35. +CTZU Command: Automatic Time Zone Update

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CTZU=?	<u>Response</u> +CTZU: (list of supported <onoff>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CTZU?	<u>Response</u> +CTZU: <onoff> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CTZU =<onoff>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err>

HL7538

	<u>Parameter</u>	
	<onoff>	0 Disable automatic time zone update via NITZ
		<u>1</u> Enable automatic time zone update via NITZ

5.36. +CTZR Command: Time Zone Reporting

HL7538

<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CTZR=?	<u>Response</u> +CTZR: (list of supported <onoff> s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CTZR?	<u>Response</u> +CTZR: <onoff> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CTZR =<onoff>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <onoff> <u>0</u> Disable time zone change event reporting <u>1</u> Enable time zone change event reporting
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> +CTZV: <tz> , <time> XNITZINFO: <timzone_variance> , <time> +CTZDST: <dst> <u>Parameters</u> <tz> Integer value indicating the time zone <time> String type value in format "YY/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss" wherein the characters indicate year, month, date, hour, minutes and seconds. <dst> Daylight savings time value <u>0</u> Disable time zone change event reporting and URC +XNITZINFO, +CTZDST <u>1</u> Enable time zone change event reporting and URC +XNITZINFO, +CTZDST <timzone_variance> String of format "GMT+HH:MM" or "GMT-HH:MM" (for example, GMT+5:30)
<u>Reference</u> [27.007] §8.41	<u>Notes</u> - Time zone reporting is not affected by the automatic time zone setting command +CTZU. - If reporting is enabled, the MT returns the unsolicited result code +CTZV: <tz> whenever the time zone is changed.

5.37. +XDATACHANNEL Command: Configure Data Channel

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+XDATACHANNEL=?	<u>Response</u> +XDATACHANNEL: (list of <mode>s),(list of <csd_gprs_flag>s),(list of <connect_flag>s),(list of supported <cid>s) OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+XDATACHANNEL=<mode>,<csd_gprs_flag>,<ctrl_tid_path>,<tid_path>[,<connect_flag>[,<cid>]]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <mode> 0 Disable routing 1 Enable routing 2 Query current setting for the channel where the command is executed (other parameters will be ignored) <csd_gprs_flag> 0 Configure channel for a CSD connection 1 Configure channel for a GPRS connection <ctrl_tid_path> Terminal for which the data routing mechanism shall be enabled in string format (e.g.: "/mux/5") <tid_path> Terminal to which a data call shall be routed in string format (e.g.: "/mux/5") <connect_flag> 0 No reporting on the data channel (neither CONNECT nor NO CARRIER) 1 Reporting on the data channel enabled (CONNECT and NO CARRIER) 2 Reporting on the control channel enabled (CONNECT and NO CARRIER) <cid> Numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands)
<u>Notes</u>	- The control channel must be in OPEN state when the +XDATACHANNEL command is sent. +XDATACHANNEL settings will only apply while control channel DLC is OPEN and will be reset as soon as DLC is closed. - When this command is sent with <cid> parameter, then the data channel (<tid_path>) must be in OPEN state and the given <cid> should already be defined. - If the <cid> is deleted or undefined, the XDATACHANNEL settings pertaining to the <cid> are not retained. - Connection must be established (start and stop) through <ctrl_tid_path> for data to be properly routed. +XDATACHANNEL query (mode=2) does not return the <cid> associated with the control channel, as the data routing of a control channel can be configured for multiple <cid>s.

5.38. +XCELLINFO Command: Provide Cell Information

HL7538																																		
Test command																																		
<u>Syntax</u> AT+XCELLINFO=?	<u>Response</u> +XCELLINFO: (range of <mode>s) OK																																	
Read command																																		
<u>Syntax</u> AT+XCELLINFO?	<u>Response for serving cell</u> +XCELLINFO: <mode>,<type><MCC>,<MNC>,<CI>,<PhyCellInd>,<TrackingAreaCode>,<RSRPResult>,<RSRQResult>,<TA> <u>Response for neighbor cell</u> +XCELLINFO: <mode>, <type>,[[<Earfcn>],[<PhyCellID>],[<RSRPResult>,<RSRQResult>]]] OK																																	
Write command	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <table><tr><td><mode></td><td>0</td><td>Disable periodic reporting</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>Enable reporting</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>2</td><td>Currently not used (for backward compatibility)</td></tr></table> <table><tr><td><type></td><td>5</td><td>LTE serving cell</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>6</td><td>LTE neighbor cell</td></tr></table> <table><tr><td><MCC></td><td>0 – 999</td><td>Mobile country code</td></tr></table> <table><tr><td><MNC></td><td>0 – 999</td><td>Mobile network code</td></tr></table> <CI> Cell identity; 28-bits integer type <table><tr><td><PhyCellId></td><td>0 – 503</td><td>Physical cell ID</td></tr></table> <TrackingAreaCode> Tracking area code, 16-bits integer type <table><tr><td><RSRPResult></td><td>0 – 97</td><td>Reference signal received power</td></tr></table> <table><tr><td><RSRQResult></td><td>0 – 34</td><td>Reference signal reference quality</td></tr></table> <table><tr><td><TA></td><td>0 – 1282</td><td>Timing advance</td></tr></table> <Earfcn> Carrier frequency of the neighbor cell designated by the EUTRA absolute radio frequency	<mode>	0	Disable periodic reporting		1	Enable reporting		2	Currently not used (for backward compatibility)	<type>	5	LTE serving cell		6	LTE neighbor cell	<MCC>	0 – 999	Mobile country code	<MNC>	0 – 999	Mobile network code	<PhyCellId>	0 – 503	Physical cell ID	<RSRPResult>	0 – 97	Reference signal received power	<RSRQResult>	0 – 34	Reference signal reference quality	<TA>	0 – 1282	Timing advance
<mode>	0	Disable periodic reporting																																
	1	Enable reporting																																
	2	Currently not used (for backward compatibility)																																
<type>	5	LTE serving cell																																
	6	LTE neighbor cell																																
<MCC>	0 – 999	Mobile country code																																
<MNC>	0 – 999	Mobile network code																																
<PhyCellId>	0 – 503	Physical cell ID																																
<RSRPResult>	0 – 97	Reference signal received power																																
<RSRQResult>	0 – 34	Reference signal reference quality																																
<TA>	0 – 1282	Timing advance																																

HL7538	
	<PhyCellID> 0 – 503 Physical cell ID of the neighbor cell <RSRPResult> 0 – 97 Average RSRP of the neighbor cell <RSRQResult> 0 – 34 Average RSRQ of the neighbor cell
Unsolicited Notification	<u>Response for serving cell</u> +XCELLINFO: <mode>,<type><MCC>,<MNC>,<CI>,<PhyCellInd>,<TrackingAreaCode>,<RSRPResult>,<RSRQResult>,<TA> <u>Response for neighbor cell</u> +XCELLINFO: <mode>,<type>,[<Earfcn>,<PhyCellID>,<RSRPResult>,<RSRQResult>]]]]]

5.39. +KCCINFO Command: Camped Cell Information

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KCCINFO=?	<u>Response</u> +KCCINFO: (list of supported <mode>s) OK
Read command	Get current mode and camped cell information
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KCCINFO?	<u>Response</u> +KCCINFO: <mode>,<CI>,<RAC>,<TAC> OK
Write command	Enable/disable unsolicited camped cell parameter change event notifications.
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KCCINFO=<mode>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameters</u> <mode> 0 Camped cell parameters change event notification is disabled 1 Camped cell parameters change event notification is enabled <CI> Four byte location area code in hexadecimal format (e.g. "000000C3" equals 195 in decimal) <RAC> One byte routing area code in hexadecimal format. FF will be displayed if routing area identity information is invalid. <TAC> Two byte tracking area code in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00C3" equals 195 in decimal). FFFF will be displayed if tracking area identity information is invalid.
Unsolicited Notification	<u>Response</u> +KCCINFOI: <CI>,<RAC>,<TAC>

HL7538ReferenceSierra Wireless
ProprietaryNotes

- This command used to enable/disable the unsolicited response which informs about any change in camped cell parameters.
- This command works with a SIM card inserted in the modem.
- <mode> is automatically stored in persistent memory.
- The setting takes effect immediately.

5.40. +KSLEEP Command: Power Management Control for UART

HL7538Test commandSyntax**AT+KSLEEP=?**Response**+KSLEEP:** (list of supported <mngt>s)
OKRead commandSyntax**AT+KSLEEP?**Response**+KSLEEP:** <mngt>
OKWrite commandSyntax**AT+KSLEEP=**
<mngt>Response**OK**Parameter

<mngt>	0	The UART doesn't go to sleep mode as long as DTR is active (at low level); DTR has to be active to send AT commands
	1	The UART decides by itself (internal timing) when it will go to sleep mode, and it will be woken up with a character
	2	The UART never goes in sleep mode regardless of the DTR state

ReferenceSierra Wireless
ProprietaryNotes

- The current configuration is kept in non-volatile memory over module reboot.
- This command only controls UART power management, and does not affect the USB AT command port.
- This command can be used without SIM.
- When AT+KSLEEP=1 and the module is in sleep mode, the user needs to input a character to wake the module up. After which, AT commands can be input normally.

Example
AT+KSLEEP=?
+KSLEEP: (0-2)
OK
AT+KSLEEP?
+KSLEEP: 1
OK

HL7538	
	AT+KSLEEP=0 // Change settings to mode 0 OK AT+KSLEEP? +KSLEEP: 0 OK AT+KSLEEP=2 // Change settings to mode 2 OK AT+KSLEEP? +KSLEEP: 2 OK

5.41. +HBHV Command: Configure General System Behavior

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+HBHV=?	<u>Response</u> +HBHV: (0,2,3),(0-1) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+HBHV?	<u>Response</u> +HBHV: 0,<ppp_dun_mode> +HBHV: 2,<pdp_unlock_mode> +HBHV: 3,<show_orig_apn> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+HBHV=0, <ppp_dun_mode> AT+HBHV=2, <pdp_unlock_mode> AT+HBHV=3, <show_orig_apn>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameters</u> <ppp_dun_mode> Behavior of PPP dial-up networking 0 PDP context is brought up after LCP negotiation 1 PDP context is brought up before LCP negotiation <pdp_unlock_mode> PDP unlock mode 0 Protects the reserved PDP context (1) from being modified accidentally 1 Unlocks the protection on the reserved PDP contexts <show_orig_apn> Enable showing the original APN saved in flash (updated by AT+CGDCONT=...), this is effective for PDP context 1 (LTE default bearer) with PDP context reading (AT+CGDCONT?) 0 Disabled, shows APN that is given by network (e.g. "Itemobile.apn.mnc720.mcc302.gprs", "vzwims.mnc480.mcc311.gprs") 1 Enabled, shows the original APN saved in flash

5.42. +CESQ Command: Extended Signal Quality

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CESQ=?	<u>Response</u> +CESQ: (list of supported <rxlev>s),(list of supported <ber>s),(list of supported <rscp>s), (list of supported <ecno>s),(list of supported <rsrq>s),(list of supported <rsrp>s) OK
Execute command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CESQ	<u>Response</u> +CESQ: <rxlev>,<ber>,<rscp>,<ecno>,<rsrq>,<rsrp> OK <u>Parameters</u> <rxlev> Integer type; received signal strength level (see 3GPP TS 45.008 [20] subclause 8.1.4) 0 rssi < -110 dBm 1 -110 dBm ≤ rssi < -109 dBm 2 -109 dBm ≤ rssi < -108 dBm ... 61 -50 dBm ≤ rssi < -49 dBm 62 -49 dBm ≤ rssi < -48 dBm 63 -48 dBm ≤ rssi 99 not known or not detectable <ber> Integer type; channel bit error rate (in percent) 0 – 7 As RXQUAL values in the table in 3GPP TS 45.008 [20] subclause 8.2.4 99 Not known or not detectable <rscp> Integer type; received signal code power (see 3GPP TS 25.133 [95] subclause 9.1.1.3 and 3GPP TS 25.123 [96] subclause 9.1.1.1.3) 0 rscp < -120 dBm 1 -120 dBm ≤ rscp < -119 dBm 2 -119 dBm ≤ rscp < -118 dBm ... 94 -27 dBm ≤ rscp < -26 dBm 95 -26 dBm ≤ rscp < -25 dBm 96 -25 dBm ≤ rscp 255 Not known or not detectable <ecno> Integer type; ratio of the received energy per PN chip to the total received power spectral density (see 3GPP TS 25.133 [95] subclause) 0 Ec/Io < -24 dB 1 -24 dB ≤ Ec/Io < -23.5 dB 2 -23.5 dB ≤ Ec/Io < -23 dB ... 47 -1 dB ≤ Ec/Io < -0.5 dB 48 -0.5 dB ≤ Ec/Io < 0 dB 49 0 dB ≤ Ec/Io 255 Not known or not detectable

HL7538	
	<rsrq> Integer type; reference signal received quality (see 3GPP TS 36.133 [96] subclause 9.1.7) 0 rsrq < -19.5 dB 1 -19.5 dB ≤ rsrq < -19 dB 2 -19 dB ≤ rsrq < -18.5 dB ... 32 -4 dB ≤ rsrq < -3.5 dB 33 -3.5 dB ≤ rsrq < -3 dB 34 -3 dB ≤ rsrq 255 Not known or not detectable <rsrp> Integer type; reference signal received power (see 3GPP TS 36.133 [96] subclause 9.1.4) 0 rsrp < -140 dBm 1 -140 dBm ≤ rsrp < -139 dBm 2 -139 dBm ≤ rsrp < -138 dBm ... 95 -46 dBm ≤ rsrp < -45 dBm 96 -45 dBm ≤ rsrp < -44 dBm 97 -44 dBm ≤ rsrp 255 Not known or not detectable
<u>Notes</u>	• If the current serving cell is not a GERAN cell, <rxlev> and <ber> are set to value 99. • If the current serving cell is not a UTRA FDD or UTRA TDD cell, <rscp> is set to 255. • If the current serving cell is not a UTRA FDD cell, <ecno> is set to 255. • If the current serving cell is not an E-UTRA cell, <rsrq> and <rsrp> are set to 255.

5.43. +XCSQ Command: Radio Signal Strength and Quality with URC Support

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+XCSQ=?	<u>Response</u> +XCSQ: (list of supported <n>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+XCSQ?	<u>Response</u> +XCSQ: <n>,<rssi>,<rsrq> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+XCSQ=<n>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err>

HL7538	
	<u>Parameters</u> <n> 0 Disable radio signal strength and quality indication URC 1 Enable radio signal strength and quality indication URC <rss> Radio signal strength indication; integer type 0 -113 dBm or less 1 – 30 -111 to -53 dBm 31 -51 dBm or greater 99 Not known or not detectable <rsrq> Received signal quality. Range of values = 0 – 34 according to specification 3GPP 36.133 section 9.1.7
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> +XCSQ: <rss>,<rsrq>
<u>Notes</u>	<rss> is scaled from the current radio signal strength (RSRP) value of the serving cell; it is the calculated value of $(113 + \text{RSRP})/2$ ranging from -113 dBm to -51 dBm. RSRP is defined according to 3GPP TS 36.133 section 9.1.4, ranging from -140 dBm to -44 dBm with 1 dB resolution.

5.44. +XCESQ Command: Extended Signal Quality with URC Support

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+XCESQ=?	<u>Response</u> +XCESQ: (list of supported <n>s),(list of supported <rxlev>s),(list of supported <ber>s),(list of supported <rsrp>s),(list of supported <ecno>s),(list of supported <rsrq>s),(list of supported <rsrp>s),(list of supported <rssnr>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+XCESQ?	<u>Response</u> +XCESQ: <n>,<rxlev>,<ber>,<rsrp>,<ecno>,<rsrq>,<rsrp>,<rssnr> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+XCESQ=[<n>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <n> 0 Disable the display of +XCESQ unsolicited response. (default) 1 enable the display of +XCESQ unsolicited response.

HL7538

<rxlev>	Integer type; received signal strength level (see 3GPP TS 45.008 [20] subclause 8.1.4)
0	$\text{rssi} < -110 \text{ dBm}$
1	$-110 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{rssi} < -109 \text{ dBm}$
2	$-109 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{rssi} < -108 \text{ dBm}$
...	
61	$-50 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{rssi} < -49 \text{ dBm}$
62	$-49 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{rssi} < -48 \text{ dBm}$
63	$-48 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{rssi}$
99	Not known or not detectable
<ber>	Integer type; channel bit error rate (in percent)
0 – 7	As RXQUAL values in the table in 3GPP TS 45.008 [20] subclause 8.2.4
99	Not known or not detectable
<rscp>	Integer type; received signal code power (see 3GPP TS 25.133 [95] subclause 9.1.1.3 and 3GPP TS 25.123 [96] subclause 9.1.1.1.3)
0	$\text{rscp} < -120 \text{ dBm}$
1	$-120 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{rscp} < -119 \text{ dBm}$
2	$-119 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{rscp} < -118 \text{ dBm}$
...	
94	$-27 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{rscp} < -26 \text{ dBm}$
95	$-26 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{rscp} < -25 \text{ dBm}$
96	$-25 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{rscp}$
255	Not known or not detectable
<ecno>	Integer type; ratio of the received energy per PN chip to the total received power spectral density (see 3GPP TS 25.133 [95] subclause)
0	$\text{Ec/lo} < -24 \text{ dB}$
1	$-24 \text{ dB} \leq \text{Ec/lo} < -23.5 \text{ dB}$
2	$-23.5 \text{ dB} \leq \text{Ec/lo} < -23 \text{ dB}$
...	
47	$-1 \text{ dB} \leq \text{Ec/lo} < -0.5 \text{ dB}$
48	$-0.5 \text{ dB} \leq \text{Ec/lo} < 0 \text{ dB}$
49	$0 \text{ dB} \leq \text{Ec/lo}$
255	Not known or not detectable
<rsrq>	Integer type; reference signal received quality (see 3GPP TS 36.133 [96] subclause 9.1.7)
0	$\text{rsrq} < -19.5 \text{ dB}$
1	$-19.5 \text{ dB} \leq \text{rsrq} < -19 \text{ dB}$
2	$-19 \text{ dB} \leq \text{rsrq} < -18.5 \text{ dB}$
...	
32	$-4 \text{ dB} \leq \text{rsrq} < -3.5 \text{ dB}$
33	$-3.5 \text{ dB} \leq \text{rsrq} < -3 \text{ dB}$
34	$-3 \text{ dB} \leq \text{rsrq}$
255	Not known or not detectable
<rsrp>	Integer type; reference signal received power (see 3GPP TS 36.133 [96] subclause 9.1.4)
0	$\text{rsrp} < -140 \text{ dBm}$
1	$-140 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{rsrp} < -139 \text{ dBm}$
2	$-139 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{rsrp} < -138 \text{ dBm}$
...	

HL7538	
	95 $-46 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{rsrp} < -45 \text{ dBm}$ 96 $-45 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{rsrp} < -44 \text{ dBm}$ 97 $-44 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{rsrp}$ 255 Not known or not detectable <u><rssnr></u> Integer type; radio signal strength noise ration value -100 $\text{RSSNR} \leq -50 \text{ dB}$ -99 $-50 \text{ dB} < \text{RSSNR} \leq -49.5 \text{ dB}$ -98 $-49.5 \text{ dB} < \text{RSSNR} \leq -49 \text{ dB}$... -1 $-1 \text{ dB} < \text{RSSNR} \leq -0.5 \text{ dB}$ 0 $-0.5 \text{ dB} < \text{RSSNR} \leq 0 \text{ dB}$ 1 $0 \text{ dB} < \text{RSSNR} \leq 0.5 \text{ dB}$... 98 $49 \text{ dB} \leq \text{RSSNR} < 49.5 \text{ dB}$ 99 $49.5 \text{ dB} \leq \text{RSSNR} < 50 \text{ dB}$ 100 $50 \text{ dB} \leq \text{RSSNR}$ 255 Not known or not detectable
Unsolicited Notification	Response +XCESQI: <rxlev>,<ber>,<rscp>,<ecno>,<rsrq>,<rsrp>,<rssnr>
Notes	- If the current serving cell is not a GERAN cell, <rxlev> and <ber> are set to value 99. - If the current serving cell is not a UTRA FDD or UTRA TDD cell, <rscp> and <ecno> are set to 255. - If the current serving cell is not an E-UTRA cell, <rsrq>, <rsrp> and <rssnr> are set to 255.

5.45. +KSREP Command: Mobile Start-up Reporting

HL7538	
Test command	
Syntax AT+KSREP=?	Response +KSREP: (list of supported <act>s) OK
Read command	
Syntax AT+KSREP?	Response +KSREP: <act>,<stat>,<PB ready> OK
Write command	
Syntax AT+KSREP=<act>	Response OK Parameters <act> Indicates if the module must send a unsolicited code during the startup 0 The module doesn't send an unsolicited code 1 The module will send an unsolicited code

HL7538	
	<stat> This code indicates the status of the module 0 The module is ready to receive commands for the TE. No access code is required 1 The module is waiting for an access code. (The AT+CPIN? command can be used to determine it) 2 The SIM card is not present 3 The module is in "SIMlock" state 4 unrecoverable error 5 unknown state <PB ready> Indicates if +PBREADY URC received or not 0 Phonebook not ready 1 Phonebook ready for read and write
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - The module uses unsolicited code once after the boot process +KSUP: <stat> - If <act>=0, +PBREADY and +SIM URC notifications will not be sent at the start up process. However, they will still be sent afterwards during normal modem operation.
<u>Examples</u>	1) SIM detect is enabled, AT+KSIMDET=1 // Reboot module with SIM card inserted and +KSREP disabled; // no +KSUP, +PBREADY, and +SIM URC at start-up at+ksimdet? +KSIMDET: 1 // SIM detect enabled OK at+ksrep? +KSREP: 0,0,1 // Start-up reporting is disabled; // module is ready, +PBREADY is received OK +SIM: 0 // remove SIM card at+ksrep? +KSREP: 0,2,0 // Start-up reporting is disabled; // SIM card not present, +PBREADY not received OK +SIM: 1 // insert SIM card +PBREADY at+ksrep? +KSREP: 0,0,1 // Start-up reporting is disabled; // module is ready, +PBREADY is received OK at+ksrep=1 // enable start-up reporting OK // reboot module +SIM: 1 // URC display at start-up +KSUP: 0 // module is ready +PBREADY

HL7538

```

at+ksrep?
+KSREP: 1,0,1n // Start-up reporting is enabled;
                  // module is ready, +PBREADY is received
OK

+SIM: 0 // remove SIM card

at+ksrep?
+KSREP: 1,2,0 // Start-up reporting is enabled;
                  // SIM card not present, +PBREADY not received
OK

+SIM: 1 // insert SIM card
+PBREADY

at+ksrep?
+KSREP: 1,0,1 // Start-up reporting is enabled;
                  // module is ready, +PBREADY is received
                  // SIM card present
OK

// Reboot module without SIM card inserted and +KSREP disabled

at+ksimdet?
+KSIMDET: 1 // SIM detect enabled
OK

at+ksrep?
+KSREP: 0,2,0 // Start-up reporting is disabled;
                  // SIM card not present, +PBREADY not received
OK

+SIM: 1 // insert SIM card
+PBREADY

at+ksrep?
+KSREP: 0,0,1 // Start-up reporting is disabled;
                  // module is ready, +PBREADY is received
OK

+SIM: 0 // remove SIM card

at+ksrep?
+KSREP: 0,2,0 // Start-up reporting is disabled;
                  // SIM card not present, +PBREADY not received
OK

at+ksrep=1 // enable start-up reporting
OK

// reboot module
+SIM: 0
+KSUP: 2

```

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at+ksrep?
+KSREP: 1,2,0 // Start-up reporting is enabled;
 // SIM card not present, +PBREADY not received
OK

2) SIM detect is disabled, AT+KSIMDET=0
 // Reboot module with SIM card inserted and +KSREP disabled

at+ksimdet?
+KSIMDET: 0 // SIM detect disabled
OK

at+ksrep?
+KSREP: 0,0,1 // Start-up reporting is disabled;
 // module is ready, +PBREADY is received
OK

at+ksrep=1 // enable start-up reporting
OK

// reboot module
+KSUP: 0
+PBREADY

at+ksrep?
+KSREP: 1,0,1 // Start-up reporting is enabled;
 // module is ready, +PBREADY is received
OK

// Reboot module without SIM card inserted and +KSREP disabled

at+ksimdet?
+KSIMDET: 0 // SIM detect disabled
OK

at+ksrep?
+KSREP: 0,2,0 // Start-up reporting is disabled;
 // SIM card not present, +PBREADY not received
OK

at+ksrep=1 // enable start-up reporting
OK

// reboot module
+KSUP: 2

at+ksrep?
+KSREP: 1,2,0 // Start-up reporting is enabled;
 // SIM card not present, +PBREADY not received
OK

5.46. +KSIMDET Command: SIM Detection

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KSIMDET=?	<u>Response</u> +KSIMDET: (list of supported <mod>s) OK
Read command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KSIMDET?	<u>Response</u> +KSIMDET: <mod> OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KSIMDET= <mod>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <mod> 0 Disable SIM detection 1 Enable SIM detection
<u>Notes</u>	• If a change in the SIM status is detected, the module is notified by URC +SIM: <status>, where <status> = 0 means the SIM is extracted and <status> = 1 means the SIM is inserted. • This command can be supported even without SIM card. • <mod> setting will be kept after module reboot. • The value of +KSIMDET should be set before inserting a SIM card.
<u>Examples</u>	<A SIM card is inserted> <pre> AT+KSIMDET? // read current setting +KSIMDET: 1 OK +SIM: 0 // Active SIM card is removed +SIM: 1 // Active SIM card is inserted AT+KSIMDET=? // check supported setting +KSIMDET: (0-1) OK AT+KSIMDET=0 // disable SIM detection OK <no URC indication when SIM cards is removed or inserted> AT+KSIMDET? // read current setting +KSIMDET: 0 OK <reboot module> AT+KSIMDET? // read current setting +KSIMDET: 0 OK </pre>

5.47. +KRIC Command: Ring Indicator Control

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KRIC=?	<u>Response</u> +KRIC: (list of supported <mask> s),(list of supported <shape> s) OK
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KRIC?	<u>Response</u> +KRIC: <mask> , <shape> OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KRIC= <mask> [,<shape>]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameters</u> <mask> Use of RI signal 0x00 RI is not used 0x01 RI is activated on incoming calls (+CRING, RING) 0x02 RI is activated on SMS (+CMT, +CMTI) 0x04 RI is activated on SMS-CB (+CBM, +CBMI) 0x08 RI is activated on USSD (+CUSD) 0x10 RI is activated on network state (+CIEV) <shape> Signal shape (only available for incoming calls) 0 Repeat pulses. The total length of the pulse is equivalent to the transfer of the RING or CRING notification 1 Always active. The signal is set to be active during the whole incoming call notification
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • The current configuration is kept in flash after a reset. • For SMS and other unsolicited messages, only one pulse is set, regardless of <shape> • The width of the pulse is 1s. For repeated pulse on incoming calls, pulse width is 1s, and then rest for 4 second, and then repeated. • Do not use the command while an incoming call, SMS, SMSCB, USSD, etc. • This command can be used without SIM. • If <shape> is omitted, the previously saved value will be used.
<u>Examples</u>	AT+KRIC=? +KRIC: (0-31),(0-1) OK AT+KRIC? +KRIC: 15,0 OK AT+KRIC=1,1 // RI activated on incoming call with always active OK AT+KRIC? +KRIC: 1,1 OK

HL7538	
	AT+KRIC=2 // RI activated on SMS OK AT+KRIC? +KRIC: 2,1 OK

5.48. +WEXTCLK Command: External Clocks Setting

HL7538													
Test command													
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WEXTCLK=?	<u>Response</u> +WEXTCLK: (list of supported <output>s),(list of supported <status>es) OK												
Read command													
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WEXTCLK?	<u>Response</u> +WEXTCLK: <output> , <status> +WEXTCLK: <output> , <status> OK												
Write command													
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WEXTCLK= <output> , <status>	<u>Response</u> +WEXTCLK: <output> , <status> OK <u>Parameters</u> <table><tr><td><output></td><td>0</td><td>32kHz output (32K_CLKOUT)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>26MHz output (26M_CLKOUT)</td></tr></table> <table><tr><td><status></td><td>0</td><td>Disabled</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>Enabled</td></tr></table>	<output>	0	32kHz output (32K_CLKOUT)		1	26MHz output (26M_CLKOUT)	<status>	0	Disabled		1	Enabled
<output>	0	32kHz output (32K_CLKOUT)											
	1	26MHz output (26M_CLKOUT)											
<status>	0	Disabled											
	1	Enabled											
<u>Notes</u>	• This command allows generating 32 kHz and 26 MHz on the output clock pins of the module. • The parameters are saved in non-volatile memory. • This command is available when the module has finished its initialization. • This command works without SIM card.												

5.49. +KGSMAD Command: GSM/UMTS/LTE Antenna detection

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KGSMAD=?	<u>Response</u> +KGSMAD: (list of supported <mod>s),(list of supported <urcmode>s),(list of supported <interval>s),(list of supported <detGPIO>s),(list of supported <repGPIO>s) OK
Read command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KGSMAD?	<u>Response</u> +KGSMAD: <mod> , <urcmode> , <interval> , <detGPIO> , <repGPIO> OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KGSMAD= <mod> , [<urcmode> [,<interval> [,<detGPIO> [,<repGPIO>]]]]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameters</u> <mod> 0 Disable antenna detection 1 Periodic antenna detection 2 Instantaneous antenna detection <urcmode> URC presentation mode It has meaning only if <mod> is 1 0 Disable the presentation of antenna detection URC 1 Enable the presentation of antenna detection URC <interval> 45 - 3600s Interval between two detection (default is <u>120</u>). This parameter only has meaning if <mod> is 1. <detGPIO> 1-8, 10-11, 13-15 Defines which GPIO to use as input by the antenna detection algorithm (default value = <u>5</u>) <repGPIO> 1-8, 10-11, 13-15 Defines which GPIO to use as output by the antenna detection algorithm to report antenna condition (default value = <u>7</u>). This parameter only has meaning if <mod> is 1.
Reference	<u>Notes</u> <repGPIO> is set to LOW when the antenna is connected; otherwise, it is set to HIGH. - If the antenna detection algorithm detects a change in the antenna status, the module is notified by URC +KGSMAD: <presence> where <presence> = 0 Antenna connected 1 Antenna connector short circuited to ground 2 Antenna connector short circuited to power 3 Antenna not detected (open) - Check with +KGPIOCFG when using +KGSMAD command. - GPIOs may be already used by +KSIMDET, +KSYNC, and +KTEMPMON. - Instantaneous activation doesn't affect a periodic activation eventually started before.

5.50. +XETWCFG Command: ETWS Configuration

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+XETWCFG=?	<u>Response</u> +XETWCFG: (list of supported <pri_noti>s), (list of supported <sec_noti>s), (list of supported <sec_cfg>s), (list of supported <dup_det>s) OK
Read command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+XETWCFG?	<u>Response</u> +XETWCFG: <pri_noti>, <sec_noti>, <sec_cfg>, <dup_det> OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+XETWCFG= <pri_noti>, <sec_noti>, <sec_cfg>, <dup_det>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <pri_noti> 0 FALSE Reception of primary notification is OFF 1 TRUE Reception of primary notification is ON <sec_noti> Sets if the secondary notification is received, independent of the reception of the corresponding primary notification 0 FALSE Immediate reception of secondary notification is OFF 1 TRUE Immediate reception of secondary notification is ON <sec_cfg> Security configuration 0 FALSE Security check is OFF 1 TRUE Security check is ON <dup_det> Indicates settings for ignoring duplicate notifications 0 Ignore all duplicate notifications (primary and secondary notifications) 1 Ignore duplicate secondary notifications
<u>Notes</u>	This command is used to configure the Earthquake and Tsunami Warning System (ETWS).

5.51. +XETWNTFYSTART Command: Start ETWS Warning Notifications

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+ XETWNTFYSTART =?	<u>Response</u> +XETWNTFYSTART: (list of supported <warning_type>s), (list of supported <n>s), (list of supported <mid_range_low_n>s), (list of supported <mid_range_high_n>s) OK
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+ XETWNTFYSTART ?	<u>Response</u> +XETWNTFYSTART: <warning_type> OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+ XETWNTFYSTART =<warning_type>, [<n>,<mid_range_low_1>,<mid_range_high_1> [,...<mid_range_low_n>,<mid_range_high_n>]]]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <warning_type> This parameter is set when ETWS is used. The warning type value field indicates the following 5 warning types as its values. 0 Earthquake only 1 Tsunami only 2 Both earthquake and tsunami 3 Test mode will be activated 4 Others 5 MSG ID Range list for non-test Message Identifiers is used 6 MSG ID Range list for Test Message Identifiers is used <n> Integer type; number of message identifiers ranges <mid_range_low_n> Integer type; message identifier low range <mid_range_high_n> Integer type; message identifier high range <primary_warning_type> This parameter is set when ETWS is used for the warning type value field <serial_number> This parameter is a 16-bit integer which identifies a particular CBS message (which may be one to fifteen pages in length) from the source and type indicated by the message identifier and is altered every time the CBS message with a given Message Identifier is changed. The two octets of the serial number field are divided into a 2-bit Geographical Scope (GS) indicator, a 10-bit Message Code and a 4-bit Update Number. This parameter is defined in 3GPP TS 23.041 <mid> Integer type; identifies the source and type of the CBS message <no_pages> Total number of pages within the message

HL7538									
	<coding_scheme> This parameter identifies the alphabet or coding employed for the message characters and message handling at the MS/UE and is passed transparently from the CBC to the MS/UE. The CBS Data Coding Scheme indicates the intended handling of the message at the MS, the character set/coding, and the language (when applicable). Any reserved codings shall be assumed to be the GSM 7 bit default alphabet (the same as codepoint 00001111) by a receiving entity. This parameter is defined in 3GPP TS23.038 <current_page> The current page number being displayed <cb_data> The raw data of CBS will be unpacked and displayed in text format, in case the coding scheme is decoded as English language (see 3GPP TS 23.041). If not, the PDU format of the data(each page) is output as: +XETWSECWARN: <length><CR><LF><pdu> <security_status> Indicates brief ETWS security status <table> <tr> <td>0</td><td>No security check done</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Security check passed</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>No security parameters have been received</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>Security check failed</td></tr> </table>	0	No security check done	1	Security check passed	2	No security parameters have been received	3	Security check failed
0	No security check done								
1	Security check passed								
2	No security parameters have been received								
3	Security check failed								
<u>Notes</u>	- This command is used to start the different ETWS warning notifications. <n>, <mid_range_low_n> and <mid_range_high_n> parameters are applicable only if <warning_type> is either 5 or 6. - Decimal value for <mid_range_low_n> and <mid_range_high_n> to be given as input for <warning_type> is either 5 or 6. For example, mid value 0xa001 : "at+xetwntfystart=5, 1, 40961, 40961" - Primary Notification is the information which is used specifically in ETWS in order to notify users about the most urgent event in seconds rather than minutes, such as imminent occurrence of Earthquake. URC: +XETWPRIWARN : <serial_number>, <mid>, <primary_warning_type>, <security_status> - Secondary Notification is the information which is used specifically in ETWS in order to notify users supplementary information that is of lesser urgency such as instructions on what to do / where to get help, for example, map to refuge facilities, time table of food distribution. The next line is repeated by the no_pages parameter (in case of Text format) : URC : +XETWSECWARN : <serial_number>, <mid>, <coding_scheme>, <current_page>, <no_pages>, <cb_data> - The next line is repeated by the no_pages parameter (in case of PDU format) : URC : +XETWSECWARN: <length><CR><LF><pdu>								

5.52. +XETWNTFYSTOP Command: Stop ETWS Warning Notifications

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+ XETWNTFYSTOP= ?	<u>Response</u> +XETWNTFYSTOP: (list of supported <warning_type>s), (255) OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+ XETWNTFYSTOP= <warning_type>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <warning_type> This parameter is set when ETWS is used. The warning type value field indicates the following warning types as its values 0 Earthquake only 1 Tsunami only 2 Both earthquake and tsunami 3 Test mode will be activated 4 Others 5 MSG ID Range list for non-test Message Identifiers is used 6 MSG ID Range list for Test Message Identifiers is used 255 Stops ETWS warning reception for all warning type values
<u>Notes</u>	This command is used to stop the different ETWS warning notifications.

>> 6. Network Service Related Commands

6.1. +CAOC Command: Advice of Charge

HL7538										
Test command										
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CAOC=?	<u>Response</u> +CAOC: (list of supported <mode>s) OK									
Read command										
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CAOC?	<u>Response</u> +CAOC: <mode> OK									
Write command										
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CAOC= [<mode>]	<u>Response</u> +CAOC: <ccm> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <table><tr><td><mode></td><td>0</td><td>Query CCM value</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>Deactivate unsolicited notification (+CCCM)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>2</td><td>Activate unsolicited notification</td></tr></table> <ccm> String type; three bytes of the current call meter value in hexadecimal format	<mode>	0	Query CCM value		1	Deactivate unsolicited notification (+CCCM)		2	Activate unsolicited notification
<mode>	0	Query CCM value								
	1	Deactivate unsolicited notification (+CCCM)								
	2	Activate unsolicited notification								
Unsolicited Notification	<u>Response</u> +CCCM: <ccm>									

6.2. +CUSD Command: Unstructured Supplementary Service Data

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CUSD=?	<u>Response</u> +CUSD: (list of supported <n>s) OK

HL7538	
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CUSD?	<u>Response</u> +CUSD: <n> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CUSD=[<n> [,<str>,<dc>]]]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <n> Enables or disables the presentation of an unsolicited result code <u>0</u> Disable the result code presentation to the TE (default value if no parameter) 1 Enable the result code presentation to the TE 2 Cancel session (not applicable to read command response) <str> String type USSD-string (when <str> parameter is not given, network is not interrogated) <dc> Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format (default value: <u>0</u>) <m> 0 No further user action required (network initiated USSD-Notify, or no further information needed after mobile initiated operation) 1 Further user action required (network initiated USSD-Request, or further information needed after mobile initiated operation) 2 USSD terminated by network 3 Other local client has responded 4 Operation not supported 5 Network time out
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> +CUSD: <m>[,<str>,<dc>]

6.3. +CLCK Command: Facility Lock

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CLCK=?	<u>Response</u> +CLCK: (list of supported <fac>s) OK or +CME ERROR: <err>

HL7538*Write command*Syntax

**AT+CLCK=<fac>,
<mode>
[,<passwd>
[,<class>]]**

Response

If <mode> = 2 and command is successful:

OK

**+CLCK: <status>[,<class1>[<CR>,<LF>
+CLCK: <status>,class2...]]**

or

+CME ERROR: <err>

Parameters

<fac> Values reserved by the present document:

"PS" PH-SIM (lock Phone to SIM/UICC card installed in the currently selected card slot) (MT asks for the password when other than current SIM/UICC card is inserted; MT may remember certain previously used cards thus not requiring password when they are inserted)

"SC" SIM (lock SIM/UICC card) (SIM/UICC asks password in MT power-up and when this lock command issued)

"AO" BAOC (Barr All Outgoing Calls)

"OI" BOIC (Barr Outgoing International Calls)

"OX" BOIC-exHC (Barr Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country)

"AI" BAIC (Barr All Incoming Calls)

"IR" BIC-Roam (Barr Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the home country)

"AB" All Barring services (applicable only for mode>=0)

"AG" All outgoing barring services (applicable only for <mode>=0)

"AC" All incoming barring services (applicable only for <mode>=0)

"FD" SIM card or active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM) fixed dialing memory feature (if PIN2 authentication has not been done during the current session, PIN2 is required as <passwd>)

"PN" Network Personalization

"PU" Network subset Personalization

"PP" Service Provider Personalization

"PC" Corporate Personalization

<mode>

0	Unlock
1	Lock
2	Query status

<status>

0	Not active
1	Active

<passwd> String type; shall be the same as password specified for the facility from the ME user interface or with command +CPWD

<classx> Sum of integers each representing a class of information (default value = 7)

2 Data (refers to all bearer services; with <mode>=2 this may refer only to some bearer service if TA does not support values 16, 32, 64 and 128)

4 Fax (facsimile services)

8 Short message service

16 Data circuit sync

32 Data circuit async

64 Dedicated packet access

128 Dedicated PAD access

6.4. +CNUM Command: Subscriber Number

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CNUM=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CNUM	<u>Response</u> +CNUM: [<alpha1>,<number1>,<type1>[,<speed>,<service>[,<itc>]] [<CR><LF> +CNUM: [<alpha2>,<number2>,<type2>[,<speed>,<service>[,<itc>]] [...]] OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <alphax> Optional alphanumeric string associated with <numberx>; used character set should be the one selected with command +CSCS <numberx> String type phone number of format specified by <typex> <typex> Type of address octet in integer format <speed> As defined in 27.007 sub clause 6.7, corresponding to +CBST setting <service> Service related to the phone number 0 Asynchronous modem 1 Synchronous modem 2 PAD Access (asynchronous) 3 Packet Access (synchronous) 5 Fax <itc> Information transfer capability 0 3.1kHz 1 UDI

6.5. +COLP Command: Connected Line Identification Presentation

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+COLP=?	<u>Response</u> +COLP: (list of supported <n>s) OK

HL7538	
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+COLP?	<u>Response</u> +COLP: <n>,<m> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+COLP=[<n>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <n> 0 Disable result code presentation status to the TE 1 Enable result code presentation status to the TE <m> 0 COLP not provisioned 1 COLP provisioned 2 Unknown (e.g. no network, etc.)
<u>Notes</u>	If the connected line identity of the called party is enabled, (and called subscriber allows it), the intermediate result code +COLP: <number>, <type> [,<subaddr>, <satype> [, <alpha>]] is returned from TA to TE.

6.6. +COPN Command: Read Operator Name

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+COPN=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+COPN	<u>Response</u> +COPN: <numeric1>,<alpha1>[<CR><LF> +COPN: <numeric2>,<alpha2> [...] OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <numeric> String type; operator in numeric format (see +COPS) <alpha> String type; operator in long alphanumeric format (see +COPS)
<u>Notes</u>	If the matching PLMN name is not found then the numeric PLMN ID (MCCMNC) will be displayed.

6.7. +COPS Command: Operator Selection

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+COPS=?	<u>Response</u> +COPS: [[list of supported (<stat>, long alphanumeric <oper>, short alphanumeric <oper>, numeric <oper>[,< AcT>,<plmn_list>)]s][, (list of supported <mode>s), (list of supported <format>s)] OK or +CME ERROR: <err>
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+COPS?	<u>Response</u> +COPS: <mode>[,<format>,<oper>[,<AcT>]] OK or +CME ERROR: <err>
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+COPS= [<mode> [,<format> [,<oper> [,< AcT>]]]]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <mode> 0 Automatic; in this case other fields are ignored and registration is done automatically by ME 1 Manual (other parameters like format and operator need to be passed) 2 Deregister from network 3 Sets <format> value. In this case <format> becomes a mandatory input 4 Manual/automatic; if manual selection fails then automatic mode is entered <format> 0 Long alphanumeric; if network name is not available it displays a combination of MCC and MNC in string format 1 Short alphanumeric 2 Numeric <oper> String type given in format <format>; this field may be up to 16 character long for long alphanumeric format, up to 8 characters for short alphanumeric format and 5 characters long for numeric format (MCC/MNC codes) <stat> 0 Unknown networks 1 Network available 2 Current (registered) 3 Forbidden network <AcT> 7 LTE

HL7538	
	<plmn_list> 0 PLMN is present on the EHPLMN list 1 PLMN is present on the user-controlled PLMN list 2 PLMN is present on the operator-controlled PLMN list Note that this parameter only supports R7 Protocol Stack onwards.
<u>Notes</u>	• This command forces an attempt to select and register the GSM, UMTS network. • Set command sets automatic network selection or selects network and a certain access technology AcT. • Read command returns current network. • Test command returns available networks and lists of supported <mode>s and <format>s. • This command is abortable. The port shall be freed for issuing another command. No network abort shall be triggered. • <mode>=0, 1, 2, 4 and <oper> are saved in non-volatile memory over module reboot • <format> is saved in non-volatile memory per AT port over module reboot

6.8. +CPOL Command: Preferred PLMN List

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CPOL=?	<u>Response</u> +CPOL: (list of supported <index>es),(list of supported <format>s) OK or +CME ERROR: <err>
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CPOL?	<u>Response</u> +CPOL: <index1>,<format>,<oper1>[,<GSM_AcT1>,<GSM_Compact_AcT1>,<UTRAN_AcT1>][<CR><LF> +CPOL: <index2>,<format>,<oper2>[,<GSM_AcT2>,<GSM_Compact_AcT2>,<UTRAN_AcT2>] [...]] OK or +CME ERROR: <err>
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CPOL= [<index>] [,<format> [,<oper> [,<GSM_AcT>,<GSM_Compact_AcT>,<UTRAN_AcT>,<EUTRAN_AcT>]]]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <index> Integer type; order number of operator in the SIM/USIM preferred operator list

HL7538	
	<format> 0 Long format alphanumeric <oper> 1 Short format alphanumeric <oper> 2 Numeric <oper> <opern> String type; <format> indicates if the format is alphanumeric or numeric <GSM_Act> 0 GSM access technology not selected 1 GSM access technology selected <GSM_Comp_Act> 0 GSM compact access technology not selected 1 GSM compact access technology selected <UTRA_Act> 0 UTRA access technology not selected 1 UTRA access technology selected <EUTRA_Act> 0 UTRA access technology not selected 1 UTRA access technology selected
Notes	- The read command can have "n" RAT values - If matching PLMN name is not found, then numeric PLMN ID (MCCMNC) will be displayed

6.9. +CPWD Command: Change Password

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPWD=?	<u>Response</u> +CPWD: list of supported (<fac>,<pwdlength>)s OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPWD= <fac>,<oldpwd>,<newpwd>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <fac> "PS" PH-SIM (lock Phone to SIM/UICC card installed in the currently selected card slot) (MT asks for the password when other than current SIM/UICC card is inserted; MT may remember certain previously used cards thus not requiring password when they are inserted) "SC" SIM (lock SIM/UICC card) (SIM/UICC asks password in MT power-up and when this lock command issued) "AO" BAO (Barr All Outgoing Calls) "OI" BOIC (Barr Outgoing International Calls) "OX" BOIC-exHC (Barr Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country) "AI" BAIC (Barr All Incoming Calls)

HL7538		
	"IR"	BIC-Roam (Barr Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the home country)
	"FD"	SIM card or active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM) fixed dialing memory feature (if PIN2 authentication has not been done during the current session, PIN2 is required as <passwd>)
	"PN"	Network Personalization
	"PU"	Network subset Personalization
	"PP"	Service Provider Personalization
	"PC"	Corporate Personalization
	<oldpwd>	String type containing the old password
	<newpwd>	String type containing the new password
	<pwdlength>	Length of password

6.10. +CREG Command: Network Registration

HL7538		
<i>Test command</i>		
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CREG=?	<u>Response</u> +CREG: (list of supported <n>s) OK	
<i>Read command</i>		
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CREG?	<u>Response</u> +CREG: <n>,<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<Act>]] OK	
<i>Write command</i>		
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CREG=[<n>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err>	
	<u>Parameters</u>	
	<n> 0	Disable network registration unsolicited result code
	1	Enable network registration unsolicited result code +CREG: <stat>
	2	Enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code +CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<Act>]]
	<stat> 0	Not registered, ME is not currently searching a new operator to register to
	1	Registered, home network
	2	Not registered, but ME is currently searching a new operator to register to
	3	Registration denied
	4	Unknown
	5	Registered, roaming
	<lac>	String type; two byte location area code in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00C3" equals 195 in decimal)

HL7538	
	<ci> String type; four byte E-UTRAN cell ID in hexadecimal format <AcT> 7 E-UTRAN
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> When <n>=1 and there is a change in the ME network registration status code: +CREG: <stat> When <n>=2 and there is a change in the network cell: +CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<Act>]]

6.11. +CSSN Command: Supplementary Service Notification

HL7538													
Test command													
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSSN=?	<u>Response</u> +CSSN: (list of supported <n>s), (list of supported <m>s) OK												
Read command													
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSSN?	<u>Response</u> +CSSN: <n>,<m> OK												
Write command													
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSSN=[<n> [,<m>]]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <table><tr><td><n></td><td>0</td><td>Disable +CSSI result code presentation status to the TE</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>Enable +CSSI result code presentation status to the TE</td></tr><tr><td><m></td><td>0</td><td>Disable +CSSU result code presentation status to the TE</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>Enable +CSSU result code presentation status to the TE</td></tr></table>	<n>	0	Disable +CSSI result code presentation status to the TE		1	Enable +CSSI result code presentation status to the TE	<m>	0	Disable +CSSU result code presentation status to the TE		1	Enable +CSSU result code presentation status to the TE
<n>	0	Disable +CSSI result code presentation status to the TE											
	1	Enable +CSSI result code presentation status to the TE											
<m>	0	Disable +CSSU result code presentation status to the TE											
	1	Enable +CSSU result code presentation status to the TE											
Unsolicited Notification	<u>Response</u> +CSSI : <code1>[,<index>] +CSSU: <code2>[<index> [,<number>,<type>]] <u>Parameters</u> <table><tr><td><code1></td><td>0</td><td>Unconditional call forwarding is active</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>Some of the conditional call forwarding are active</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>2</td><td>Call has been forwarded</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>3</td><td>Call is waiting</td></tr></table>	<code1>	0	Unconditional call forwarding is active		1	Some of the conditional call forwarding are active		2	Call has been forwarded		3	Call is waiting
<code1>	0	Unconditional call forwarding is active											
	1	Some of the conditional call forwarding are active											
	2	Call has been forwarded											
	3	Call is waiting											

HL7538	
	4 This is a CUG call (also <index> present) 5 Outgoing calls are barred 6 Incoming calls are barred 7 CLIR suppression rejected 8 Call has been deflected <index> 0 – 9 Index 10 No index (prefer to take from subscriber data) <code2> 0 This is a forwarded call (MT call setup) 1 This is a CUG call (<index> present) (MT call setup) 6 Forward check SS message received (can be received whenever) 8 Call has been connected with the other remote party in explicit call transfer operation (during an MT call setup) 9 This is a deflected call (MT call setup) 10 Additional incoming call forwarded <number> String type phone of format specified by <type> <type> Type of address octet in Integer format

6.12. +CPLS Command: Select Preferred PLMN List

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPLS=?	<u>Response</u> +CPLS: (list of supported <cpls_list>s) OK
Read command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPLS?	<u>Response</u> +CPLS: <cpls_list> OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPLS= [<cpls_list>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <cpls_list> 0 User controlled PLMN selector with access technology EFPLMNwAcT, but if not found in the SIM/UICC, then the PLMN preferred list is EFPLMNsel 1 Operator controlled PLMN selector with access technology EFOPLMNwAcT 2 HPLMN selector with access technology EFHPLMNwAcT

6.13. +CEREG Command: EPS Network Registration Status

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CEREG=?	<u>Response</u> +CEREG: (list of supported <n>s) OK
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CEREG?	<u>Response</u> +CEREG: <n>,<stat>[,<tac>,<ci>[,<AcT>]] OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CEREG= [<n>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <n> <u>0</u> Disable network registration unsolicited result code 1 Enable network registration unsolicited result code +CEREG: <stat> 2 Enable network registration unsolicited result code +CEREG: <stat> [,<tac>,<ci>[,<AcT>]] <stat> 0 Not registered, MT is not currently searching an operator to register to 1 Registered on the home network 2 Not registered, but MT is currently trying to attach or searching for an operator to register to 3 Registration denied 4 Unknown 5 Registered, roaming 8 Attached for emergency bearer services only (note that this is only available when <AcT> = 2, 4, 5, 6) <tac> String type; two-byte tracking area code in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00C3" is equals to 195 in decimal) <ci> String type; four-byte E-UTRAN cell ID in hexadecimal format <AcT> 7 E-UTRAN

6.14. +CEMODE Command: UE Modes of Operation for EPS

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CEMODE=?	<u>Response</u> +CEMODE: (list of supported <mode> s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CEMODE?	<u>Response</u> +CEMODE: <mode> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CEMODE= [<mode>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <mode> Indicates mode of operation 0 PS mode 2 of operation 1 Type not supported <u>2</u> CS/PS mode 2 of operation 3 PS mode 1 of operation
<u>Notes</u>	<mode> is saved in non-volatile memory over module reboot.



7. Phone Book Management

7.1. +PBREADY URC: Phonebook Ready

+PBREADY URC will be displayed when the phone book is ready for read and write operation on boot-up or upon insertion of a valid SIM card.

>> 8. SMS Commands

8.1. Parameters Definition

The following parameters are used in the subsequent clauses which describe all commands. The formats of integer and string types referenced here are defined in V.25ter.

The default values are for command parameters, not for result code parameters.

8.1.1. Message Storage Parameters

<index>	Integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory	
<mem1>	String type; memory from which messages are read and/or deleted (by commands +CMGL, +CMGR and +CMGD); defined values are as follows:	
	"BM"	Broadcast message storage
	"ME"	ME message storage
	"MT"	Any of the storages associated with ME
	"SM"	(U)SIM message storage ; default value
	"TA"	TA message storage
	"SR"	Status report storage
<mem2>	String type; memory to which writing and sending operations are made (commands Send Message from Storage +CMSS and Write Message to Memory +CMGW); refer <mem1> for defined values. Default value is "ME".	
<mem3>	String type; preferred memory to which received SMs are to be stored (unless forwarded directly to TE; refer command New Message Indications +CNMI); refer <mem1> for defined values. Default value is "ME".	
<stat>	Status of message in memory. Integer type in PDU mode, or string type in text mode. Available values are as follows:	
	0	"REC UNREAD" Received unread message (i.e. new message)
	1	"REC READ" Received read message
	2	"STO UNSENT" Stored unsent message
	3	"STO SENT" Stored sent message (only applicable to SMs)
	4	"ALL" All messages (only applicable to +CMGL command)
<total1>	Integer type; total number of message locations in <mem1>	
<total2>	Integer type; total number of message locations in <mem2>	
<total3>	Integer type; total number of message locations in <mem3>	
<used1>	Integer type; number of messages currently in <mem1>	
<used2>	Integer type; number of messages currently in <mem2>	
<used3>	Integer type; number of messages currently in <mem3>	

8.1.2. Message Data Parameters

<ackpdu>	RP-User-Data element of RP-ACK PDU; format is same as for <pdu> in case of SMS, but without SC address field and parameter shall be bounded by double quote characters like a normal string type parameter.
<alpha>	String type alphanumeric representation of <da> or <oa> corresponding to the entry found in MT phonebook; implementation of this feature is manufacturer specific; used character set should be the one selected with command +CSCS.
<cdata>	Command data in text mode responses; ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)).
<ct>	Command type in integer format (default value = 0).
<da>	Address value in string format. BCD numbers (or GSM 7-bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (refer to command +CSCS). Type of address is given by <toa>.
<data>	In the case of user data in text mode responses; format: - if <dc> indicates that GSM 7-bit default alphabet is used and <fo> indicates that user data header indication is not set - if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer to command +CSCS): ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set - if TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of GSM 7-bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. character II (GSM 7-bit default alphabet 23) is presented as 17 (IRA 49 and 55)) - if <dc> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, or <fo> indicates that user data header indication is set: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)) In the case of CBS: CBM Content of Message in text mode responses; format: - if <dc> indicates that GSM 7-bit default alphabet is used - if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer to command +CSCS); ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set - if TE character set is "HEX"; ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of the GSM 7-bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number - if <dc> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used; ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number
<length>	Integer type value indicating the length of the actual TP data unit in octets in PDU mode. This is 140 characters long according to 8-bit GSM coding scheme. In text mode, the maximum length of an SMS depends on the used coding scheme (160 characters if 7-bit).
<mid>	CBM Message Identifier in integer format
<mn>	TP-Message-Number in integer format
<mr>	Message reference in integer format
<oa>	Origination address address value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7-bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (refer to command +CSCS); type of address given by <toa>
<page>	CBM Page Parameter bits 4 – 7 in integer format
<pages>	CBM Page Parameter bits 0 – 3 in integer format

<pdu>	GSM 04.11 SC address followed by GSM 03.40 TPDU in hexadecimal format In the case of CBS, TPDU in hexadecimal format
<pid>	Protocol identifier in integer format. Default value is 0
<ra>	Recipient address address value in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7-bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (refer to command +CSCS); type of address is given by <tora>
<sca>	String value enclosed in quotes indicating the service center address. Note that BCD numbers are converted to characters; type of address is given by <tosca>
<scts>	Service centre time stamp in time-string format (refer to <dt>)
<sn>	CBM Serial Number in integer format
<st>	Status in integer format
<toda>	Type of address octet in integer format. Default value is 145 if the first character of <da> is "+"; otherwise, default value is 129
<toa>	Originating address type of address octet in integer format (refer to <toda> for the default value)
<tora>	Recipient address type of address octet in integer format (refer to <toda> for the default value)
<tosca>	SC address type of address octet in integer format (refer to <toda> for the default value)
<vp>	Depending on SMS-SUBMIT <fo> setting: TP-Validity-Period either in integer format (default value = 167) or in time-string format (refer to <dt>)
<vp>	Validity period in either integer format (default value = 167) or in time-string format depending on <fo> settings
<dc>	SMS Data Coding Scheme (default value = 0), or Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format
<dt>	Discharge time in time-string format "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz" where the characters indicate year, month, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone. For example, May 6, 1994, 10:10 pm GMT+2 hours is equals to "94/05/06,22:10:00+08"
<fo>	First octet of SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default value = 17), SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND (default value = 2) in integer format depending on command or result code

8.2. +CMGD Command: Delete Message

HL7538	
Test command	
Syntax AT+CMGD=?	Response +CMGD: (list of supported <index>es)[,(list of supported <delflag>s)] OK
Write command	
Syntax AT+CMGD= <index> [,<delflag>]	Response OK or +CMS ERROR: <err>

HL7538	
	<u>Parameter</u> <delflag> Integer indicating multiple message deletion request 0 (or omitted) Delete the message specified in <index> 1 Delete all read messages from preferred message storage, leaving unread messages and stored mobile originated messages (whether sent or not) untouched 2 Delete all read messages from preferred message storage and sent mobile originated messages, leaving unread messages and unsent mobile originated messages untouched 3 Delete all read messages from preferred message storage, sent and unsent mobile originated messages leaving unread messages untouched 4 Delete all messages from preferred message storage including unread messages
<u>Notes</u>	Execution command deletes message from preferred message storage <mem1>, location <index>. If <delflag> is present and not set to 0 then the ME shall ignore <index> and follow the rules for <delflag> shown above.

8.3. +CMGF Command: Set Message Format

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMGF=?	<u>Response</u> +CMGF: (list of supported <mode>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMGF?	<u>Response</u> +CMGF: <mode> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMGF= [<mode>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CMS ERROR: err> <u>Parameter</u> <mode> <u>0</u> PDU mode (default when implemented) 1 Text mode
<u>Notes</u>	<mode> is saved in non-volatile memory per AT port over module reboot

8.4. +CMGL Command: List Messages

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMGL=?	<u>Response</u> +CMGL: (list of supported <stat>s) OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMGL [=<stat>]	<u>Response</u> If in text mode, command is successful and SMS-SUBMITs and/or SMS-DELIVERs: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<oa/da>,[<alpha>], [<scts>][,<tooa/toda>,<length>] <CR><LF><data>[<CR><LF> +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<da/oa>,[<alpha>], [<scts>][,<tooa/toda>,<length>] <CR><LF><data> [...] If in text mode, command is successful and SMS-STATUS-REPORTs: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<d-t>,<st>[<CR><LF> +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<d_t>,<st>[...]] If in text mode, command is successful and SMS-COMMANDs: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<ct> [<CR><LF> +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<ct>[...]] If in text mode, command is successful and CBM storage: +CMGL : <index>,<stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<page>,<pages> <CR><LF><data>[<CR><LF> +CMGL : <index>,<stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<page>,<pages><CR><LF><data>[...]] If in PDU mode and command is successful: +CMGR: <stat>,[<alpha>],<length><CR><LF><pdu> or +CMS ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> For parameter information and values, refer to section 8.1 Parameters Definition.

8.5. +CMGR Command: Read Message

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMGR=?	<u>Response</u> OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMGR= <index>	<u>Response</u> If text mode (+CMGF=1), command is successful, and SMS-DELIVER: +CMGR: <stat>,<oa>,<[alpha]>,<scts>,<[tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dc>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<CR><LF><data> if text mode (+CMGF=1), command is successful, and SMS-SUBMIT: +CMGR: <stat>,<da>,<[alpha]>,<[toda>,<fo>,<pid>,<dc>,<[vp>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<CR><LF><data> if text mode (+CMGF=1), command is successful, and SMS-STATUS-REPORT: +CMGR: <stat>,<fo>,<mr>,<[ra>,<[tora>,<scts>,<d_t>,<st> if text mode (+CMGF=1), command is successful, and SMS-COMMAND: +CMGR: <stat>,<fo>,<ct>,<[pid>,<[mn>,<[da>,<[toda>,<length><CR><LF><cdata>] if text mode (+CMGF=1), command is successful, and CBM storage: +CMGR: <stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<dc>,<page>,<pages><CR><LF><data> if PDU mode (+CMGF=0) and command is successful: +CMGR: <stat>,<[alpha>,<length><CR><LF><pdu> or +CMS ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> For parameter information and values, refer to section 8.1 Parameters Definition.

8.6. +CMGS Command: Send Message

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMGS=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> If text mode (+CMGF=1): AT+CMGS=<da>,<[toda>]<CR> text is entered <ctrl-Z/ESC>	<u>Response</u> If text mode (+CMGF=1) and sending is successful: [+CMGS: <mr>,<[scts>]] OK if PDU mode (+CMGF=0) and sending is successful: [+CMGS: <mr>] OK or +CMS ERROR: <err>

HL7538	
If PDU mode (+CMGF=0): AT+CMGS= <length><CR> PDU is given <ctrl-Z/ESC>	Parameters For parameter information and values, refer to section 8.1 Parameters Definition.
Notes	- The TA shall send a four character sequence <CR><LF><greater_than><space> (IRA 13, 10, 62, 32) after command line is terminated with <CR>; after that PDU can be given from TE to ME/TA. - The PDU shall be hexadecimal format (similarly as specified for <pdu>) and given in one line; ME/TA converts this coding into the actual octets of PDU. - When the length octet of the SMSC address (given in the PDU) equals zero, the SMSC address set with command Service Centre Address +CSCA is used; in this case the SMSC Type-of-Address octet shall not be present in the PDU, i.e. TPDU starts right after SMSC length octet. - Sending can be cancelled by giving <ESC> character. <ctrl-Z> must be used to indicate the ending of PDU. +CMGS: <mr>[,<scts>] is not available in +CMGS intermediate response as SMS is sent over IMS using 3GPP2 SMS PDU format and protocol.

8.7. +CMGW Command: Write Message to Memory

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
Syntax AT+CMGW=?	Response OK
<i>Write command</i> Syntax If text mode (+CMGF=1): AT+CMGW[= <oa/da> [,<tooa/toda> [,<stat>]]<CR> text is entered <ctrl-Z/ESC> If PDU mode (+CMGF=0): AT+CMGW= <length>[,<stat>] <CR> PDU is given <ctrl-Z/ESC>	Response +CMGW: <index> OK or +CMS ERROR: <err> Parameters For parameter information and values, refer to section 8.1 Parameters Definition.
Notes	- Execution command stores a message to memory storage <mem2>, and memory location <index> of the stored message is returned. - By default, message status will be set to 'stored unsent', but parameter <stat> also allows other status values to be given. (ME/TA manufacturer may choose to use different default <stat> values for different message types.) - Entering of PDU is done similarly as specified in command +CMGS.

8.8. +CMSS Command: Send Message from Storage

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMSS=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CMSS= <index>[,<da> [,<today>]]	<u>Response</u> If text mode (+CMGF=1) and sending is successful: +CMSS: <mr>[,<scts>] If PDU mode (+CMGF=0) and sending is successful: +CMSS: <mr> OK or +CMS ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> For parameter information and values, refer to section 8.1 Parameters Definition.
<u>Notes</u>	- Execution command sends message with location value <index> from message storage <mem2> to the network (SMS-SUBMIT or SMS-COMMAND). If new recipient address <da> is given for SMS-SUBMIT, it shall be used instead of the one stored with the message. - Reference value <mr> is returned to the TE on successful message delivery. Optionally (when +CSMS <service> value is 1 and network supports the feature), <scts> is returned in text mode.

8.9. +CNMI Command: New Message Indication

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CNMI=?	<u>Response</u> +CNMI: (list of supported <mode>s), (list of supported <mt>s), (list of supported <bm>s), (list of supported <ds>es), (list of supported <bfr>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CNMI?	<u>Response</u> +CNMI: <mode>,<mt>,<bm>,<ds>,<bfr> OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CNMI= [<mode>,<mt> [,<bm>,<ds> [,<bfr>]]]]]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CMS ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <mode> 0 Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA. If TA result code buffer is full, indications can be buffered in some other place or the oldest indications may be discarded and replaced with the new received indications. 1 Discard indication and reject new received message unsolicited result codes when TA-TE link is reserved. Otherwise forward them directly to the TE. 2 Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE after reservation. Otherwise forward them directly to the TE. <mt> 0 No indications are routed to the TE. 1 Result code is sent when ME does not have any other display device other than the AT interface 2 Acknowledgement command must be sent when +CSMS <service> = 1 and ME does not have any other display device other than the AT interface 3 Acknowledgement command must be sent when +CSMS <service> = 1 <bm> 0 No CBM indications are routed to the TE. 1 If CBM is stored into ME/TA, indication of the memory location is routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CBMI: <mem>,<index> 2 New CBMs are routed directly to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CBM: <length><CR><LF><pdu> (PDU mode enabled); or +CBM: <sn>,<mid>,<dc>,<page>,<pages><CR><LF><data> (text mode enabled) 3 Class 3 CBMs are routed directly to TE using unsolicited result codes defined in <bm>=2. If CBM storage is supported, messages of other classes result in indication as defined in <bm>=1 <ds> 0 No SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE. 1 SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CDS: <length><CR><LF><pdu> (PDU mode enabled) or +CDS: <fo>,<mr>,<ra>,<tora>,<scts>,<dt>,<st> (text mode enabled) 2 If SMS-STATUS-REPORT is stored in ME/TA, indication of the memory location is routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CDSI: <mem>,<index> <bfr> 0 TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the TE when <mode> = 1 – 3 is entered 1 TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode> = 1 – 3 is entered
<u>Notes</u>	<mode>, <mt>, <bm> and <ds> are saved in non-volatile memory over module reboot; URC is available on the port that executes the command.

8.10. +CSCB Command: Select Cell Broadcast Message Type

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSCB=?	<u>Response</u> +CSCB: (list of supported <mode>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSCB?	<u>Response</u> +CSCB: <mode>,<mids>,<dcss> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSCB= [<mode> [,<mids>]]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CMS ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <mode> <u>0</u> Accepts messages that are defined in <mids> and <dcss> 1 Does not accept messages that are defined in <mids> and <dcss> <mids> String type; combinations of CBM message IDs (e.g. "0,1,5,320-478,922"). Default value is an empty string. The number of ranges in <mids> parameter string is limited to 6. Note that intervals are not allowed. <dcss> String type; all different possible combinations of CBM data coding schemes. Default value is an empty string.

8.11. +CSCA Command: Service Center Address

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSCA=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSCA?	<u>Response</u> +CSCA: <sca>,<tosca> OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSCA=<sca> [,<tosca>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CMS ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> For parameter information and values, refer to section 8.1 Parameters Definition.

8.12. +CSMP Command: Set Text Mode Parameters

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSMP=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSMP?	<u>Response</u> +CSMP: <fo>,<vp>,<pid>,<dc> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSMP=[<fo> [,<vp>[,<pid> [,<dc>]]]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameters</u> For parameter information and values, refer to section 8.1 Parameters Definition.

8.13. +CSMS Command: Select Message Service

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSMS=?	<u>Response</u> +CSMS: (list of supported <service>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSMS?	<u>Response</u> +CSMS: <service>,<mt>,<mo>,<bm> OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSMS= <service>	<u>Response</u> +CSMS: <mt>,<mo>,<bm> OK or +CMS ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <service> <u>0</u> 3GPP TS 23.040 and 3GPP TS 23.041 1 3GPP TS 23.040 and 3GPP TS 23.041 (the requirement of setting <service> =1 is mentioned in the corresponding command description) <mt> Message terminated messages 0 Type not supported <u>1</u> Type supported <mo> Message originated messages 0 Type not supported <u>1</u> Type supported <bm> Broadcast type messages 0 Type not supported <u>1</u> Type supported

8.14. +CPMS Command: Preferred Message Storage

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPMS=?	<u>Response</u> +CPMS: (list of supported <mem1>s), (list of supported <mem2>s), (list of supported <mem3>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CPMS?	<u>Response</u> +CPMS: <mem1>,<used1>,<total1>,<mem2>,<used2>,<total2>,<mem3>,<used3>,<total3> OK or +CMS ERROR: <err>

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CPMS= <mem1> [,<mem2> [,<mem3>]]	<u>Response</u> +CPMS: <used1>,<total1>,<used2>,<total2>,<used3>,<total3> OK or +CMS ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> For parameter information and values, refer to section 8.1 Parameters Definition.
<u>Notes</u>	<mem1>, <mem2> and <mem3> are saved in non-volatile memory over module reboot.

8.15. +CSDH Command: Show Text Mode Parameters

HL7538							
<i>Test command</i>							
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSDH=?	<u>Response</u> +CSDH: (list of supported <show>s) OK						
<i>Read command</i>							
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSDH?	<u>Response</u> +CSDH: <show> OK						
<i>Write command</i>							
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CSDH= [<show>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <table><tr><td><show></td><td><u>0</u></td><td>Do not show header values defined in commands +CSCA and +CSMP (<sca>, <tosca>, <fo>, <vp>, <pid> and <dc>) nor <length>, <toda> or <tooa> in +CMGL, +CMGR result codes for SMS-DELIVERs and SMS-SUBMITs in text mode; for SMS-COMMANDs in +CMGR result code, do not show <pid>, <mn>, <da>, <toda>, <length> or <cdata></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><u>1</u></td><td>Show values in result codes</td></tr></table>	<show>	<u>0</u>	Do not show header values defined in commands +CSCA and +CSMP (<sca>, <tosca>, <fo>, <vp>, <pid> and <dc>) nor <length>, <toda> or <tooa> in +CMGL, +CMGR result codes for SMS-DELIVERs and SMS-SUBMITs in text mode; for SMS-COMMANDs in +CMGR result code, do not show <pid>, <mn>, <da>, <toda>, <length> or <cdata>		<u>1</u>	Show values in result codes
<show>	<u>0</u>	Do not show header values defined in commands +CSCA and +CSMP (<sca>, <tosca>, <fo>, <vp>, <pid> and <dc>) nor <length>, <toda> or <tooa> in +CMGL, +CMGR result codes for SMS-DELIVERs and SMS-SUBMITs in text mode; for SMS-COMMANDs in +CMGR result code, do not show <pid>, <mn>, <da>, <toda>, <length> or <cdata>					
	<u>1</u>	Show values in result codes					

>> 9. Packet Domain Commands

9.1. +CGATT Command: PS Attach or Detach

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGATT=?	<u>Response</u> +CGATT: (list of supported <state>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGATT?	<u>Response</u> +CGATT: <state> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGATT= [<state>]	<u>Response</u> OK or ERROR <u>Parameter</u> <state> State of PS attachment <u>0</u> Detached <u>1</u> Attached

9.2. +CGACT Command: Activate or Deactivate PDP Context

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGACT=?	<u>Response</u> +CGACT: (list of supported <state>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGACT?	<u>Response</u> +CGACT: <cid>, <state> OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CGACT= [<state> [,<cid> [,<cid> [...]]]	<u>Response</u> OK or ERROR <u>Parameters</u> <state> State of PDP context activation 0 Deactivated 1 Activated <cid> Numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition.
<u>Notes</u>	Up to three (3) PDP contexts can be active at once.

9.3. +CGANS Command: PDP Context Activation Manual Response

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CGANS=?	<u>Response</u> +CGANS: (list of supported <response>s), (list of supported <L2P>s) OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CGANS= [<response> [,<L2P> ,<cid>]]]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <response> <u>0</u> Reject the request (default value if omitted) 1 Accept and request that the PDP context be activated <L2P> String parameter indicating the layer 2 protocol to be used (see +CGDATA) <cid> Numeric parameter that specifies a particular PDP context definition (see +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT). Parameter <response> allows the TE to accept or reject the request.

HL7538Notes

- Commands following the +CGANS command in the AT command line shall not be processed by the MT.
- If the <L2P> parameter value is unacceptable to the MT, the MT shall return an ERROR or +CME ERROR response. Otherwise, the MT issues the intermediate result code CONNECT and enters V.250 online data state. If no <cid> is given or if there is no matching context definition, the MT will attempt to activate the context using the values for PDP type and PDP address provided by the network, together with any other relevant information known to the MT. The other context parameters will be set to their default values.
- If the activation is successful, data transfer may proceed. Note that this is not the same as if the MT issues a +CGDATA (or +CGACT) command after receiving a +CRING unsolicited result code. +CGDATA (or +CGACT) does not command the MT to acknowledge the network request but rather to make a new request for context activation. The network request would be ignored.

9.4. +CGCMOD Command: Modify PDP Context

HL7538*Test command*Syntax**AT+CGCMOD=?**Response

+CGCMOD: (list of <cid>s addociated with active contexts)
OK

*Write command*Syntax

AT+CGCMOD=
 [<cid>[,<cid>
 [...]]]

Response**OK**

or

+CME ERROR: <err>Parameter

<cid> Numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT)

9.5. +CGTFT Command: Traffic Flow Template

HL7538*Test command*Syntax**AT+CGTFT=?**Response

+CGTFT: <PDP_type>, (list of supported <packet filter identifier>s) , (list of supported <evaluation precedence index>s), (list of supported <source address and subnet mask>s), (list of supported <protocol number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)>s), (list of supported <destination port range>s), (list of supported <source port range>s), (list of supported <ipsec security parameter index (spi)>s), (list of supported <type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask>s), (list of supported <flow label (ipv6)>s), (list of supported <direction>s)

HL7538	
	[<CR><LF>+CGTFT: <PDP_type>, (list of supported <packet filter identifier>s), (list of supported <evaluation precedence index>s), (list of supported <source address and subnet mask>s), (list of supported <protocol number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)>s), (list of supported <destination port range>s), (list of supported <source port range>s), (list of supported <ipsec security parameter index (spi)>s), (list of supported <type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask>s), (list of supported <flow label (ipv6)>s), (list of supported <direction>s)[...]]
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CGTFT?	<u>Response</u> +CGTFT: <cid>, <packet filter identifier>, <evaluation precedence index>, <source address and subnet mask>, <protocol number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)>, <destination port range>, <source port range>, <ipsec security parameter index (spi)>, <type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask>, <flow label (ipv6)>, <direction> [<CR><LF>+CGTFT: <cid>, <packet filter identifier>, <evaluation precedence index>, <source address and subnet mask>, <protocol number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)>, <destination port range>, <source port range>, <ipsec security parameter index (spi)>, <type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask>, <flow label (ipv6)>, <direction> [...]]
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CGTFT= [<cid>],[<packet filter identifier>, <evaluation precedence index> [,<source address and subnet mask> [,<protocol number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)> [,<destination port range> [,<source port range> [,<ipsec security parameter index (spi)> [,<type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask> [,<flow label (ipv6)>, <direction>]]]]]]]]]]	<u>Response</u> OK or ERROR <u>Parameters</u> <cid> Numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT) <packet filter identifier> Numeric parameter with value range from 1 to 16 <evaluation precedence index> Numeric parameter with value range from 0 to 255 <source address and subnet mask> String type given as a dot-separated numeric (0 – 255) parameter of the form "a1.a2.a3.a4.m1.m2.m3.m4" for IPv4 or "a1.a2.a3.a4.a5.a6.a7.a8.a9.a10.a11.a12.a13. a14.a15.a16.m1.m2.m3.m4.m5.m6.m7.m8.m9.m10.m11.m12.m13.m14.m15.m16" for IPv6 <protocol number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)> Numeric parameter with value range from 0 to 255 <destination port range> String type given as a dot-separated numeric (0 – 65535) parameter on the form 'f.t.' <source port range> String type given as a dot-separated numeric (0 – 65535) parameter on the form 'f.t.' <ipsec security parameter index (spi)> Numeric value in hexadecimal format with value range from 00000000 to FFFFFFFF <type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask> String type given as a dot-separated numeric (0 – 255) parameter on the form 't.m.'

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	<flow label (ipv6)> Numeric value in hexadecimal format with value range from 00000 to FFFFF. Valid for IPv6 only <direction> Specifies the transmission direction in which the packet filter shall be applied 1 Uplink 2 Downlink 3 Birectional (up and downlink; default if omitted)
<u>Notes</u>	Some of the listed attributes above may coexist in a Packet Filter while others mutually exclude each other. For the list of possible combinations, refer to 3GPP TS 23.060.

9.6. +CGDCONT Command: Define PDP Context

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGDCONT=?	<u>Response</u> +CGDCONT: (range of supported <cid>s), <PDP_type>,,,(list of supported <d_comp>s), (list of supported <h_comp>s), (list of supported <IPv4Addr Alloc>s), (list of supported <emergency_indication>s), (list of supported <PCSCF_discovery>s), (list of supported <IM_CN_Signalling_Flag_Ind>s) [<CR><LF>+CGDCONT: (range of supported <cid>s), <PDP_type>,,,(list of supported <d_comp>s), (list of supported <h_comp>s), (list of supported <IPv4Addr Alloc>s), (list of supported <emergency_indication>s), (list of supported <PCSCF_discovery>s), (list of supported <IM_CN_Signalling_Flag_Ind>s) [...]] OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGDCONT?	<u>Response</u> [+CGDCONT: <cid>, <PDP_type>, <APN>, <PDP_addr>, <d_comp>, <h_comp> [, <IPv4AddrAlloc>[, <emergency_indication>[, <PCSCF_discovery> [, <IM_CN_Signalling_Flag_Ind>]]]]] [<CR><LF>+CGDCONT: <cid>, <PDP_type>, <APN>, <PDP_addr>, <d_comp>, <h_comp> [, <IPv4AddrAlloc>[, <emergency_indication>[, <PCSCF_discovery> [, <IM_CN_Signalling_Flag_Ind>]]]]] [...]] OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGDCONT= [<cid> [, <PDP_type> [, <APN> [, <PDP_addr> [, <d_comp> [, <h_comp> [, <IPv4AddrAlloc >[, <emergency_ indication> [, <PCSCF_ discovery>	<u>Response</u> OK or ERROR <u>Parameters</u> <cid> PDP Context Identifier. A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface and is used in other PDP context-related commands. The range of the permitted values (minimum value = 1) is returned by the test command.

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[,<IM_CN_Signalling_Flag_Ind>]]]]]]]]]]

<PDP_type> Packet Data Protocol type

"IP" Internet Protocol

"IPv6" Internet Protocol, version 6

"IPv4V6" Virtual <PDP_type> introduced to handle dual IP stack UE capability

Note that "IPv6" and "IPv4V6" are only supported if FEAT_IPV6_SUPPORT is enabled.

<APN> Access Point Name

String parameter which is a logical name that is used to select the GGSN or the external packet data network. If the value is null or omitted, then the subscription value will be requested.

<PDP_address> String parameter that identifies the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP. If the value is null or omitted then a value may be provided by the TE during the PDP startup procedure or, failing that, a dynamic address will be requested. The read command will continue to return the null string even if an address has been allocated during the PDP startup procedure. The allocated address may be read using the command +CGPADDR command.

Note that IPv6 address obtained on LTE will be prefixed with a constant 8 byte address "FE.80.00.00.00.00.00.00" if the network has not provided any.

<d_comp> PDP data compression (applicable for SND CP only)

0 Off (default if value if omitted)

1 On (manufacturer preferred compression)

2 V.42 bis

<h_comp> PDP header compression

0 Off (default if value if omitted)

1 On (manufacturer preferred compression)

2 RFC1144 (applicable for SND CP only)

3 RFC2507

4 RFC3095 (applicable for PDCP only)

<IPv4AddrAlloc> Numeric parameter that controls how MT/TA requests to get IPv4 address information

0 IPv4 address allocated through NAS signalling

1 IPv4 address allocated through DHCP

<emergency_indication> Indicates whether the PDP context is for emergency bearer services or not

0 PDP context is not for emergency bearer services

1 PDP context is for emergency bearer services

<P-CSCF_discovery> Numeric parameter that influences how the MT/TA requests get the P-CSCF address

0 Preference of P-CSCF address discovery not influenced by +CGDCONT

1 Preference of P-CSCF address discovery through NAS signalling

<IM_CN_Signalling_Flag_Ind> Numeric parameter used to indicate whether the PDP context is for IM CN subsystem related signaling only or not

0 UE indicates that the PDP context is not for IM CN subsystem-related signaling only

1 UE indicates that the PDP context is for IM CN subsystem-related signaling only

HL7538Notes

- If the command is used only with the one parameter <cid>, it means that the corresponding PDP context becomes undefined.
- The APN Control List (ACL) will only be checked if a USIM is inserted. Before performing context definition it will check if the ACL-service is enabled and activated. If yes, all APNs from ACL of EF-ACL of the USIM will be read out and compared with the requested APN.
 - If the requested APN is listed in the ACL, the context definition will be performed.
 - If the requested APN is empty ("") and ACL contains "network provided APN", the context definition will also be requested.
 - If the APN is not listed in the ACL the command returns error.
 - If the ACL-service is not enabled or not activated in the USIM or a GSM-SIM is inserted the context definition will be performed without any checks.

9.7. +CGDSCONT Command: Define Secondary PDP Context

HL7538*Test command*Syntax

AT+CGDSCONT=
?

Response

+CGDSCONT: (range of <cid>s),(list of <cid>s for defined primary contexts),
<PDP_type>,,,(list of supported <d_comp>s),(list of supported <h_comp>s),(list of
supported <IM_CN_Signalling_Flag_Ind>s)
[<CR><LF>]**+CGDSCONT:** (range of <cid>s),(list of <cid>s for defined primary contexts),
<PDP_type>,,,(list of supported <d_comp>s),(list of supported <h_comp>s),(list of
supported <IM_CN_Signalling_Flag_Ind>s)
[...]
OK

*Read command*Syntax

AT+CGDSCONT?

Response

[+CGDSCONT: <cid>, <p_cid>, <d_comp>, <h_comp>
[,<IM_CN_Signalling_Flag_Ind>]]
[<CR><LF>]**+CGDSCONT:** <cid>, <p_cid>, <d_comp>,<h_comp>
[,<IM_CN_Signalling_Flag_Ind>]]
[...]]]
OK

*Write command*Syntax

AT+CGDSCONT=
[<cid>,<p_cid>
[,<d_comp>
[,<h_comp>
[,<IM_CN_Signalling_Flag_Ind>]]]]

Response

OK

or
ERROR

Parameters

<cid> PDP Context Identifier. A numeric parameter that specifies a particular PDP context definition. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface and is used in other PDP context-related commands. The range of the permitted values (minimum value = 1) is returned by the test command.

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<p_cid> Primary PDP Context Identifier. Numeric parameter that specifies a particular PDP context definition which has been specified by +CGDCONT. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface. The list of permitted values is returned by the test command.

<d_comp> PDP data compression (applicable for SMDCP only)

- 0 Off (default value if omitted)
- 1 On (manufacturer preferred compression)
- 2 V.42 bis

<h_comp> PDP header compression

- 0 Off (default value if omitted)
- 1 On (manufacturer preferred compression)
- 2 RFC1144 (applicable for SMDCP only)
- 3 RFC2507
- 4 RFC3095 (applicable for PDCP only)

<IM_CN_Signalling_Flag_Ind> Numeric parameter used to indicate whether the PDP context is for IM CN subsystem related signaling only or not

- 0 UE indicates that the PDP context is not for IM CN subsystem-related signaling only
- 1 UE indicates that the PDP context is for IM CN subsystem-related signaling only

9.8. +CGDATA Command: Enter Data State

HL7538*Test command*Syntax

AT+CGDATA=?

Response

+CGDATA: (list of supported <L2P>s)
OK

*Write command*Syntax

AT+CGDATA =
[<L2P> [,<cid>
[,<cid> [...]]]]

Response

CONNECT
(followed by data transfer)

or

CME ERROR: <err>

Parameters

<L2P> String parameter that indicates the layer 2 protocol to be used between the TE and MT

PPP Point-to-point protocol for a PDP such as IP

M-OPT-PPP MS supports manufacturing specific protocol

M-HEX MS supports manufacturing specific protocol

M-RAW_IP MS supports manufacturing specific protocol

<cid> Numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT)

9.9. +CGEREP Command: Packet Domain Event Reporting

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGEREP=?	<u>Response</u> +CGEREP: (list of supported <mode> s),(list of supported <bfr> s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGEREP?	<u>Response</u> +CGEREP: <mode> , <bfr> OK or ERROR
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGEREP= [<mode>[,<bfr>]]	<u>Response</u> OK or ERROR <u>Parameters</u> <mode> <u>0</u> Buffer unsolicited result codes in the MT; if MT result code buffer is full, the oldest ones can be discarded. No codes are forwarded to the TE. 1 Discard unsolicited result codes when MT-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode); otherwise forward them directly to the TE 2 Buffer unsolicited result codes in the MT when MT-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE when MT-TE link becomes available; otherwise forward them directly to the TE <bfr> <u>0</u> MT buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered 1 MT buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the TE when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes)
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> +CGEV: NW DETACH The network has forced a PS detach +CGEV: NW CLASS <class> The network has forced a change of MT class +CGEV: ME CLASS <class> The mobile termination has forced a change of MT class +CGEV: ME PDN ACT <cid>[,<reason>] The mobile termination has activated a context +CGEV: NW ACT <p_cid>, <cid>, <event_type> The network has activated a context +CGEV: ME ACT <p_cid>, <cid>, <event_type> The network has responded to an ME initiated context activation +CGEV: NW PDN DEACT <cid> The network has deactivated a context +CGEV: ME PDN DEACT <cid> The mobile termination has deactivated a context +CGEV: NW DEACT <p_cid>, <cid>, <event_type> The network has deactivated a context +CGEV: ME DEACT <p_cid>, <cid>, <event_type> The network has responded to an ME initiated context deactivation request

HL7538		
	+CGEV: NW MODIFY <cid>, <change_reason>, <event_type> +CGEV: ME MODIFY <cid>, <change_reason>, <event_type>	The network has modified a context The mobile termination has modified a context
	<u>Parameters</u> <reason> 0 IPv4 only allowed 1 IPv6 only allowed 2 Single address bearers only allowed 3 Single address bearers only allowed and MT initiated context activation for a second address type bearer was not successful <event_type> 0 Informational event 1 Information request, acknowledgement required <change_reason> 0 TFT only changed 1 QoS only changed 2 Both TFT and QoS changed	

9.10. +CGAUTO Command: Automatic Response

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGAUTO=?	<u>Response</u> +CGAUTO: (list of supported <n>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGAUTO?	<u>Response</u> +CGAUTO: <n> OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGAUTO= [<n>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <n> 0 Turn off automatic response for packet domain only 1 Turn on automatic response for packet domain only 2 Modem compatibility mode, packet domain only 3 Modem compatibility mode, packet domain and circuit switched calls 4 Turn on automatic negative response for packet domain only
<u>Notes</u>	When the +CGAUTO=1 command is received, the MT shall attempt to perform a PS attach if it is not already attached.

9.11. +CGPADDR Command: Show PDP Address

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGPADDR=?	<u>Response</u> +CGPADDR: (list of supported <cid>s) OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGPADDR [=<cid>[,<cid> [,...]]]	<u>Response</u> [+CGPADDR: <cid>[,<PDP_addr_1>[,<PDP_addr_2>]]] [<CR><LF> +CGPADDR: <cid>[,<PDP_addr_1>[,<PDP_addr_2>]]][...]] OK <u>Parameters</u> <cid> a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands). If no <cid> is specified the addresses for all defined contexts are returned. <PDP_addr_1>, <PDP_addr_2> String that identifies the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP. The address may be static or dynamic. For a static address, it will be the one set by the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands when the context was defined. For a dynamic address it will be the one assigned during the last PDP context activation that used the context definition referred to by <cid>. Both <PDP_addr_1> and <PDP_addr_2> are omitted if none are available. Both <PDP_addr_1> and <PDP_addr_2> are included when both Ipv4 and Ipv6 addresses are assigned, with <PDP_addr_1> containing the IPv4 address and <PDP_addr_2> containing the IPv6 address. The string is given as dot-separated numeric (0 – 255) parameter of the form: a1.a2.a3.a4 for IPv4 and a1.a2.a3.a4.a5.a6.a7.a8.a9.a10.a11.a12.a13.a14.a15.a16 for IPv6. Note that +CGPADDR only shows Link-Local IPV6 addresses, and therefore won't show Global IPV6 addresses.

9.12. +CGQMIN Command: Quality of Service Profile (Minimum)

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGQMIN=?	<u>Response</u> +CGQMIN: <PDP_type> , (list of supported <precedence>s), (list of supported <delay>s), (list of supported <reliability>s), (list of supported <peak>s), (list of supported <mean>s) OK
Read command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGQMIN?	<u>Response</u> +CGQMIN: <cid>, <precedence>, <delay>, <reliability>, <peak>, <mean> OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGQMIN= [<cid> [,<precedence> [,<delay> [,<reliability> [,<peak> [,<mean>]]]]]	<u>Response</u> OK or ERROR <u>Parameters</u> <cid> Numeric parameter that specifies a particular PDP context definition. Refer to the defined values under the +CGDCONT command. <precedence> Numeric parameter for the precedence class <delay> Numeric parameter for the delay class <reliability> Numeric parameter for the reliability class <peak> Numeric parameter for the peak throughput class <mean> Numeric parameter for the mean throughput class
<u>Notes</u>	If a value is omitted for a particular class then the value is considered to be unspecified.

9.13. +CGEQMIN Command: Quality of Service Profile (Minimum)

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGEQMIN=?	<u>Response</u> +CGEQMIN: <PDP_type> , (list of supported <Traffic_class> es), (list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_UL> s), (list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_DL> s), (list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL> s), (list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL> s), (list of supported <Delivery_order> s), (list of supported <Maximum_SDU_size> s), (list of supported <SDU_error_ratio> s), (list of supported <Residual_bit_error_ratio> s), (list of supported <Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs> s), (list of supported <Transfer_delay> s), (list of supported <Traffic_handling_priority> s) [, (list of supported <Source_statistics_descriptor> s), (list of supported <Signalling_indication> s)] [<CR><LF> +CGEQMIN: <PDP_type> , (list of supported <Traffic_class> es), (list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_UL> s), (list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_DL> s), (list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL> s), (list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL> s), (list of supported <Delivery_order> s), (list of supported <Maximum_SDU_size> s), (list of supported <SDU_error_ratio> s), (list of supported <Residual_bit_error_ratio> s), (list of supported <Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs> s), (list of supported <Transfer_delay> s), (list of supported <Traffic_handling_priority> s) [, (list of supported <Source_statistics_descriptor> s), (list of supported <Signalling_indication> s)] [...] ERROR

HL7538													
Read command													
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGEQMIN?	<u>Response</u> +CGEQMIN: <cid>, <Traffic_class>, <Maximum_bitrate_UL>, <Maximum_bitrate_DL>, <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>, <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>, <Delivery_order>, <Maximum_SDU_size>, <SDU_error_ratio>, <Residual_bit_error_ratio>, <Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs>, <Transfer_delay>, <Traffic_handling_priority> [, <Source_statistics_descriptor>, <Signalling_indication>] [<CR><LF> +CGEQMIN: <cid>, <Traffic_class>, <Maximum_bitrate_UL>, <Maximum_bitrate_DL>, <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>, <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>, <Delivery_order>, <Maximum_SDU_size>, <SDU_error_ratio>, <Residual_bit_error_ratio>, <Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs>, <Transfer_delay>, <Traffic_handling_priority> [, <Source_statistics_descriptor>, <Signalling_indication>] [...]] Error												
Write command													
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGEQMIN= [<cid>[, <Traffic_class>] [, <Maximum_bitrate_UL>] [, <Maximum_bitrate_DL>] [, <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>] [, <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>] [, <Delivery_order>] [, <Maximum_SDU_size>] [, <SDU_error_ratio>[, <Residual_bit_error_ratio>] [, <Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs>] [, <Transfer_delay>[, <Traffic_handling_priority>] [, <Source_statistics_descriptor>, <Signalling_indication>]]	<u>Response</u> OK or ERROR <u>Parameters</u> <cid> Numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands). <Traffic_class> UMTS bearer service application type <table border="0"> <tr><td>0</td><td>Conversational</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>Streaming</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>Interactive</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>Background</td></tr> </table> <Maximum_bitrate_UL> Numeric parameter that indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered to UMTS (up-link traffic) at a SAP. <Maximum_bitrate_DL> Numeric parameter that indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered by UMTS (down-link traffic) at a SAP. <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL> Numeric parameter that indicates the guaranteed number of kbits/s delivered to UMTS (up-link traffic) at a SAP (provided that there is data to deliver). <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL> Numeric parameter that indicates the guaranteed number of kbits/s delivered by UMTS (down-link traffic) at a SAP (provided that there is data to deliver). <Delivery_order> Numeric parameter that indicates whether the UMTS bearer shall provide in-sequence SDU delivery or not <table border="0"> <tr><td>0</td><td>No</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>Yes</td></tr> </table> <Maximum_SDU_size> Numeric parameter that indicates the maximum allowed SDU size in octets <SDU_error_ratio> String parameter that indicates the target value for the fraction of SDUs lost or detected as erroneous. SDU error ratio is defined only for conforming traffic. The value is specified as 'mEe'.	0	Conversational	1	Streaming	2	Interactive	3	Background	0	No	1	Yes
0	Conversational												
1	Streaming												
2	Interactive												
3	Background												
0	No												
1	Yes												

HL7538	
	<Residual_bit_error_ratio> String parameter that indicates the target value for the undetected bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. If no error detection is requested, Residual bit error ratio indicates the bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. The value is specified as 'mEe'. <Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs> Numeric parameter that indicates whether SDUs detected as erroneous shall be delivered or not 0 No 1 Yes 2 No detect <Transfer_delay> Numeric parameter that indicates the targeted time between request to transfer an SDU at one SAP to its delivery at the other SAP, in milliseconds <Traffic_handling_priority> Numeric parameter that specifies the relative importance for handling of all SDUs belonging to the UMTS bearer compared to the SDUs of other bearers <Source_Statistics_Descriptor> Supported in R7 P S a numeric parameter that specifies characteristics of the source of the submitted SDUs for a PDP context. This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is specified as conversational or streaming 0 Characteristics of SDUs is unknown 1 Charactersitics of SDUs correspond to a speech source <Signalling_Indication> Supported in R7 P S a numeric parameter used to indicate content of submitted SDUs for a PDP context. This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is specified as interactive 0 PDP context is not optimized 1 PDP context is optimized <PDP_type> Refer to +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands.
<u>Notes</u>	If a value is omitted for a particular class then the value is considered to be unspecified.

9.14. +CGQREQ Command: Request Quality of Service Profile

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGQREQ=?	<u>Response</u> +CGQREQ: <PDP_type>, (list of supported <precedence>s), (list of supported <delay>s), (list of supported <reliability>s), (list of supported <peak>s), (list of supported <mean>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGQREQ?	<u>Response</u> +CGQREQ: <cid>, <precedence>, <delay>, <reliability>, <peak>, <mean> OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGQREQ = [<cid> [,<precedence> [,<delay> [,<reliability> [,<peak> [,<mean>]]]]]	<u>Response</u> OK or ERROR <u>Parameters</u> <cid> Numeric parameter that specifies a particular PDP context definition. <precedence> Numeric parameter that specifies the precedence class <delay> Numeric parameter that specifies the delay class <reliability> Numeric parameter that specifies the reliability class <peak> Numeric parameter that specifies the peak throughput class <mean> Numeric parameter that specifies the mean throughput class.
<u>Notes</u>	- This command allows the TE to specify a Quality of Service Profile that is used when the MT sends an Activate PDP Context Request message to the network - If a value is omitted for a particular class then the value is considered to be unspecified

9.15. +CGEQREQ Command: Request Quality of Service Profile

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGEQREQ=?	<u>Response</u> +CGEQREQ: <PDP_type> , (list of supported <Traffic_class> es) ,(list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_UL> s) ,(list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_DL> s) ,(list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL> s) ,(list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL> s) ,(list of supported <Delivery_order> s) ,(list of supported <Maximum_SDU_size> s) ,(list of supported <SDU_error_ratio> s) ,(list of supported <Residual_bit_error_ratio> s) ,(list of supported <Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs> s) ,(list of supported <Transfer_delay> s) ,(list of supported <Traffic_handling_priority> s) [(list of supported <Source_statistics_descriptor> s) ,(list of supported <Signalling_indication> s)] [<CR><LF>+CGEQREQ: <PDP_type>, (list of supported <Traffic_class> es) ,(list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_UL> s) ,(list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_DL> s) ,(list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL> s) ,(list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL> s) ,(list of supported <Delivery_order> s) ,(list of supported <Maximum_SDU_size> s) ,(list of supported <SDU_error_ratio> s) ,(list of supported <Residual_bit_error_ratio> s) ,(list of supported <Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs> s) ,(list of supported <Transfer_delay> s) ,(list of supported <Traffic_handling_priority> s) [(list of supported <Source_statistics_descriptor> s) ,(list of supported <Signalling_indication> s)][...]

HL7538	
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CGEQREQ?	<u>Response</u> +CGEQREQ: <cid>,<Traffic_class>,<Maximum_bitrate_UL>,<Maximum_bitrate_DL>,<Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>,<Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>,<Delivery_order>,<Maximum_SDU_size>,<SDU_error_ratio>,<Residual_bit_error_ratio>,<Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs>,<Transfer_delay>,<Traffic_handling_priority>[,<Source_statistics_descriptor>,<Signalling_indication>] [<CR><LF>+CGEQREQ: <cid>,<Traffic_class>,<Maximum_bitrate_UL>,<Maximum_bitrate_DL>,<Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>,<Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>,<Delivery_order>,<Maximum_SDU_size>,<SDU_error_ratio>,<Residual_bit_error_ratio>,<Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs>,<Transfer_delay>,<Traffic_handling_priority>[,<Source_statistics_descriptor>,<Signalling_indication>][...]]
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CGEQREQ= [<cid>[,<Traffic_class>[,<Maximum_bitrate_UL>[,<Maximum_bitrate_DL>[,<Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>[,<Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>[,<Delivery_order>[,<Maximum_SDU_size>[,<SDU_error_ratio>[,<Residual_bit_error_ratio>[,<Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs>[,<Transfer_delay>[,<Traffic_handling_priority>[,<Source_statistics_descriptor>,<Signalling_indication>]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]	<u>Response</u> OK or ERROR <u>Parameters</u> <cid> Numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands) <Traffic_class> UMTS bearer service application type 0 Conversational 1 Streaming 2 Interactive 3 Background <Maximum_bitrate_UL> Numeric parameter that indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered to UMTS (up-link traffic) at a SAP. <Maximum_bitrate_DL> Numeric parameter that indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered by UMTS (down-link traffic) at a SAP. <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL> Numeric parameter that indicates the guaranteed number of kbits/s delivered to UMTS (up-link traffic) at a SAP (provided that there is data to deliver). <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL> Numeric parameter that indicates the guaranteed number of kbits/s delivered by UMTS (down-link traffic) at a SAP (provided that there is data to deliver). <Delivery_order> Numeric parameter that indicates whether the UMTS bearer shall provide in-sequence SDU delivery or not 0 No 1 Yes <Maximum_SDU_size> Numeric parameter that indicates the maximum allowed SDU size in octets <SDU_error_ratio> String parameter that indicates the target value for the fraction of SDUs lost or detected as erroneous. SDU error ratio is defined only for conforming traffic. The value is specified as 'mEe'.

HL7538	
	<Residual_bit_error_ratio> String parameter that indicates the target value for the undetected bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. If no error detection is requested, Residual bit error ratio indicates the bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. The value is specified as 'mEe'. <Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs> Numeric parameter that indicates whether SDUs detected as erroneous shall be delivered or not 0 No 1 Yes 2 No detect <Transfer_delay> Numeric parameter that indicates the targeted time between request to transfer an SDU at one SAP to its delivery at the other SAP, in milliseconds <Traffic_handling_priority> Numeric parameter that specifies the relative importance for handling of all SDUs belonging to the UMTS bearer compared to the SDUs of other bearers <Source_Statistics_Descriptor> Supported in R7 P S a numeric parameter that specifies characteristics of the source of the submitted SDUs for a PDP context. This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is specified as conversational or streaming 0 Characteristics of SDUs is unknown 1 Charactersitics of SDUs correspond to a speech source <Signalling_Indication> Supported in R7 P S a numeric parameter used to indicate content of submitted SDUs for a PDP context. This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is specified as interactive 0 PDP context is not optimized 1 PDP context is optimized <PDP_type> Refer to +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands.
<u>Notes</u>	If a value is omitted for a particular class then the value is considered to be unspecified.

9.16. +CGEQNEG Command: Negotiated Quality of Service Profile

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGEQNEG=?	<u>Response</u> +CGEQNEG: (list of <cid>s associated with active contexts)

HL7538*Write command*Syntax

AT+CGEQNEG=
[<cid>[,<cid>
[,...]]]

Response

+CGEQNEG: <cid>,<Traffic class>,<Maximum bitrate UL>,<Maximum bitrate DL>,<Guaranteed bitrate UL>,<Guaranteed bitrate DL>,<Delivery order>,<Maximum SDU size>,<SDU error ratio>,<Residual bit error ratio>,<Delivery of erroneous SDUs>,<Transfer delay>,<Traffic handling priority>
[<CR><LF>+CGEQNEG: <cid>,<Traffic class>,<Maximum bitrate UL>,<Maximum bitrate DL>,<Guaranteed bitrate UL>,<Guaranteed bitrate DL>,<Delivery order>,<Maximum SDU size>,<SDU error ratio>,<Residual bit error ratio>,<Delivery of erroneous SDUs>,<Transfer delay>,<Traffic handling priority>[....]]

Parameters

<cid> numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands)

<Traffic_class> UMTS bearer service application type

- 0 Conversational
- 1 Streaming
- 2 Interactive
- 3 Background

<Maximum_bitrate_UL> Numeric parameter that indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered to UMTS (up-link traffic) at a SAP.

<Maximum_bitrate_DL> Numeric parameter that indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered by UMTS (down-link traffic) at a SAP.

<Guaranteed_bitrate_UL> Numeric parameter that indicates the guaranteed number of kbits/s delivered to UMTS (up-link traffic) at a SAP (provided that there is data to deliver).

<Guaranteed_bitrate_DL> Numeric parameter that indicates the guaranteed number of kbits/s delivered by UMTS (down-link traffic) at a SAP (provided that there is data to deliver).

<Delivery_order> Numeric parameter that indicates whether the UMTS bearer shall provide in-sequence SDU delivery or not

- 0 No
- 1 Yes

<Maximum_SDU_size> Numeric parameter that indicates the maximum allowed SDU size in octets

<SDU_error_ratio> String parameter that indicates the target value for the fraction of SDUs lost or detected as erroneous. SDU error ratio is defined only for conforming traffic. The value is specified as 'mEe'.

<Residual_bit_error_ratio> String parameter that indicates the target value for the undetected bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. If no error detection is requested, Residual bit error ratio indicates the bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. The value is specified as 'mEe'.

<Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs> Numeric parameter that indicates whether SDUs detected as erroneous shall be delivered or not

- 0 No
- 1 Yes
- 2 No detect

HL7538	
	<Transfer_delay> Numeric parameter that indicates the targeted time between request to transfer an SDU at one SAP to its delivery at the other SAP, in milliseconds <Traffic_handling_priority> Numeric parameter that specifies the relative importance for handling of all SDUs belonging to the UMTS bearer compared to the SDUs of other bearers
<u>Notes</u>	If a value is omitted for a particular class then the value is considered to be unspecified.

9.17. +CGREG Command: GPRS Network Registration Status

HL7538																															
Test command																															
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGREG=?	<u>Response</u> +CGREG: (list of supported <n>s) OK																														
Read command																															
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGREG?	<u>Response</u> +CGREG: <n>,<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<AcT>,<rac>]] OK																														
Write command	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <table><tr><td><n></td><td>0</td><td>Disable network registration unsolicited result code</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>Enable network registration unsolicited result code +CGREG: <stat></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>2</td><td>Enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code +CGREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<AcT>,<rac>]]</td></tr></table> <table><tr><td><stat></td><td>0</td><td>Not registered, home network</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>Registered, home network</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>2</td><td>Not registered, but ME is currently searching for a new operator to register to</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>3</td><td>Registration denied</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>4</td><td>Unknown</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>5</td><td>Registered, roaming</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>8</td><td>Attached for emergency bearer services only (only applicable when <AcT>=2, 4, 5, 6)</td></tr></table> <lac> String type; two byte location area code in hexadecimal format <ci> String type; four byte E-UTRAN cell ID in hexadecimal format	<n>	0	Disable network registration unsolicited result code		1	Enable network registration unsolicited result code +CGREG: <stat>		2	Enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code +CGREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<AcT>,<rac>]]	<stat>	0	Not registered, home network		1	Registered, home network		2	Not registered, but ME is currently searching for a new operator to register to		3	Registration denied		4	Unknown		5	Registered, roaming		8	Attached for emergency bearer services only (only applicable when <AcT>=2, 4, 5, 6)
<n>	0	Disable network registration unsolicited result code																													
	1	Enable network registration unsolicited result code +CGREG: <stat>																													
	2	Enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code +CGREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<AcT>,<rac>]]																													
<stat>	0	Not registered, home network																													
	1	Registered, home network																													
	2	Not registered, but ME is currently searching for a new operator to register to																													
	3	Registration denied																													
	4	Unknown																													
	5	Registered, roaming																													
	8	Attached for emergency bearer services only (only applicable when <AcT>=2, 4, 5, 6)																													

HL7538	
	<Act> 7 E-UTRAN <rac> String type; one byte routing area code in hexadecimal format
Unsolicited Notification	<u>Response</u> +CGREG: <stat> +CGREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<AcT>,<rac>]]

9.18. +CGSMS Command: Select Service for MO SMS Messages

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGSMS=?	<u>Response</u> +CGSMS: (list of currently available <service>s) OK
Read command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGSMS?	<u>Response</u> +CGSMS: <service> OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGSMS= [<service>]	<u>Response</u> OK or ERROR <u>Parameter</u> <service> Indicates the service or service preference to be used 0 Packet Domain 1 Circuit switched 2 Packet Domain preferred (use circuit switched if GPRS is not available) 3 Circuit switched preferred (use packet domain if circuit switched is not available)
<u>Note</u>	+CGSMS is ignored for sending SMS over IMS.

9.19. +CRLP Command: Select Radio Link Protocol

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CRLP=?	<u>Response</u> +CRLP: (list of supported <iws>es),(list of supported <mws>es),(list of supported <T1>s),(list of supported <N2>s) OK
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CRLP?	<u>Response</u> +CRLP: <iws>,<mws>,<T1>,<N2> OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+CRLP=[<iws>[,<mws>[,<T1>[,<N2>]]]]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <iws> IWF to MS window size <mws> MS to IWF window size <T1> Acknowledgement timer (in units of 10 ms) <N2> Retransmission attempts

9.20. +XDNS Command: Dynamic DNS Request

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+XDNS=?	<u>Response</u> +XDNS: (list of supported <cid>s),(list of supported <mode>s) OK
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+XDNS?	<u>Response</u> +XDNS: <cid>, <primary DNS>, <secondary DNS> [+XDNS: <cid>, <primary DNS>, <secondary DNS> [...]] OK

HL7538*Write command*Syntax**AT+XDNS=<cid>,<mode>**Response**OK**

or

+CME ERROR: <err>Parameters**<cid>** Context ID

<mode>

<u>0</u>	Disable dynamic DNS request
1	Enable dynamic DNS request (IPv4)
2	Enable dynamic DNS request (IPv6)
3	Enable dynamic DNS request (IPv4v6)

Note that <mode> = 2 or 3 will only be supported if the feature FEAT_IPV6_SUPPORT is enabled.

<primary DNS>, <secondary DNS> Strings representing the DNS addresses and given as dot-separated numeric (0 – 255) parameters in the form of:
a1.a2.a3.a4 for IPv4,
a1.a2.a3.a4.a5.a6.a7.a8.a9.a10.a11.a12.a13.a14.a15.a16 for IPv6 and
a1.a2.a3.a4.a5.a6.a7.a8.a9.a10.a11.a12.a13.a14.a15.a16.a17.a18.a19.a20 for IPv4v6. (a1 to a4 here represents IPV4 and a5 to a20 represents IPv6)

The DNS address is by default "0.0.0.0" which is not a valid address.

Note that IPv6 address obtained on LTE will be prefixed with a constant 8 byte address "FE.80.00.00.00.00.00" if the network has not provided any.

9.21. +CGPIAF Command: Printing IP Address Format

HL7538*Test command*Syntax**AT+CGPIAF=?**Response

+CGPIAF: (list of supported **<IPv6_AddressFormat>**s),(list of supported **<IPv6_SubnetNotation>**s),(list of supported **<IPv6_LeadingZeros>**s),(list of supported **<IPv6_CompressZeros>**s)

*Read command*Syntax**AT+CGPIAF?**Response

+CGPIAF: **<IPv6_AddressFormat>**,**<IPv6_SubnetNotation>**,**<IPv6_LeadingZeros>**,**<IPv6_CompressZeros>**
OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+CGPIAF= [<IPv6_Address Format>,<IPv6_ SubnetNotation> [,<IPv6_Leading Zeros>,<IPv6_ CompressZeros>]]]]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <IPv6_AddressFormat> 0 Use IPv4-like dot notation. IP address and subnetwork mask (if applicable) are dot-separated. 1 Use IPv6-like colon notation. IP address and subnetwork mask (if applicable and when given explicitly) are separated by a space. <IPv6_SubnetNotation> Specifies the subnet notation for remote address and subnet mask. This parameter setting does not apply if <IPv6_AddressFormat> = 0. 0 Both IP address and subnet mask are stated explicitly, and separated by a space 1 The printout format uses a slash (/) subnet-prefix Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) notation <IPv6_LeadingZeros> Specifies whether leading zeros are omitted or not. This parameter setting does not apply if <IPv6_AddressFormat> = 0. 0 Leading zeros are omitted 1 Leading zeros are included <IPv6_CompressZeros> Specifies whether 1-n instances of 16-bit zero values are replaced by "::". This parameter setting does not apply if <IPv6_AddressFormat> = 0. 0 No zero compression 1 Use zero compression If the address is unspecified (all bytes are zeros), "::" will be displayed.

9.22. +WPPP Command: PDP Context Authentication Configuration

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WPPP=?	<u>Response</u> +WPPP: (list of supported <Auth>),[<list of supported <cid>s] OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WPPP?	<u>Response</u> +WPPP: <Auth>,<cid>,<username>,<password> OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WPPP= <Auth>,<cid>, [<username>], [<password>]	<u>Response</u> OK +CME ERROR <err> <u>Parameters</u> <Auth> Supported type of authentication <u>0</u> None 1 PAP 2 CHAP <cid> PDP context identifier used in CGDCONT. If omitted, the configuration is set for all PDP contexts. Range 1-20 <username> Login for the APN. String type, up to 64 characters <password> Password for the APN. String type, up to 64 characters
<u>Notes</u>	+WPPP is available when SIM has been inserted and the pin code is entered.
<u>Examples</u>	AT+WPPP=? +WPP: (0-2),(1-20) OK AT+WPPP=1,1,"myusername","mypassword" OK AT+WPPP? +WPPP: 1,1,"myusername","mypassword" OK

>> 10. SIM Application Toolkit AT Commands

10.1. +STKPRO Command: Display List of Supported Proactive Commands

HL7538	
Test command	
Syntax AT+STKPRO=?	<u>Response</u> +STKPRO: (01,05,16,17,18,19,20,21,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,40,52,53,64) OK
Unsolicited Notification	<u>Response</u> +STKPRO: <proactive_cmd>... Details of which are as follows: • +STKPRO: 01, <type> • +STKPRO: 05, <event_list> • +STKPRO: 16, <number>, <subaddr>, <type>, <alpha_1>, <icon_id1>, <alpha_2>, <icon_id2> • +STKPRO: 17, <ss_data>, <alpha>, <icon_id>, <ref_number> • +STKPRO: 18, <dcs>, <hex_string>, <alpha>, <icon_id>, <ref_number> • +STKPRO: 19, <alpha>, <icon_id>, <ref_number> • +STKPRO: 20, <alpha>, <icon_id>, <dtmf_string> • +STKPRO: 21, <URL>, <alpha>, <icon_id> • +STKPRO: 32, <tone>, <unit>, <interval>, <alpha>, <icon_id> • +STKPRO: 33, <type>, <dcs>, <hex_string>, <icon_id> • +STKPRO: 34, <type>, <dcs>, <hex_string>, <icon_id> • +STKPRO: 35, <type>, <dcs>, <hex_string>, <max_rsp_len>, <min_rsp_len>, <defaulttext>, <icon_id> • +STKPRO: 36, <type>, <alpha>, <item_id>, <total_items>, <item_text>, <next_action>, <default_item>, <icon_id>, <icon_id_list_element> • +STKPRO: 37, <type>, <alpha>, <item_id>, <total_items>, <item_text>, <next_action>, <icon_id>, <icon_id_list_element> • +STKPRO: 38, <type> • +STKPRO: 40, <dcs>, <hex_string>, <icon_id> • +STKPRO: 52, <type>, <alpha>, <icon_id> • +STKPRO: 53, <language> • +STKPRO: 64, <cmd_qualifier>, <alpha_id>, <icon_reference>, <dialing_number>, <reconnect_interval>, <reconnect_unit>, <idle_interval>, <idle_unit>, <bearer_type>, <bearer_parameter>, <buffer_size>, <login_dcs>, <login_text>, <password_dcs>, <password_text>, <transport_level>, <transport_port>, <sub_address>, <destination_address_type>, <destination_address> <u>Parameters</u> <alpha>, <alpha_1>, <alpha_2>, <item_text>, <default text> Text string <dsc> Data coding scheme

HL7538

<default_item>	Default items (s. item_id)
<event_list>	04 User activity event 05 Idle screen available event 07 Language selection 08 Browser termination event
<hex_string>	String containing data in hexadecimal format
<icon_id>, <icon_id1>, <icon_id2>, <icon_id_list_element>	List containing icon IDs. For example, <icon_id1>, <icon_id2>
<interval>	Time duration in number of units
<item_id>	Item identifier (identifier of item chosen, refer to GSM 11.14)
<language>	2-byte string indicating the language
<max rsp len>	Maximum response length
<min rsp len>	Minimum response length
<next_action>	Next action
<number>	Called party number
<proactive_cmd>	01 Refresh 05 Set up event list 16 Set up call 17 Send SS 18 Send USSD 19 Send SMS 20 Send DTMF 21 Launch browser 32 Play tone 33 Display text 34 Get inkey 35 Get input 36 Select item 37 Set up menu 38 Language setting 40 Set up idle mode text 52 Run AT command info 53 Language notification 64 Open channel 129 End of the proactive session
<ref_number>	Reference number
<subaddr>	Called party subaddress
<ss_data>	Data string

HL7538

<type>	Integer as command qualifier; possible value "4" means language	
<tone>	01	Dial tone
	02	Call subscriber busy
	03	Congestion
	04	Radio path acknowledge
	05	Radio path not available
	06	Error/special information
	07	Call waiting tone
	08	Ringing tone
	10	General beep
	11	Positive acknowledgement tone
	12	Negative acknowledgement or error tone
<total items>	Total items	
<unit>	0	Minutes
	1	Seconds
	2	Tenth of a second
<URL>	URL to be loaded	
<reconnect_interval>	1 – 255 Duration for reconnect tries. The interval specifies the time interval of the duration in multiples of the time unit used. The value "0" indicated a non-existing duration object.	
<reconnect_unit>	Used with <reconnect_interval>	
	0	Minutes
	1	Seconds
	2	Tenth of a second
<idle_interval>	1 – 255 Defines the duration when an idle connection is released automatically. If not present, the terminal never shall releases a connection automatically. A value of "0" indicates a non-existing duration object.	
<idle_unit>	Used with <idle_interval>	
	0	Minutes
	1	Seconds
	2	Tenth of a second
<bearer_type>	1	Circuit switched
	2	Packet switched
	3	Default
	255	Invalid
<bearer_parameter>	Hex string that gived detailed information about the bearer type	
<buffer_size>	Buffer the terminal shall allocate for channel data. The terminal may allocate less or more than this.	
<login_dcs>	Data coding scheme of the text string. Text strings may be coded in 7-bit, 8-bit or UCS2 (16-bit) for user authentication data if requested by the bearer connection.	

HL7538

<login_text> Specifies user authentication data is requested by the bearer connection. Coding based on <login_dcs>.

<password_dcs> Data coding scheme of the text string. Text strings may be coded in 7-bit, 8-bit or UCS2 (16-bit) for user authentication data if requested by the bearer connection.

<password_text> Specifies user authentication data if requested by the bearer connection. Coding based on <password_dcs>.

<transport_level> Transport layer protocol of the UICC/terminal connection

1	UDP
2	TCP
255	Invalid; no transport protocol specified

<transport_port> Integer that specifies the transport port

<sub_address> Called party subaddress (for CS bearers only)

<dsc> Data coding scheme

<destination_address_type>	33	IPv4 IP address
	87	IPv6 IP address
	255	Invalid; unknown address type

<destination_address> Hex string that specified the destination point of the connection

10.2. +STKTR Command: Enter Response

HL7538

Test command

Syntax

AT+STKTR=?

Response

+STKTR: (01,05,16,17,18,19,20,21,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,40,52,53,64)
OK

Write command

Syntax

AT+STKTR=1,0

Response

OK

or

+CME ERROR: <err>

HL7538*Write command*Syntax

AT+STKTR=
<proactive_cmd>
 [,<result>,
 <add_result>
 [,<last_cmd>]
 [,<dc>]
 [,<hexstring>]]

Response

Response depends on the proactive command

- +STKTR: 01, <result>, [<add_result>]
- +STKTR: 05, <result>
- +STKTR: 16, <result>, [<add_result>]
- +STKTR: 17, <result>, <add_result>
- +STKTR: 18, <result>, <add_result>
- +STKTR: 19, <result>, <add_result>
- +STKTR: 20, <result>, [<add_result>]
- +STKTR: 21, <result>
- +STKTR: 32, <result>, <add_result>
- +STKTR: 33, <result>, <add_result>
- +STKTR: 34, <result>, <add_result>,0,<dc>,<hex_string>
- +STKTR: 35, <result>, <add_result>,0,<dc>,<hex_string>
- +STKTR: 36, <result>, <add_result>,0,<dc>,<hex_string>

Note: The "0" stands for the parameter <last_cmd> which is obsolete but not yet removed.

- +STKTR: 37, <result>, <add_result>
- +STKTR: 38, <language as integer, e.g.28261>
- +STKTR: 40, <result>, <add_result>
- +STKTR: 52, <result>, <add_result>
- +STKTR: 53, <result>, <add_result>

Note: For general results (<result>) 32, 33, 38, 52, 53, 55, 56, 57 and 58, it is mandatory for the ME to provide a specific cause value as additional information. For others, additional information will be ignored.

- +STKTR: 64, <result>[,<add_result>,<last_cmd>,<buffer_size>,<open_channel_id>,<link_status>,<channel_status_state>,<bearer_description_type>,<bearer_description_params>,<address_type>,<address>]

Parameters

<add_result> Additional result

<dc> Data coding scheme

<hex_string> String in hexadecimal format

<last_cmd> Last command

<proactive_cmd> Decimal code that indicates the proactive command (refer to +STKPRO)

<result>	0	Command performed successfully
	1	Command performed with partial comprehension
	2	Command performed with missing information
	3	Refresh performed with additional EFS read
	4	Command performed successfully, but requested icon could not be displayed

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- 5 Command performed but modified by call control by SIM
- 6 Command performed successfully, limited service
- 7 Command performed with modification
- 16 Proactive SIM session terminated by the user
- 17 Backward move in the proactive SIM session requested by the user
- 18 No response from user
- 19 Help information required by the user
- 20 USSD or SS transaction terminated by the user
- 32 ME currently unable to process command
- 33 Network currently unable to process the command
- 34 User did not accept call set-up request
- 35 User cleared down call before connection or network release
- 36 Action in contradiction with the current timer state
- 37 Interaction with call control by SIM, temporary problem
- 38 Launch browser generic error code
- 48 Command beyond ME's capabilities
- 49 Command type not understood by ME
- 50 Command data not understood by ME
- 51 Command number not known by ME
- 52 SS return error
- 53 SMS RP ERROR
- 54 Error, required values are missing
- 55 USSD return error
- 56 Multiple card command error (if class "a" is supported)
- 57 Interaction with call control by SIM or MO, short message control by SIM
- 58 Bearer independent protocol error (if class "e" is supported)

<buffer size> Size of the allocated buffer

<open_channel_id> 1 – 7 Channel ID
0 Invalid

<link_status> Specifies whether link is established or packet data service is activated
1 Enabled
0 Disabled

<channel_status_state> Link state
00 No further information can be given

<bearer_description_type> Bearer type which can be used to decode the bearer description value
01 Circuit switched UTA_SIM_TK_BEARER
02 Packet switched UTA_SIM_TK_BEARER (GPRS)
03 Terminal default UTA_SIM_TK_BEARER
255 Invalid bearer value; indicates an unknown bearer type which is not supported by the interface version

<bearer_description_params> Hexadecimal string; gives detailed information dependent on the bearer type

<address_type> Type of address
33 IPv4 IP address
87 IPv6 IP address

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<address> Address data dependent on bearer type. IPv4 address representation shall follow the format x.x.x.x where 0<x≤255. IPv6 address representation shall follow the format x.x.x.x.x.x.x.x.x.x.x.x.x.x.x.x where 0<x≤255

10.3. +STKENV Command: Send a SIM APPL TK Envelope Command

HL7538*Test command*Syntax**AT+STKENV=?**Response**+STKENV:
OK***Write command*Syntax**AT+STKENV=
<envelope_cmd>,
<optional_ENV_
data>**Response**OK**

or

+CME ERROR: <err>Parameters

<cause> 00 User termination
 01 Error termination

<envelope_cmd> Code 211 (hex: D3) Menu selection (needs)
 Code 214 (hex: D6) Event download (note that only one event can be
 included in the <event_list>)

<item_id> Item identification

<help_requested> 1 Help is requested
 0 Help is not requested

<language> Currently used language in the DTE (refer to +STKPROF)

<call_id> Call ID

<call_direction> 0 MT call
 1 MO call

<optional_ENV_data> D3 <item_identifier> (for code 211)
 D6 <event_list> (for code 214)

10.4. +STKPROF Command: Terminal Profile Data

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+STKPROF=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+STKPROF?	<u>Response</u> +STKPROF: <length>,<data> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+STKPROF= <length>,<data>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <length> Integer type; length of characters sent to TE in <data>. When set to "0", forces a reset to the default terminal profile stored in the ME <data> Terminal profile data in hexadecimal format

10.5. +STKCC Notification: SIM – APPL – TK Call Control

HL7538									
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> +STKCC: <cc_command>... Details of which are as follows: • +STKCC: 1,<res_val>,<alpha>,<number> • +STKCC: 2,<res_val>,<alpha>,<ss_code> • +STKCC: 3,<res_val>,<alpha>,<ussd_code> • +STKCC: 4,<res_val>,<alpha>,<ton_npi>,<sc_addr>,<ton_npi>,<dest_addr> <u>Parameters</u> <cc_command> <table> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Set up call</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Send SS</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>Send USSD</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td><td>Send SM</td></tr> </table> <res_val> Call control result value <alpha> Text string	1	Set up call	2	Send SS	3	Send USSD	4	Send SM
1	Set up call								
2	Send SS								
3	Send USSD								
4	Send SM								

HL7538	
	<number> Called party number <ton_npi> Type of number and numbering plan <sc_addr> Service centre address <dest_addr> Destination address

10.6. +STKCNF Notification: SIM – APPL – TK Proactive Session Status

HL7538	
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> +STKCNF: <proactive_cmd>,<result>,<add_result>,<sw1> <u>Parameters</u> <proactive_cmd> Decimal code that indicates the command that was finished (refer to +STKPRO) <result> General result code <add_result> Additional result code <sw1> 0 Command to SIM was suppressed because of multiple terminal response or wrong client. For other responses, refer to GSM 11.11

10.7. *PSSTKI Command: SIM ToolKit Interface Configuration

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT*PSSTKI=?	<u>Response</u> *PSSTKI: (List of supported <mode>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT*PSSTKI?	<u>Response</u> *PSSTKI: <mode> OK

HL7538									
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT*PSSTKI= <mode>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <mode> <table> <tr> <td>0</td><td>No unsolicited result code will be sent to TE. TE won't send proactive command to Module.</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Manual mode. Any unsolicited result code will be sent to TE. TE has to acknowledge to +STKPRO notification.</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Auto acknowledge mode. Module answers to STK without TE,. any unsolicited result code will be sent to TE</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>Auto acknowledge mode without sending unsolicited result code to TE</td></tr> </table>	0	No unsolicited result code will be sent to TE. TE won't send proactive command to Module.	1	Manual mode. Any unsolicited result code will be sent to TE. TE has to acknowledge to +STKPRO notification.	2	Auto acknowledge mode. Module answers to STK without TE,. any unsolicited result code will be sent to TE	3	Auto acknowledge mode without sending unsolicited result code to TE
0	No unsolicited result code will be sent to TE. TE won't send proactive command to Module.								
1	Manual mode. Any unsolicited result code will be sent to TE. TE has to acknowledge to +STKPRO notification.								
2	Auto acknowledge mode. Module answers to STK without TE,. any unsolicited result code will be sent to TE								
3	Auto acknowledge mode without sending unsolicited result code to TE								
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - The aim of this AT command is to configure the AT interface for SIM ToolKit support - This command is only supported when SIM card is present - The setting of <mode> will be kept after module reboots - If <mode>=0 (STK is deactivated) is set, the module will restart automatically before the new mode takes effect <mode>=2 and <mode>=3 are only possible for a subset of STK proactive commands with user interaction: - Where basic Yes/No responses are expected - SEND SMS - SEND SS - SEND USSD - SET UP CALL - Where MMI action is needed and Yes/No responses are expected when done (for the display part) - SET UP IDLE MODE TEXT - DISPLAY TEXT - PLAY TONE - REFRESH								
<u>Examples</u>	<pre> <SIM card with STK application is inserted> AT*PSSTKI? // read current setting *PSSTKI: 0 OK AT*PSSTKI=? // check supported setting *PSSTKI: (0-3) OK At*psstki=1 // set STK manual mode OK +STKPRO: 33,0,4,"4D6F62696C65204F4B",0 at+stktr=33,0 OK At*psstki=0 // deactivate STK OK +SIM: 1 // module resets +KSUP: 0 +PBREADY </pre>								

HL7538

```

<Example: Manual Mode - proactive command SET UP MENU>
At*psstki=1                // activate STK manual mode
OK

// SET UP MENU
+STKPRO: 37,0,"GemXplore CASE",1,5,"User interaction",33,0,0
+STKPRO: 37,0,"GemXplore CASE",2,5,"Mobile interaction",33,0,0
+STKPRO: 37,0,"GemXplore CASE",3,5,"Network interaction",33,0,0
+STKPRO: 37,0,"GemXplore CASE",4,5,"Card interaction",33,0,0
+STKPRO: 37,0,"GemXplore CASE",128,5,"Common STK features",33,0,0

at+stkttr=37,0              // Terminal Response for SET UP MENU successful
OK

+STKCNF: 37,0,255,145       // [ACK] SET UP MENU successful, session on-going
at+stkenv=211,2,0           // Select menu item #2

+STKCNF: 129, 0, 255, 144   // [ACK] session end
OK

<Example: Manual Mode - proactive command SELECT ITEM>
+STKPRO: 36,0,"Choose an item :",1,5,"Play tone",0,0,0,0
+STKPRO: 36,0,"Choose an item :",2,5,"Provide local info",0,0,0,0
+STKPRO: 36,0,"Choose an item :",3,5,"Refresh",0,0,0,0
+STKPRO: 36,0,"Choose an item :",4,5,"Timer management",0,0,0,0
+STKPRO: 36,0,"Choose an item :",5,5,"Launch browser",0,0,0,0

at+stkttr=36,0,0,0,0,"03"   // Terminal Response SELECT ITEM #3
OK

+STKCNF: 36,0,255,145       // [ACK] SELECT ITEM successful
+STKPRO: 36,0,"Choose an item :",1,2,"Init and file change",0,0,0,0
+STKPRO: 36,0,"Choose an item :",2,2,"Reset",0,0,0,0

at+stkttr=36,0,0,0,0,"02"   // Terminal Response SELECT ITEM #2
OK

+STKCNF: 36,0,255,145       // [ACK] SELECT ITEM successful

<Example: Manual Mode - proactive command REFRESH>
+STKPRO: 01,4,,0,,0         // proactive command: REFRESH - SIM reset
at+stkttr=01,0              // Terminal Response for REFRESH
OK

+SIM: 0                     // SIM reset
+STKCNF: 144, 0             // [ACK] Reset completed
+SIM: 1
+STKPRO: 33,0,4,"4D6F62696C65204F4B",0
+PBREADY

<Example: Automatic Mode - proactive command REFRESH>
At*psstki=2                // set STK automatic mode
OK

```

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```

//Proactive command REFRESH is received
+STKPRO: 01,4,,0,, 0           // proactive command: REFRESH - SIM reset
+SIM: 0                       // SIM reset
+STKCNF: 144, 0               // [ACK] Reset completed
+SIM: 1
+STKPRO: 33,0,4,"4D6F62696C65204F4B",0
+PBREADY

<Example: Silent Mode - proactive command REFRESH>
At*psstki=3                   // set STK silent mode
OK

+SIM: 0                       // SIM reset
+SIM: 1
+PBREADY

<SIM card is not inserted>
at+cpin?
+CME ERROR: 10

AT*PSSTKI?                    // read current setting
+CME ERROR: 10

AT*PSSTKI=?                   // check supported setting
+CME ERROR: 10

AT*PSSTKI=1                   // deactivate STK
+CME ERROR: 10

```



11. Protocol Specific Commands

11.1. Preliminary Comments

Sierra Wireless has developed a set of proprietary AT Commands to simplify data exchanges with different protocols:

- TCP
- UDP
- FTP
- HTTP
- HTTPS

11.2. IP Address Format in AT Commands

Unless specified elsewhere, the following format is used for the IP address field in AT commands described in this chapter when using the HL7538:

- IPv4 address: Consists of dot-separated decimal (0 – 255) parameters of the form a1.a2.a3.a4
- IPv6 address: Consists of colon-separated hexadecimal (0 – ffff) parameters of the form a1:a2:a3:a4:a5:a6:a7:a8 with abbreviations

11.3. Session ID

Protocol specific AT commands share the same range of session IDs. A session ID <session_id> is a unique number and ranges from 1 to 32.

11.4. Connection of PDP Contexts

A PDP connection will be started when a session becomes active (e.g. +KTCPCNX) and will only be stopped if all sessions are closed or all sessions request to stop the connection. In case of session errors, the PDP connection deactivation behavior can be configured by +KIPOPT with <option_id>=3. The default setting after the module boot-up is that a PDP connection is requested to stop only when a session is closed by an Internet AT command (e.g. +KTCPCLOSE).

11.5. Buffer Length of AT Commands

In AT command mode, the maximum length of an AT command is 1023 characters; any AT command input longer than this limit will produce an error response. If the maximum length of a parameter is not specified in this manual, it may vary but still bound by this limit.

In AT data mode, the terminal receive buffer size is limited to 32000 bytes; the terminal driver will stop the receive flow at 16000 bytes if hardware handshaking is used.

11.6. Parameter Format of AT Commands

Double quotation marks are optional in the parameter input of protocol specific AT commands.

If the AT command does not meet the following conditions, the AT parser will regard it as an error and will not go to the corresponding AT command handler. It will immediately return +CME ERROR: 3.

This means that it will not process any action further or return any specific error code.

- If double quotation marks are used to enclose parameters, double quotation marks must appear at both the head and tail of the parameter.
- The total number of parameter input (including empty parameters) in the AT commands must be within the minimum and maximum required number of parameters.

11.7. Connection Configuration

11.7.1. +KCNXCFG Command: GPRS Connection Configuration

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KCNXCFG=?	<u>Response</u> +KCNXCFG: (list of possible <cnx conf>s) , "GPRS", (range of possible length of <apn>), (range of possible length of <login>), (range of possible length of <password>), <af>, <ip>, <dns1>, <dns2>, <ipv6>, <dns1v6>, <dns2v6> OK
Read command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KCNXCFG?	<u>Response</u> +KCNXCFG: <cnx conf>, "GPRS", <apn>, <login>, <password>, <af>, <ip>, <dns1>, <dns2>[, <ip_v6>, <dns1_v6>, <dns2_v6>], <state> [...] OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KCNXCFG= <cnx conf>, "GPRS", <apn> [, <login>] [, <password>] [, <af> [, <ip>] [, <dns1>] [, <dns2>]]] [, <ip_v6>] [, <dns1_v6>] [, <dns2_v6>]]]]]]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameters</u> <cnx conf> 1 – 5 PDP context configuration; numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context configuration <apn> Access Point Name; string parameter (max size 63 bytes), logical name used to select the GGSN or the external packet data network <login> String type (max size 64 bytes), indicates the user name of the cnx <password> String type (max size 64 bytes), indicates the password of the cnx

HL7538	
	<af> Address family used for the connection IPV4 IPv4 only IPV6 IPv6 only IPV4V6 IPv4 and IPv6 <ip> String type. If the mobile is supposed to work with a dynamic address, the value should be "0.0.0.0" or an empty string. <dns1>, <dns2> String type. If the mobile is supposed to work with dynamic DNS addresses, the value should be "0.0.0.0" or an empty string. <ip_v6> IPV6 String type. If the mobile is supposed to work with a dynamic address, the value should be "::" or an empty string. <dns1_v6>, <dns2_v6> IPV6 String type. If the mobile is supposed to work with dynamic DNS addresses, the value should be "::" or an empty string. <state> Connection state 0 Disconnected 1 Connecting 2 connected 3 Idle, down counting for disconnection 4 Disconnecting
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - This AT command is used to configure the bearer to be used for the future IP Services. - By default, the IP and DNS address are dynamic (those values would be affected by the network during the PDP connection). - This connection will be used by the module to access to the IP services described on the following chapters. The AT+KCNXCFG command is only defined to set the current parameters. The defined connection will be automatically opened when needed by the IP services. (e.g. UDP service). - The use of IPV4 and/or IPV6 addresses is configured by PDP context configuration. <cnx_cfg> values 1 to 5 corresponds to PDP context ID 1 to 5 respectively; e.g. <cnx_cfg>=3 corresponds to CID=3 in +CGDCONT/+CGACT. - When the connection is up, read command returns the actual values used by the connection interface. - If the PDP address is displayed by the +CGPADDR command, the module has already performed a PS. To start a TCP connection without attempting to perform a PS attach, the user has to enter <ip> and <dns1> in +KCNXCFG. Otherwise, the user has to perform PS Detach (+CGATT=0).

11.7.2. +KCNXTIMER Command: Connection Timer Configuration

HL7538	
<u>Test command</u> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KCNXTIMER =?	<u>Response</u> +KCNXTIMER: (list of supported <cnx cnf>s),(list of supported <tim1>s),(list of supported <nbtrial>s),(list of supported <tim2>s) ,(list of supported <idletime>s) OK

HL7538	
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KCNXTIMER ?	<u>Response</u> +KCNXTIMER: <cnx cnf>,<tim1>,<nbtrial>,<tim2>,<idletime> [...] OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KCNXTIMER =<cnx cnf>[[<tim1>][[<nbtrial> [,<tim2>] [,<idletime>]]]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameters</u> <cnx cnf> 1 – 5 PDP context configuration; numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context configuration <tim1> 1 – 120s (default value = <u>30</u>) If the module fails to activate the PDP context, a timer of <tim1> will be started. When this timer expires, it will try to activate the PDP context again. <nbtrial> 1 – 4 Number of attempt times (default value = <u>2</u>) The module will try to activate the PDP context with a maximum of <nbtrial> times. <tim2> 0 – 300s (default value = <u>60</u>) <u>0</u> Deactivated (connection will not close by itself) For client sockets, the module will try to connect to server within <tim2>s, if <tim2> expires, it will give up the connection. <idletime> 0 – 1800s (default value = <u>30</u>) When all sessions are closed, the idle timer starts with the idle time. When this timer expires, it will try to deactivate the PDP context. Before the timer expires, connecting any session will stop this timer and the PDP context is reused.
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> This command has impact on specific TCP, UDP, FTP, HTTP and HTTPS commands.

11.7.3. +KCNXPROFILE Command: Current Profile Connection Configuration

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+ KCNXPROFILE=?	<u>Response</u> +KCNXPROFILE: (list of possible <cnx cnf>s) OK
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+ KCNXPROFILE?	<u>Response</u> +KCNXPROFILE: <cnx cnf> OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KCNXPROFILE= <cnx cnf>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <cnx cnf> 1 – 5 PDP context configuration; numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context configuration
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> This command sets the default PDP context configuration ID for +KTCP CFG, +KUDPCFG, +KFTPCFG, +KHTT PCFG and +KHTT PSCFG, if the <cnx cnf> parameter is not given in these commands.

11.7.4. +KCGPADDR Command: Display PDP Address

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KCGPADDR=?	<u>Response</u> +KCGPADDR: (list of possible <cnx cnf>s) OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> For all <cnx_cnf>s: AT+KCGPADDR For specific <cnx_cnf>s: AT+KCGPADDR= <cnx_cnf>	<u>Response</u> +KCGPADDR: <cnx cnf>, <PDP_addr_1> [[+KCGPADDR: <cnx cnf>, <PDP_addr_2>] ...] OK <u>Parameters</u> <cnx cnf> 1 – 5 PDP context configuration; numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context configuration <PDP_addr> String that identifies the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • This AT command can be used after +KTCP CNX, +KUDPCFG, etc. to display the local IP address of the module. • For IPV6, more than one PDP addresses corresponding to the interface may be displayed.

11.7.5. +KCNX_IND Notification: Connection Status

HL7538	
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> +KCNX_IND: <cnx cnf>,<status>,<af> (for <status> = 0, 1) +KCNX_IND: <cnx cnf>,<status>,<attempt>,<nbtrial>,<tim1> (for <status> = 2) +KCNX_IND: <cnx cnf>,<status> (for <status> = 3,6) +KCNX_IND: <cnx cnf>,<status>,<attempt> (for <status> = 4) +KCNX_IND: <cnx cnf>,<status>,<idletime> (for <status> = 5) <u>Parameters</u> <cnx cnf> 1 – 5 PDP context configuration; numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context configuration <status> PDP connection status 0 Disconnected due to network 1 Connected 2 Failed to connect, <tim1> timer is started if <attempt> is less than <nbtrial> 3 Closed 4 Connecting 5 Idle time down counting started for disconnection 6 Idle time down counting canceled <af> 0 IPV4 1 IPV6 <tim1> Refer to +KCNXTIMER <attempt> Current attempt of bringing up of PDP connection <nbtrial> Refer to +KCNXTIMER <idletime> Refer to +KCNXTIMER

11.7.6. +KCNXUP Command: Bring up the PDP Connection

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KCNXUP=?	<u>Response</u> +KCNXUP: (list of possible <cnx cnf>s) OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KCNXUP= <cnx cnf>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <cnx cnf> 1 – 5 PDP context configuration; numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context configuration
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • This command activates the PDP context and reserves the activated PDP connection (i.e. keeps the PDP connection up even after the last session is closed). • If this command is not used, PDP context will be brought down after the last session is closed unless +KCNXDOWN is used.

11.7.7. +KCNXDOWN Command: Bring down the PDP Connection

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KCNXDOWN =?	<u>Response</u> +KCNXDOWN: (list of possible <cnx cnf>s),(list of possible <mode>s) OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KCNXDOWN =<cnx_cnf> [,<mode>]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameters</u> <cnx cnf> 1 – 5 PDP context configuration; numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context configuration <mode> 0 Cancels the reservation of the activated PDP connection previously configured by +KCNXUP 1 Similar to 0, but deactivates the PDP connection even if the active session exists

11.8. Common Configuration

11.8.1. +KPATTERN Command: Custom End of Data Pattern

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KPATTERN=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KPATTERN?	<u>Response</u> +KPATTERN: <EOF pattern> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KPATTERN=<EOF pattern>	<u>Response</u> OK +CME ERROR <err> <u>Parameter</u> <EOF pattern> String type (max size 128 bytes). This is a pattern used to notify the end of data (or file) during data or file transfer. This string doesn't have to be human-readable (non-printable characters are allowed).
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - The default value of the pattern is: "--EOF--Pattern--" - It is the responsibility of the user to select an appropriate pattern according to the data transferred. (i.e. Numeric pattern for text files and Readable string for binary files). - The <EOF pattern> pattern is detected with 100ms or higher timeout and without following data. The timeout value is equal to <wait_time> of +KIOPT. - The received data is stored with buffer size <send size v4> or <send size v6> so that <EOF pattern> with size larger than it is not detected. User application should ensure the value of <send size v4> or <send size v6> is larger than the size of <EOF pattern>.

11.8.2. +KURCCFG Command: Enable or Disable the URC from TCP Commands

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KURCCFG=?	<u>Response</u> +KURCCFG: (list of supported <protoopt>s),(list of supported <noti_act>s),(list of supported <indi_act>s) OK

HL7538	
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KURCCFG?	<u>Response</u> +KURCCFG: list of supported (<protoopt>,<noti_act>,<indi_act>) OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KURCCFG= <protoopt>,<noti_act> [,<indi_act>]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameters</u> <protoopt> Protocol option to enable/disable URC "TCPC" TCP client session "TCPS" TCP server session "UDPC" UDP client session "UDPS" UDP server session "FTP" FTP client session "HTTP" HTTP client session "HTTPS" HTTPS client session "TCP" Both TCP client and TCP server sessions "UDP" Both UDP client and UDP server sessions <noti_act> <u>1</u> Enable URC (such as +KTCP_NOTIF, +KFTP_ERROR, etc.) 0 Disable URC <indi_act> <u>1</u> Enable URC (such as +KTCP_SRVREQ, +KTCP_IND, +KTCP_DATA, +KUDP_DATA, +KUDP_RCV, +KFTP_IND, etc.) 0 Disable URC
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • Enable/disable +KTCP_NOTIF unsolicited messages; it is useful to only use a polling mode with +KTCPSTAT. • If disabled, URCs are discarded and not stored. • Can be used in 07.10 multiplexer.
<u>Examples</u>	// To disable URC AT+KURCCFG="TCP",0 OK // Test and read command AT+KURCCFG=? +KURCCFG: ("TCPC","TCPS","UDPC","UDPS","FTP","HTTP","HTTPS","TCP","UDP"),(0-1),(0-1) OK AT+KURCCFG? +KURCCFG: "TCPC",1,1 +KURCCFG: "TCPS",1,1 +KURCCFG: "UDPC",1,1 +KURCCFG: "UDPS",1,1 +KURCCFG: "FTP",1,1 +KURCCFG: "HTTP",1,1 +KURCCFG: "HTTPS",1,1 OK

11.8.3. +KIOPT Command: General Options Configurations

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KIOPT=?	<u>Response</u> +KIOPT: 0,<UDP>,(1-100),(8-1472),(8-1452) +KIOPT: 0,<TCP-based>,(0-100),(0,8-1460),(0,8-1440) +KIOPT: 1,(0-1) +KIOPT: 2,(0-255) +KIOPT: 3,(0-1),(0-1) +KIOPT: 4,(0-1) OK
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KIOPT?	<u>Response</u> +KIOPT: 0,<proto>,<wait time>,<send size v4>,<send size v6>] [...] +KIOPT: 1,<http_chunked> +KIOPT: 2,<http_max_redirect> +KIOPT: 3,<stop_on_error>,<stop_on_peer> +KIOPT: 4,<ssl_ver> OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> If <option_id>=0 AT+KIOPT= <option_id>,<proto>,<wait time> [,<send size v4>[,<send size v6>]] If <option_id>=1 AT+KIOPT= <option_id>,<http_chunked> If <option_id>=2 AT+KIOPT= <option_id>,<http_max_redirect> If <option_id>=3 AT+KIOPT= <option_id>,<stop_on_error>,<stop_on_peer>	<u>Response</u> OK +CME ERROR <err> <u>Parameters</u> <option_id> Option ID 0 Wait time, send size threshold configuration 1 HTTP chunked transfer encoding 2 HTTP maximum redirection 3 PDP connection deactivation behavior 4 SSL version for use in KHTTPS <proto> Protocol, string type "TCPC" TCP client session "TCPS" TCP server session "UDPC" UDP client session "UDPS" UDP server session "FTP" FTP client session "HTTP" HTTP client session "HTTPS" HTTPS client session "TCP" Both TCP client and TCP server sessions "UDP" Both UDP client and UDP server sessions <wait time> Timeout for sending buffered data to peer. This parameter specifies the timeout after which the buffered data received from the AT terminal will be sent to the peer irrespective of size of the data packet. Value in 100ms unit. For UDP, range = 1 – 100 (default value = 2)

HL7538	
If<option_id>=4 AT+KIOPT= <option_id>, <ssl_ver>	For TCP based protocol, range = 0 – 100 (default value = <u>1</u>). Value 0 has the same effect as value 1 as limited by +KPATTERN detection timing. <send size v4> Data size threshold for IPV4 sessions. When the buffered data received from the AT terminal reaches this threshold, the data is sent to the socket layer. For UDP, range = 8 – 1472 (default value = <u>1020</u>) For TCP based protocol, range = 0, 8 – 1460; where 0 = disabled (default value = <u>0</u>) <send size v6> Data size threshold for IPV6 sessions. When the buffered data received from the AT terminal reaches this threshold, the data is sent to the socket layer. For UDP, range = 8 – 1452 (default value = <u>1020</u>) For TCP based protocol, range = 0, 8 – 1440; where 0 = disabled (default value = <u>0</u>) <http_chunked> "chunked" transfer encoding for HTTP POST <u>0</u> Data sent with HTTP POST are not encoded (default) 1 Data sent with HTTP POST are encoded using "chunked" transfer encoding automatically <http_max_redirect> 8 – 255 Maximum redirection allowed for HTTP GET (default value = <u>0</u>) <stop_on_error> Behavior of PDP connection deactivation when a session was closed due to any errors <u>0</u> Do not request to stop the connection (default) 1 Request to stop the connection <stop_on_peer> Behavior of PDP connection deactivation when a session was closed by the peer/server <u>0</u> Do not request to stop the connection (default) 1 Request to stop the connection <ssl_ver> SSL version for use in KHTTPS <u>0</u> TLS version 1.1 (default) 1 TLS version 1.0
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> "chunked" transfer encoding for HTTP POST is applicable and effective only for HTTP version 1.1. - The default setting of <option_id>=3 is (<stop_on_error>=0, <stop_on_peer>=0) after module boot-up; this means that a PDP connection is requested to stop only when a session is closed by an Internet AT command (e.g. +KTCPCLOSE).

11.9. TCP Specific Commands

11.9.1. +KTCPCFG Command: TCP Connection Configuration

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPCFG=?	<u>Response</u> +KTCPCFG: (list of possible <cnx_cnf>s),(list of possible <mode>s),<remote-name/ip>,(list of possible <tcp_port>s),(list of possible <source_port>s),(list of possible <data_mode>s),(list of possible <URC-ENDTCP-enable>s),(list of possible <af>s) OK
Read command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPCFG?	<u>Response</u> +KTCPCFG: <session_id>,<status>,<cnx_cnf>,<mode>[,<serverID>],<tcp remote address>,<tcp_port> [,<source_port>],<data_mode>,<URC-ENDTCP-enable>,<af> [...] OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPCFG= [<cnx_cnf>], <mode>, [<tcp remote address>], <tcp_port>[, [<source_port>] [, [<data_mode>], [<URC-ENDTCP-enable>]],<af>	<u>Response</u> +KTCPCFG: <session_id> OK <u>Parameters</u> <cnx_cnf> Index of a set of parameters for configuring one TCP session (see +KCNXCFG) <session_id> TCP session index <mode> 0 Client 1 Server 2 Child (generated by server sockets) <tcp remote address> IP address string or explicit name of the remote server. For server configuration, this parameter is left blank <tcp_port> 1 – 65535 TCP peer port, numeric parameter. For server configuration, this parameter is the listening port. <status> Connection state of the selected socket 0 Disconnected 1 Connected <serverID> Server session ID index. Only used for socket in CHILD mode. <source_port> 0 – 65535 Specifies the local TCP port number. For server configuration, this parameter is left blank. <data_mode> 0 Do not display <data> in URC (default setting) 1 Display <data> in URC

HL7538	
	<URC-ENDTCP-enable> <u>0</u> Do not display URC "+KTCP_ACK" (default setting) 1 Display URC "+KTCP_ACK" <af> Address family used for the connection <u>0</u> IPV4 1 IPV6
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • If the socket is defined as a <CLIENT> socket, <tcp_port> and <tcp remote address> define the port and the IP address of the remote server we want to connect. • Maximum <session_id> is 32. • For child session, the property <data_mode> will be kept the same as the server socket's setting. • See 16.5.6 Use Cases for AT+KTCPPACKINFO and <URC-ENDTCP-enable> Option. • This AT command can be used before setting up +KCNXCFG configuration. But the latter is required to start the connection properly.

11.9.2. +KTCPCNX Command: TCP Start Connection

HL7538																									
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPCNX=?	<u>Response</u> +KTCPCNX: (list of possible <session_id>s) OK																								
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPCNX= <session_id>	<u>Response</u> OK +CME ERROR: <err> +KTCP_NOTIF: <session_id>, <tcp_notif> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> TCP session index <tcp_notif> Cause of the TCP connection failure <table border="0"> <tr><td>0</td><td>Network error</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>No more sockets available; max. number already reached</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>Memory problem</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>DNS error</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>TCP disconnection by the server or remote client</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>TCP connection error</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>Generic error</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>Fail to accept client request's</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>Data sending is OK but KTCPSND was waiting more or less characters</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>Bad session ID</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>Session is already running</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>All sessions are used</td></tr> </table>	0	Network error	1	No more sockets available; max. number already reached	2	Memory problem	3	DNS error	4	TCP disconnection by the server or remote client	5	TCP connection error	6	Generic error	7	Fail to accept client request's	8	Data sending is OK but KTCPSND was waiting more or less characters	9	Bad session ID	10	Session is already running	11	All sessions are used
0	Network error																								
1	No more sockets available; max. number already reached																								
2	Memory problem																								
3	DNS error																								
4	TCP disconnection by the server or remote client																								
5	TCP connection error																								
6	Generic error																								
7	Fail to accept client request's																								
8	Data sending is OK but KTCPSND was waiting more or less characters																								
9	Bad session ID																								
10	Session is already running																								
11	All sessions are used																								

HL7538Reference

Sierra Wireless
Proprietary

Notes

This command is used for connecting to a remote server or listening to a bound port, depends on the selected mode of <session_id>.

11.9.3. +KTCPRCV Command: Receive Data through a TCP Connection

HL7538*Test command*Syntax

AT+KTCPRCV=?

Response

+KTCPRCV: (list of possible <session_id>s),(list of possible <ndata>)
OK

*Write command*Syntax

AT+KTCPRCV=
<session_id>,
<ndata>

Response

CONNECT
...<EOF pattern>
OK
+KTCP_NOTIF: <session_id>,<tcp_notif>

Parameters

<session_id> TCP session index

<ndata> Number of bytes the device wants to receive (max value = 4294967295)

<tcp_notif> See command AT+KTCPNXX

Reference

Sierra Wireless
Proprietary

Notes

- This function is used to receive <ndata> data bytes through a previously opened TCP socket.
- <ndata> indicates the max data number that the terminal wishes to receive. If the TCP socket contains more data than <ndata> bytes then only <ndata> bytes will be received. If the TCP socket contains less data than <ndata> bytes then only TCP socket's data will be received.
- <EOF pattern> would be added at the end of data automatically.
- When <ndata> (max value) bytes or only available data in the TCP socket have been received, the module returns to command state and returns OK.
- Before using this command, it is highly recommended to configure the module for Hardware flow control, using the command AT&K3.
- The behavior of DTR drop meets with AT&D.

11.9.4. +KTCPSND Command: Send Data through a TCP Connection

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPSND=?	<u>Response</u> +KTCPSND: (list of possible <session_id>s),(list of possible <ndata>) OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPSND= <session_id>, <ndata>	<u>Response</u> CONNECT OK <u>Error case</u> NO CARRIER +CME ERROR: <err> +KTCP_NOTIF: <session_id>,<tcp_notif> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> TCP session index <ndata> Number of bytes (max value = 4294967295) <tcp_notif> See command AT+KTCPCNX
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • User must use <EOF pattern> to finish sending, then module returns to command mode. • All the data will be sent out ignoring <ndata>. If data sent is not equal to <ndata> then KTCP_NOTIF would appear. • <ndata> is the data size without <EOF pattern>. • Before using this command, it is highly recommended to configure the module for Hardware flow control, using the command AT&K3. • The behavior of DTR drop meets with AT&D. • Using "+++" can abort data and using ATO[n] to return back to data mode.

11.9.5. +KTCPCLOSE Command: Close Current TCP Operation

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPCLOSE =?	<u>Response</u> +KTCPCLOSE: (list of possible <session_id>s), (list of possible <closing_type>s) OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPCLOSE =<session_id> [,<closing_type>]	<u>Response</u> OK +CME ERROR: <err> NO CARRIER +KTCP_NOTIF: <session_id>, <tcp_notif> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> TCP session index <closing_type> 0 Abort. Fast closing of the TCP connection (not supported). 1 The TCP connection is properly closed, which means that data sent to the module by AT+KTCPSEND will be sent to the TCP server and acknowledged before the socket is closed. <tcp_notif> See command AT+KTCPCNX
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • This function first closes the TCP socket and if there is no other session running then the PDP context is released. • AT+KTCPDEL=<session_id> can be used to delete the socket configuration after close.

11.9.6. +KTCPDEL Command: Delete a Configured TCP Session

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPDEL=?	<u>Response</u> +KTCPDEL: (list of possible <session_id>s) OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPDEL= <session_id>	<u>Response</u> OK +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <session_id> TCP session index
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> The session must be closed (+KTCPCLOSE) before use of this command.

11.9.7. +KTCP_SRVREQ Notification: Incoming Client Connection Request

HL7538	
Unsolicited Notification	<u>Response</u> +KTCP_SRVREQ: <session_id>,<subsession_id>,client_ip>,<client_port> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> TCP session index <subsession_id> Index of the newly created TCP session <client_ip> IP address string of the incoming socket <client_port> Numeric parameter (0-65535), the port of the incoming client
<u>Examples</u>	<pre>// Configure the module to TCP servers AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","szsjmc.gd"; +KTCPCFG=1,1,,179 +KTCPCFG: 1 OK AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","szsjmc.gd"; +KTCPCFG=1,1,,180 +KTCPCFG: 2 OK // Start the TCP servers AT+KTCPCNX=1 //listen on port 179 OK AT+KTCPCNX=2 //listen on port 180 OK // Show the TCP servers' ip address AT+KCGPADDR +KCGPADDR: 1,"192.168.1.49" OK // Incoming connection request from remote client, shows ip address and port of remote // client // incoming a connection request from "192.168.0.32" via listening port 179, the remote // port is 4614 +KTCP_SRVREQ: 1,3,"192.168.0.32",4614 // incoming a connection request from "10.10.10.110" via listening port 180, the remote // port is 4665 +KTCP_SRVREQ: 2,4,"10.10.10.110",4665 // incoming a connection request from the same ip via the same listening port, the remote // port is 4668 +KTCP_SRVREQ: 2,5,"10.10.10.110",4668</pre>

HL7538	
	<pre>// incoming a connection request from "192.168.1.117" via listening port 179, the remote // port is 1739 +KTCP_SRVREQ: 1,6,"192.168.1.117",1739 // the connection of sub session id 4 (on listening port 180) is closed. +KTCP_NOTIF: 4,4 // incoming a connection request from "10.10.10.8" via listening port 180, the remote port is // 4672 +KTCP_SRVREQ: 2,4,"10.10.10.8",4672</pre>
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • This notification is sent when a client requests a connection to the server. The connection is automatically accepted. • The created session is driven as any other TCP session with its own session ID. Use +KTCPSND, +KTCPCRCV, +KTCPCLOSE, etc. to provide the service associated to this TCP server. • The TCP server corresponding to the session ID is still able to receive connection requests from other clients. These requests are notified with +KTCP_SRVREQ. • The client IP address and port can also be checked using AT+KTCPCFG? after the client is connected to the TCP server.

11.9.8. +KTCP_DATA Notification: Incoming Data through a TCP Connection

HL7538	
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> +KTCP_DATA: <session_id>,<ndata available>[,<data>] <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> TCP session index <ndata available> For <data_mode> = 0, maximum number of bytes to be read in the TCP receive buffer For <data_mode> = 1, maximum number of bytes to be read in <data> <data> Data in octet. The length of data is specified by <ndata_available>
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • As soon as the connection is established, the module can receive data through the TCP socket. This notification is sent when data is available in the receive buffer. • This notification is sent for each TCP packet received. • When <data_mode> is set to 1, <ndata_available> will range from 1 – 1500 in the URC. If the user application sends over 1500 bytes data to the module, the module will display those data with several URCs. • See 16.6.3 Use Cases for KTCP_DATA and KUDP_DATA.

11.9.9. +KTCP_IND Notification: TCP Status

HL7538	
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> +KTCP_IND: <session_id>,<status> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> TCP session index <status> TCP session status 1 Session is set up and ready for operation

11.9.10. +KTCPSTAT Command: Get TCP Socket Status

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPSTAT= ?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPSTAT?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> For all TCP <session_id>s: AT+KTCPSTAT For a specific TCP <session_id>: AT+KTCPSTAT= <session_id>	<u>Response</u> +KTCPSTAT: <session_id>,<status>,<tcp_notif>,<rem_data>,<rcv_data> [...] OK or +KTCPSTAT: <status>,<tcp_notif>,<rem_data>,<rcv_data> OK <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> TCP session index <status> TCP socket state 0 Socket not defined; use KTCPCFG to create a TCP socket 1 Socket is only defined but not used 2 Socket is opening and connecting to the server, cannot be used 3 Connection is up, socket can be used to send/receive data 4 Connection is closing, it cannot be used; wait for <status> = 5 5 Socket is closed <tcp_notif> -1 Socket/connection is OK <tcp_notif> An error has happened <rem_data> Remaining bytes in the socket buffer waiting to be sent

HL7538	
	<rcv_data> Received bytes; can be read with +KTCPCRCV command
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - Size of socket buffer for sending is 17520 bytes. - This command returns +CME ERROR: 910 (Bad Session ID) for undefined <session_id>.

11.9.11. +KTCPSTART Command: Start a TCP Connection in Direct Data Flow

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPSTART =?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPSTART ?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPSTART =<session_id>	<u>Response</u> CONNECT OK +CME ERROR : an error occurs, syntax error +KTCP_NOTIF: <session_id>,<tcp_notif> : an error occurs <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> TCP session index <tcp_notif> See command AT+KTCPCNX
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - This function is used to send and receive data bytes through a TCP socket. - It is highly recommended to configure the module for hardware flow control using AT&K3 before using this command. - The behavior of DTR drop meets with AT&D. +++ can be used to switch in command mode. - ATO<session_id> can be used to switch back in data mode. - Only 1 KTCPSTART session can be used. - Can be used in 07.10 multiplexer. - If the session is successfully connected by +KTCPCNX, this command does not restart the connection and the module enters direct data flow directly.

11.9.12. +KTCP_ACK Notification: Status Report for Latest TCP Data

HL7538	
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> +KTCP_ACK: <session_id>,<result>CR><LF> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> TCP session index <result> 0 Data sent failure; not all data has been received by remote side 1 Data sent success; all the data has already been received by the remote side
Reference Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - This URC is enabled or disabled by parameter <URC-ENDTCP-enable> of command +KTCP_CFG. The URC is disabled by default. - See 16.5.6 Use Cases for AT+KTCPACKINFO and <URC-ENDTCP-enable> Option.

11.9.13. +KTCPACKINFO Command: Poll ACK Status for the Latest Data

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPACKINFO=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPACKINFO?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Write command</i>	<u>Syntax</u> AT+KTCPACKINFO=<session_id> <u>Response</u> +KTCPACKINFO: <session_id>,<result> OK or +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> TCP session index <result> 0 Data sent failure; not all data has been received by remote side. 1 Data sent success; all the data has already been received by the remote side. 2 The status is unknown

HL7538Reference

Sierra Wireless
Proprietary

Notes

- The command will return ERROR if <URC-ENDTCP-enable> of command +KTCPCFG is 0.
- +KTCPACKINFO returns 1 after the TCP session is connected, and before any data transfer.

11.10. UDP Specific Commands

11.10.1. +KUDPCFG Command: UDP Connection Configuration

HL7538*Test command*Syntax

AT+KUDPCFG=?

Response

+KUDPCFG: (list of possible <cnx cnf>s), (list of possible <mode>s), (list of possible <port>s), (list of possible <data_mode>s), <remote-name/ip>, (list of possible <udp_port>s), (list of possible <af>s)
OK

*Read command*Syntax

AT+KUDPCFG?

Response

+KUDPCFG: <session_id>, <cnx cnf>, <mode>, <port>, <data_mode>, <udp remote address>, <udp_port>, <af>
[...]
OK

*Write command*Syntax

AT+KUDPCFG=
[<cnx cnf>],
<mode>[,<port>]
[,<data_mode>],
[<udp remote
address>],
<udp_port>,<af>]

Response

+KUDPCFG: <session_id>
OK

Error case

+CME ERROR: <err>
+KUDP_NOTIF: <session_id>, <udp_notif>

Parameter

<session_id> UDP session index

<mode> 0 Client
 1 Server

<port> 0 Random port number
 1 – 65535 Port number

<cnx cnf> 1 – 5 PDP context configuration. Specifies a particular PDP context configuration (see +KCNXCFG for more information).

HL7538	
	<udp_notif> Cause of the UDP connection failure 0 Network error 1 No more sockets available; max number has already been reached 2 Memory problem 3 DNS error 5 UDP connection error(host is unreachable) 6 Generic error 8 Data sending is OK but KUDPSND was waiting more or less characters 9 Bad session ID 10 Session is already running 11 All sessions are used <data_mode> <u>0</u> Do not display <data> in URC 1 Display <data> in URC <udp remote address> IP address string or explicit name of the remote host; empty by default (given by +KUDPSND) <udp_port> <u>0</u> – 65535 UDP peer port; 0 = given by +KUDPSND <af> Address family used for the connection <u>0</u> IPV4 <u>1</u> IPV6
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • UDP sockets in server mode are bound to a defined port number; incoming connections are notified by KUDP_DATA. If a remote address and port is given, they are saved for use in +KUDPSND. • Maximum <session_id> is 32. • When more than two different APN are used in +KCNXCFG, only one of them can be used in TCP or UDP services. • +KCNXCFG configuration should be set up in order to start the connection properly.

11.10.2. +KUDPRCV Command: Receive Data through a UDP Connection

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KUDPRCV=?	<u>Response</u> +KUDPRCV: (list of possible <session_id>s),(list of possible <ndata>s) OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KUDPRCV= <session_id>, <ndata>	<u>Response</u> CONNECT ...<EOF pattern> OK +KUDP_RCV: <udp remote address>,<udp remote port>,<ndata available>

HL7538	
	<u>Error case</u> NO CARRIER +CME ERROR: <err> +KUDP_NOTIF: <session_id>, <udp_notif> +KUDP_DATA_MISSED: <session_id>, <ndata missed> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> UDP session index <ndata> Number of bytes the device wants to receive (max value = 4294967295) <udp remote address> IP address string of the remote host <udp remote port> 0 – 65535 Remote port <ndata available> Number of bytes to be read in first received packet <udp_notif> See command AT+KUDPCFG <ndata missed> Number of bytes left (and/or lost) in the UDP socket
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • This function is used to receive <ndata> data bytes through a previously opened UDP socket. • <ndata> indicates the max data number that the terminal wishes to receive. If the UDP socket contains more data than <ndata> bytes then only <ndata> bytes will be received and more data can be read by running this command again. • <EOF pattern> would be added at the end of data automatically. • When <ndata> (max value) bytes or only available data in the UDP socket have been received, the module returns to command mode. • Before using this command, it is highly recommended to configure the module for Hardware flow control, using the command AT&K3. • The behavior of DTR drop meets with AT&D.

11.10.3. +KUDPSND Command: Send Data through a UDP Connection

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KUDPSND=?	<u>Response</u> +KUDPSND: (list of possible <session_id>s),<remote-name/ip>,(list of possible <udp_port>s), (list of possible <ndata>s) OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KUDPSND= <session id>, [<udp remote address>] [,<udp_port>] [,<ndata>]	<u>Response</u> CONNECT OK <u>Error case</u> NO CARRIER +CME ERROR: <err> +KUDP_NOTIF: <session_id>,< udp_notif> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> UDP session index <udp remote address> IP address string or explicit name of the remote host <udp_port> 1 – 65535 UDP peer port <ndata> Number of bytes (max value = 4294967295) <udp_notif> See command AT+KUDPCFG
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • The user must use <EOF pattern> to finish sending, then the module will return to command mode. • All data will be sent out ignoring <ndata>. If data sent is not equal to <ndata>, then KUDP_NOTIF will be displayed. • <ndata> is the data size without <EOF pattern>. • It is highly recommended to configure the module for hardware flow control using AT&K3 before using this command. • The behavior of DTR drop meets with AT&D. • Using “+++” can abort data and using ATO[n] to return back to data mode. • The maximum transmission unit (MTU) is 1500 bytes. • <udp remote address> and <udp_port> are saved internally such that they can be omitted in subsequent calls of +KUDPSND. • Packet segmentation is controlled by +KIPOPT with <option_id>=0 and the maximum UDP packet size is limited by <send size v4> (1472 bytes) or <send size v6> (1452 bytes); default value for both parameters is 1020 bytes.

11.10.4. +KUDPCLOSE Command: Close Current UDP Operation

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+ KUDPCLOSE=?	<u>Response</u> +KUDPCLOSE: (list of possible <session_id>s),(list of possible <keep_cfg>s) OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KUDPCLOSE =<session_id> [,<keep_cfg>]	<u>Response</u> OK +KUDP_NOTIF: <session_id>, <udp_notif> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> UDP session index <udp_notif> See command AT+KUDPCFG <keep_cfg> Indicates whether to delete the session configuration after closing it 0 Delete the session configuration 1 Keep the session configuration
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • This function closes the UDP session. If there is no other session running, the PDP context would be released. • This function will delete the session configuration if <keep_cfg> = 0.

11.10.5. +KUDPDEL Command: Delete a Configured UDP Session

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KUDPDEL=?	<u>Response</u> +KUDPDEL: (list of possible <session_id>s) OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KUDPDEL= <session_id>	<u>Response</u> OK +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <session_id> UDP session index
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> The session must be closed (+KUDPCLOSE) before using this command.

11.10.6. +KUDP_IND Notification: UDP Status

HL7538	
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> +KUDP_IND: <session_id>,<status> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> UDP session index <status> UDP session status 1 Session is set up and ready for operation

11.10.7. +KUDP_DATA Notification: Incoming Data through a UDP Connection

HL7538	
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> +KUDP_DATA: <session_id>,<ndata available>[,<udp remote address>,<udp remote port>,<data>] <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> UDP session index <ndata available> Number of bytes to be read <udp remote address> IP address string of the remote host <udp remote port> 0 – 65535 Remote port <data> Data in octet. The length of data is specified by <ndata_available>.
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - As soon as the UDP socket is created, the module can receive data through this socket. This notification is sent when data is available in the receive buffer. - This notification will be sent one time. When <data_mode> is set to 0 (do not display data in URC), the controlling software must read the buffer with KUDPRCV in order to activate the notification again. - When <data_mode> is set to 1, <ndata_available> will range from 1 – 1500 in the URC. If the user application sends over 1500 bytes of data to the module, the module will display those data with several URCs. This makes it possible for other applications (e.g. from Windows) to send ≥ 1472 bytes UDP packet to the module; the packet is segmented and reassembled by the network stack. - When <data_mode> is set to 1, URC +KUDP_RCV will not be displayed after +KUDP_DATA. - When <data_mode> is set to 1, <udp remote address> and <udp remote port> will be displayed in URC +KUDP_DATA. When <data_mode> is set to 0, they will be displayed in URC +KUDP_RCV. - See section 16.6.3 Use Cases for KTCP_DATA and KUDP_DATA.

11.11. FTP Client Specific Commands

11.11.1. +KFTPCFG Command: FTP Configuration

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KFTPCFG=?	<u>Response</u> +KFTPCFG: (list of possible <cnx cnf>s),<server-name/ip>,(range of possible length of <login>),(range of possible length of <password>),(list of possible <port_number>s),(list of possible <mode>s),(list of possible <start>s),(list of possible <af>s) OK
Read command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KFTPCFG?	<u>Response</u> +KFTPCFG: <session_id>,<cnx cnf>,<server_name>,<login>,<password>,<port_number>,<mode>,<started>,<af>
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KFTPCFG= [<cnx cnf>], <server_name> [,<login> [,<password> [,<port_number> [,<mode>] [,<start> [,<af>]]]]	<u>Response</u> +KFTPCFG:<session_id> OK <u>Error case</u> +KFTP_ERROR: <session_id>,<ftp cause> <u>Parameters</u> <cnx cnf> 1 – 5 (PDP context configuration) a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context configuration <session_id> FTP session index <server_name> IP address string of the ftp server or domain name of the server <login> String type, indicates the user name to be used during the FTP connection <password> String type, indicates the password to be used during the FTP connection <port_number> 1 – 65535 Indicates the remote command port (21 by default) <mode> Indicates the initiator of the FTP connection 0 Active. The server is initiator of the FTP data connection 1 Passive. The client is initiator of the FTP data connection in order to avoid the proxy filtrate. The passive data transfer process “listens” on the data port for a connection from the active transfer process in order to open the data connection <start> Specifies whether to start the FTP connection immediately 0 Start the FTP connection later by +KFTPCNX 1 Start the FTP connection immediately <started> Specifies whether to the FTP connection is started 0 FTP connection is not started yet 1 FTP connection is started

HL7538	
	<af> Address family used for the connection <u>0</u> IPV4 1 IPV6 <ftp_cause> Indicates the cause of the FTP connection failure 0 The sending or the retrieving was impossible due to request timeout 1 It is impossible to connect to the server due to DNS resolution failure 2 It is impossible to download a file due to connection troubles 3 The download was impossible due to connection timeout 4 No network available 5 Flash access trouble 6 Flash memory full 7 Network error XXX Three-digit reply code from the FTP server. See section 16.2.5 FTP Reply Codes.
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - Write command sets the server name, the login, the password, the port number and the mode for ftp operations. - Only one ftp session is currently supported; <session_id> is always 0. - This command (with <start> = 1) can be used before setting up +KCNXCFG configuration. Note however that the latter is required to start the connection properly.
<u>Example</u>	AT+KFTPCFG=1,"ftp.connect.com","username","password",21,0 // The connection timeout for TCP socket is about 9 seconds with 3 retransmissions of // 3 seconds delay. // The result of the FTP connection is notified using unsolicited response.

11.11.2. +KFTPCNX Command: Start FTP Connection

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KFTPCNX=?	<u>Response</u> +KFTPCNX: (list of possible <session_id>s) OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KFTPCNX=<session_id>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Error case</u> NO CARRIER +CME ERROR: <err> +KFTP_ERROR: <session_id>,<ftp cause> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> FTP session index

HL7538	
	<ftp_cause> Indicates the cause of the FTP connection failure 0 The sending or the retrieving was impossible due to request timeout 1 It is impossible to connect to the server due to DNS resolution failure 2 It is impossible to download a file due to connection troubles 3 The download was impossible due to connection timeout 4 No network available 5 Flash access trouble 6 Flash memory full 7 Network error XXX Three-digit reply code from the FTP server. See section 16.2.5 FTP Reply Codes.
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - This command is used for start the FTP connection created by +KFTPCFG with <start>=0. +KFTPRCV, +KFTPSND, +KFTPDEL automatically starts the connection if has not been started using AT+KFTPCNX.

11.11.3. +KFTPRCV Command: Receive FTP Files

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KFTPRCV=?	<u>Response</u> +KFTPRCV: (list of possible <session_id>s),<local_uri>,<server_path>,<file_name>,(list of possible <type_of_file>s),(list of possible <offset>s) OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KFTPRCV= <session_id>, [<local_uri>], [<server_path>], <file_name> [,<type_of_file> [,<offset>]]	<u>Response</u> CONNECT <EOF_pattern> OK <u>Error case</u> +CME ERROR<err> NO CARRIER +KFTP_ERROR: <session_id>,<ftp cause> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> FTP session index <local_uri> This argument must be empty. It is reserved for compatibility of command syntax. <server_path> String type. Indicates the path of the file to be downloaded. An empty string or no string indicates that downloading is done from the path given by the FTP server <file_name> String type. Indicates the name of the file to download <type_of_file> Numeric type. Indicates the type of file (ASCII or binary) to transfer 0 Binary (default value) 1 ASCII

HL7538	
	<offset> 0 – 4294967295 Integer type indicating the offset to “resume transfer”. See 16.7.2 “FTP Resume” Use Case. When downloading file and transmitting to serial link, module will use the <offset> value and “resume transfer” from this position. <EOF_pattern> End of file notification. See +KPATTERN for value <ftp_cause> Integer type. Indicates the cause of the FTP connection failure 0 The sending or the retrieving was impossible due to request timeout 1 It is impossible to connect to the server due to DNS resolution failure 2 It is impossible to download a file due to connection troubles. 3 The download was impossible due to connection timeout 4 No network available 5 Flash access trouble 6 Flash memory full 7 Network error XXX Three-digit reply code from the FTP server. See section 16.2.5 FTP Reply Codes.
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • Before using this command an FTP connection must have been achieved using AT+KFTPCFG. • After sending the +KFTPCRCV command, the user will receive the entire data stream. • The user can abort download by sending any character from the host. In this case, the module will end the transfer by transmitting the EOF followed by ERROR. • The user can terminate the download by deasserting DTR (with AT&D2), or by using the escape sequence +++. After which the module will return: NO CARRIER. • If AT&C1 is set, DCD will be ON after CONNECT and DCD will be OFF after download is done. • “Resume transfer” feature shall be supported by the FTP server to be used. • See 16.7.2 “FTP Resume” Use Case. • If the FTP server does not support the resume feature, module will output KFTP_ERROR. The <ftp_cause> will be in the sets {500, 501, 502, 421, 530}. See 16.2.5 FTP Reply Codes for error codes.

11.11.4. +KFTPSND Command: Send FTP Files

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KFTPSND=?	<u>Response</u> +KFTPSND: (list of possible <session_id>s),<local_uri>,<server_path>,<file_name>, (list of possible <type of file>s),(list of possible <append>s) OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KFTPSND= <session_id>, [<local_uri>], [<server_path>], <file_name> [,<type of file>] [,<append>]	<u>Response</u> CONNECT data ... <EOF pattern> OK

HL7538	
	<u>Error case</u> +CME ERROR <err> NO CARRIER +KFTP_ERROR: <session_id>,<ftp cause> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> FTP session index <local_uri> This argument must be empty. It is reserved for compatibility of command syntax. <server_path> String type. Indicates the path of the file to be uploaded. An empty string or no string indicates that uploading is done from the path given by the FTP server <file_name> String type. Indicates the name of the file to upload <type of file> Numeric type. Indicates the type of file (ASCII or binary) to transfer 0 Binary 1 ASCII <append> Numeric type. Indicates using "append" or not when uploading. 0 Do not use "append". (default value) If the file already exists then the file will be overridden 1 Use "append". If the file already exists then the data will be appended at the end of the file; otherwise the file will be created <EOF pattern> End of file notification. See KPATTERN for values <ftp_cause> Integer type. Indicates the cause of the FTP connection failure. 0 The sending or the retrieving was impossible due to request timeout 1 It is impossible to connect to the server due to DNS resolution failure 2 It is impossible to download a file due to connection troubles. 3 The download was impossible due to connection timeout 4 No network available 5 Flash access trouble 6 Flash memory full 7 Network error XXX Three-digit reply code from the FTP server. See section 16.2.5 FTP Reply Codes.
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • Before using this command an FTP connection must have been achieved using AT+KFTPCFG. • After sending the +KFTPSND command, the host must send the entire data stream of the file. • The user can terminate uploading by deasserting DTR (with AT&D2), or by using the escape sequence +++ . The module will then return OK. • ATO is not available for this command. • If AT&C1 is set, DCD will be ON after CONNECT, and it will be OFF after upload done. • If the requested file is unavailable on the FTP server, this command returns NO CARRIER immediately.

11.11.5. +KFTPDEL Command: Delete FTP Files

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KFTPDEL=?	<u>Response</u> +KFTPDEL: (list of possible <session_id>s),<server_path>,<file_name>,(list of possible <type>s) OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KFTPDEL= <session_id>, [<server_path>,<file_name> [,<type>]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Error case</u> +CME ERROR <err> NO CARRIER +KFTP_ERROR: <session_id>,<ftp cause> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> FTP session index <server_path> String type. Indicates the path of the file to be deleted. An empty string or no string indicates the deleting is done from the path given by the <server_name> parameter <file_name> String type. Indicates the name of the file to delete <type> Numeric type. Indicates the type of file (ASCII or binary) to transfer 0 Binary 1 ASCII <ftp_cause> Integer type. Indicates the cause of the FTP connection failure 0 The sending or the retrieving was impossible due to request timeout 1 It is impossible to connect to the server due to DNS resolution failure 2 It is impossible to delete a file due to connection troubles 3 The deleting was impossible due to connection timeout 4 No network available XXX Three-digit reply code from the FTP server. See section 16.2.5 FTP Reply Codes.
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> Before using this command an FTP connection must have been achieved using AT+KFTPCFG.

11.11.6. +KFTP_IND Notification: FTP Status

HL7538	
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> +KFTP_IND: <session_id>,<status>[,<data_len>] <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> FTP session index <status> Status of the FTP session 1 Session is set up and ready for operation 2 The last FTP command is executed successfully <data_len> Byte length of data downloaded/uploaded to/from the terminal (+KFTPRCV/+KFTPSND)

11.11.7. +KFTPCLOSE Command: Close Current FTP Connection

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KFTPCLOSE =?	<u>Response</u> +KFTPCLOSE: (list of possible <session_id>s),(list of possible <keep_cfg>s) OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KFTPCLOSE =<session_id> [,<keep_cfg>]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> FTP session index <keep_cfg> Specifies whether to delete the session configuration after closing it <u>0</u> Delete the session configuration 1 Keep the session configuration
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> This command will close the connection to the FTP server.

11.11.8. +KFTPCFGDEL Command: Delete a Configured FTP Session

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KFTPCFGDEL=?	<u>Response</u> +KFTPCFGDEL: (list of possible <session_id>s) OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KFTPCFGDEL= <session_id>	<u>Response</u> OK +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <session_id> FTP session index
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> The session must be closed (using +KFTPCLOSE) before using this command.

11.12. HTTP Client Specific Commands

11.12.1. +KHTTPCFG Command: HTTP Connection Configuration

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPCFG=?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPCFG: (list of possible <cnx_cnf>s),<server-name/ip>,(list of possible <http_port>s),(list of possible <http_version>s),(range of possible length of <login>),(range of possible length of <password>),(list of possible <started>s),(list of possible <af>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPCFG?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPCFG: <session_id>,<cnx_cnf>,<http_server>,<https_port>,<http_version>,<login>,<password>,<started>,<af> OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPCFG= [<cnx cnf>], <http_server> [,<http_port> [,<http_version> [,<login> [,<password>] [,<start>] [,<af>]]]]	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPCFG: <session_id> OK <u>Error case</u> +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <cnx cnf> 1 – 5 PDP context configuration; numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context configuration (see KCNXCFCG) <session_id> HTTP session index <http_server> IP address string or explicit name of the remote server <http_port> 1 – 65535 HTTP port; <u>80</u> by default <http_version> <u>0</u> HTTP 1.1 1 HTTP 1.0 <login> String type; indicates the user name to be used during the HTTP connection <password> String type; indicates the password to be used during the HTTP connection <start> Indicates whether to start the HTTP connection immediately 0 Start the HTTP connection later by +KHTTPCNX 1 Start the HTTP connection immediately <started> Indicates whether the HTTP connection is started 0 HTTP connection has not been started yet 1 HTTP connection has been started <af> Address family used for the connection <u>0</u> IPV4 1 IPV6
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • <http_port> and <http_server> define the port and the IP address of the remote server one wants to connect to. • <session_id> is always 0. • The connection timeout for TCP socket is about 9seconds with 3 retransmissions of 3 seconds delay <session_id> is always 0. • This AT command can be used before setting up +KCNXCFCG configuration. But the latter is required to start the connection properly. • For <af> = 1 (IPV6), server address (<http_server>) in IP address string format can be optionally quoted with square brackets "[]", e.g. [FEDC:BA98:7654:3210:FEDC:BA98:7654:3210]

11.12.2. +KHTTPCNX Command: Start the HTTP Connection

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPCNX= ?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPCNX: (list of possible <session_id>s) OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPCNX= <session_id>	<u>Response</u> OK +CME ERROR: <err> +KHTTP_ERROR: <session_id>, <http_notif> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> HTTP session index <http_notif> Refer to +KHTTPGET
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - This command is used for start the HTTP connection created by +KHTTPCFG with <start>=0. +KHTTPGET, +KHTTPHEAD, +KHTTPPOST automatically starts the connection if it was not started before using AT+KHTTPCNX.

11.12.3. +KHTTPHEADER Command: Set the HTTP Request Header

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPHEADER= ?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPHEADER: (list of possible <session_id>s), <local_uri> OK
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPHEADER?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPHEADER: <session_id>,<count> [...]
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPHEADER= <session_id> [,<local_uri>]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Error case</u> +CME ERROR: <err>

HL7538	
	<u>Parameters</u> <session_id> HTTP session index <local_uri> This argument must be empty. It is reserved for compatibility of command syntax. <count> HTTP headers count
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> User must use <EOF pattern> to finish sending, then the module will return to command mode.

11.12.4. +KHTTPGET Command: Perform HTTP GET

HL7538																	
<i>Test command</i>																	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPGET= ?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPGET: (list of possible <session_id>s),<request_uri >,(list of possible <show_resp>s) OK																
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPGET= <session_id>,<request_uri> [,<show_resp>]	<u>Response</u> CONNECT ...<EOF pattern> OK <u>Error case</u> NO CARRIER +CME ERROR: <err> +KHTTP_ERROR: <session_id>, <http_notif> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> HTTP session index <request_uri> String type, indicates the information url to get during the HTTP connection <http_notif> Indicates the cause of the HTTP connection failure <table> <tr><td>4</td><td>DNS error</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>HTTP connection error due to internal trouble</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>HTTP connection timeout</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>Triple plus (+++) error (switch to command mode)</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>HTTP got no data</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>HTTP got partial data</td></tr> </table> <show_resp> Indicates whether to show HTTP response and HTTP headers <table> <tr><td>0</td><td>Do not show them</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>Show them</td></tr> </table>	4	DNS error	5	HTTP connection error due to internal trouble	6	HTTP connection timeout	9	Triple plus (+++) error (switch to command mode)	10	HTTP got no data	11	HTTP got partial data	0	Do not show them	1	Show them
4	DNS error																
5	HTTP connection error due to internal trouble																
6	HTTP connection timeout																
9	Triple plus (+++) error (switch to command mode)																
10	HTTP got no data																
11	HTTP got partial data																
0	Do not show them																
1	Show them																

HL7538Reference

Sierra Wireless
Proprietary

Notes

- The user can abort download by sending “End of Data pattern” from the host. In this case, the module will end the transfer by transmitting the EOF followed by NO CARRIER.
- Downloading can also be aborted (disconnected) by +++ or DTR; refer to 16.12 Switch Data/Command Mode DTR +++ ATO Behavior Table.

11.12.5. +KHTTPHEAD Command: Retrieve HTTP Headers**HL7538***Test command*Syntax

**AT+KHTTPHEAD
=?**

Response

+KHTTPHEAD: (list of possible **<session_id>s**), **<request_uri >**
OK

*Write command*Syntax

**AT+KHTTPHEAD
=<session_id>,
<request_uri>**

Response

CONNECT
...<EOF pattern>
OK

Error case

NO CARRIER
+CME ERROR: <err>
+KHTTP_ERROR: <session_id>, <http_notif>

Parameters

<session_id> HTTP session index

<request_uri> String type, indicates the information url to be get during the HTTP connection

<http_notif> Refer to +KHTTPGET

Reference

Sierra Wireless
Proprietary

Notes

- HTTP does not support DTR1.
- This method is identical to GET except that the server MUST NOT return a message-body in the response. The meta-information contained in the HTTP headers in response to a HEAD request SHOULD be identical to the information sent in response to a GET request.

11.12.6. +KHTTPPOST Command: Perform HTTP POST

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPPOST =?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPPOST: (list of possible <session_id>s), <local_uri>,<request_uri>, (list of possible <show_resp>s) OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPPOST =<session_id>, <local_uri>, <request_uri> [,<show_resp>]	<u>Response</u> CONNECT ...<EOF pattern> OK <u>Error case</u> NO CARRIER +CME ERROR: <err> +KHTTP_ERROR: <session_id>, <http_notif> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> HTTP session index <local_uri> This argument must be empty. It is reserved for compatibility of command syntax. <request_uri> String type, the request data of the HTTP connection <http_notif> Refer to +KHTTPGET <show_resp> Indicates whether to show HTTP response and HTTP headers 0 Do not show them 1 Show them
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - It is highly recommended to configure the module for hardware flow control, using AT&K3 before using this command. - Uploading can be ended (disconnected) by +++ or DTR; refer to 16.12 Switch Data/Command Mode DTR +++ ATO Behavior Table. - ATO is not available for this command.

11.12.7. +KHTTPCLOSE Command: Close HTTP Connection

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+ KHTTPCLOSE=?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPCLOSE: (list of possible <session_id>s), (list of possible <keep_cfg>s), OK

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPCLOSE= <session_id> [,<keep_cfg>]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Error case</u> +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> HTTP session index <keep_cfg> Indicates whether to delete the session configuration after closing it 0 Delete the session configuration 1 Keep the session configuration

11.12.8. +KHTTPDEL Command: Delete a Configured HTTP Session

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPDEL= ?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPDEL: (list of possible <session_id>s) OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPDEL= <session_id>	<u>Response</u> OK +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <session_id> HTTP session index
Reference Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> The session must be closed (+KHTTPCLOSE) before using this command.

11.12.9. +KHTTP_IND Notification: HTTP Status

HL7538	
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	
	<u>Response</u> +KHTTP_IND: <session_id>,<status>[,<data_len>,<st_code>,<st_reason>] <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> HTTP session index

HL7538	
	<status> HTTP session status 1 Session is set up and ready for operation 3 The last HTTP command is executed successfully <data_len> Byte length of data downloaded/uploaded from/to/ the terminal (+KHTTPHEAD, +KHTTPGET, +KHTTPPOST) <st_code> HTTP response status code <st_reason> HTTP response status reason string
Reference Sierra Wireless Proprietary	

11.13. HTTPS Client Specific Commands

11.13.1. +KHTTPSCFG Command: HTTPS Connection Configuration

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPSCFG =?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPSCFG: (list of possible <cnx_cnf>s),<server-name/ip>, (list of possible <http_port>s), (list of possible <http_version>s), (list of possible <cipher_suite>s), (list of possible <sec_level>s), (range of possible length of <login>), (range of possible length of <password>), (list of possible <started>s), (list of possible <af>s) OK
Read command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPSCFG ?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPSCFG: <session_id>,<cnx_cnf>,<http_server>,<https_port>,<http_version>,<cipher suite>,<sec_level>,<login>,<password>,<started>,<af> OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPSCFG =[<cnx_cnf>], <http_server> [,<https_port> [,<http_version> [,<cipher_suite> [,<sec_level> [,<login> [,<password>] [,<start>] [,<af>]]]]]	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPSCFG: <session_id> OK <u>Error case</u> +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <cnx_cnf> 1 – 5 PDP context configuration; numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context configuration (see KCNXCFCG) <session_id> HTTPS session index

HL7538																																							
	<http_server> IP address string or explicit name of the remote server <https_port> 1 – 65535 HTTPS port; <u>443</u> by default <http_version> <table> <tr><td>0</td><td>HTTP 1.1</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>HTTP 1.0</td></tr> </table> <cipher_suite> <table> <tr><td><u>0</u></td><td>TLS_RSA_CHOOSE_BY_SERVER</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>TLS_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>TLS_RSA_EXPORT1024_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA</td></tr> </table> <sec_level> <table> <tr><td><u>1</u></td><td>No authentication</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>Manage server authentication</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>Manage server and client authentication if requested by remote server</td></tr> </table> <login> String type, indicates the user name to be used during the HTTP connection <password> String type, indicates the password to be used during the HTTP connection <start> Indicates whether to start the HTTPS connection immediately or not <table> <tr><td>0</td><td>Start the HTTPS connection later by +KHTTPSCNX</td></tr> <tr><td><u>1</u></td><td>Start the HTTPS connection immediately</td></tr> </table> <started> Indicates whether to the HTTPS connection has been started <table> <tr><td>0</td><td>HTTPS connection has not been started yet</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>HTTPS connection has been started</td></tr> </table> <af> Address family used for the connection <table> <tr><td><u>0</u></td><td>IPV4</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>IPV6</td></tr> </table>	0	HTTP 1.1	1	HTTP 1.0	<u>0</u>	TLS_RSA_CHOOSE_BY_SERVER	1	TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5	2	TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA	3	TLS_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA	4	TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	5	TLS_RSA_EXPORT1024_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA	6	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	7	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	<u>1</u>	No authentication	2	Manage server authentication	3	Manage server and client authentication if requested by remote server	0	Start the HTTPS connection later by +KHTTPSCNX	<u>1</u>	Start the HTTPS connection immediately	0	HTTPS connection has not been started yet	1	HTTPS connection has been started	<u>0</u>	IPV4	1	IPV6
0	HTTP 1.1																																						
1	HTTP 1.0																																						
<u>0</u>	TLS_RSA_CHOOSE_BY_SERVER																																						
1	TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5																																						
2	TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA																																						
3	TLS_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA																																						
4	TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA																																						
5	TLS_RSA_EXPORT1024_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA																																						
6	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA																																						
7	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA																																						
<u>1</u>	No authentication																																						
2	Manage server authentication																																						
3	Manage server and client authentication if requested by remote server																																						
0	Start the HTTPS connection later by +KHTTPSCNX																																						
<u>1</u>	Start the HTTPS connection immediately																																						
0	HTTPS connection has not been started yet																																						
1	HTTPS connection has been started																																						
<u>0</u>	IPV4																																						
1	IPV6																																						
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • <https_port> and <http_server> define the port and the IP address of the remote server one wants to connect. • <session_id> is always 0. • The connection timeout for TCP socket is about 9seconds with 3 retransmissions of 3 seconds delay. • For <sec_level> = 2, 3, certificates or private key must be loaded from internal storage file system. See SSL Certificate Manager. • Any certificates referenced in HTTPS should be DER-encoded. • Any private key referenced in HTTPS should be DER-PKCS#8 encoded. • <cipher_suite> = 3, 4 and 5 are not supported. • <sec_level> = 2 and 3 are not fully functional in the HL7538 (re-negotiation of client certificate is not supported). • This AT command can be used before setting up +KCNXCFG configuration. But the latter is required to start the connection properly. • For <af> = 1 (IPV6), server address (<http_server>) in IP address string format can be optionally quoted with square brackets "[]", e.g. [FEDC:BA98:7654:3210:FEDC:BA98:7654:3210] • SSL version is TLS 1.1 by default, refer to <ssl_ver> of +KIPOPT for configuration.																																						

11.13.2. +KHTTPSCNX Command: HTTPS Start Connection

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPSCNX =?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPSCNX: (list of possible <session_id>s) OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPSCNX =<session_id>	<u>Response</u> OK +CME ERROR: <err> +KHTTPS_ERROR: <session_id>, <http_notif> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> HTTPS session index <http_notif> Refer to +KHTTPSGET
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - This command is used for start the HTTPS connection created by +KHTTPSCFG with <start>=0. +KHTTPSGET, +KHTTPSHEAD, +KHTTPSPOST automatically starts the connection if it was not started before using AT+KHTTPSCNX.

11.13.3. +KHTTPSHEADER Command: Set the HTTPS Request Header

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+ KHTTPSHEADER =?	<u>Response</u> AT+KHTTPSHEADER: (list of possible <session_id>s), <local_uri> OK
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+ KHTTPSHEADER ?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPSHEADER: <session_id>,<count> [...]

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPSHEADER =<session_id> [,<local_uri>]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Error case</u> +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> HTTPS session index <local_uri> This argument must be empty. It is reserved for compatibility of command syntax. <count> HTTP headers count
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> User must use <EOF pattern> to finish sending, then module returns to command mode.

11.13.4. +KHTTPSGET Command: Perform HTTPS GET

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPSGET =?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPSGET: (list of possible <session_id>s), <request_uri> ,(list of possible <show_resp>s) OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPSGET =<session_id>,<request_uri> [,<show_resp>]	<u>Response</u> CONNECT ...<EOF pattern> OK <u>Error case</u> NO CARRIER +CME ERROR: <err> +KHTTPS_ERROR: <session_id>,<http_notif> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> HTTPS session index <request_uri> String type, indicates the information url to get during the HTTPS connection <http_notif> Indicates the cause of the HTTPS connection failure 4 DNS error 5 HTTP connection error due to internal trouble 6 HTTP connection timeout

HL7538	
	9 Triple plus (+++) error (switch to command mode) 10 HTTP got no data 11 HTTP got partial data 12 Validate server's certificate error 13 Initialize SSL error <show_resp> Indicates whether to show HTTP response and HTTP headers 0 Do not show them 1 Show them
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - The user can abort download by sending "End of Data pattern" from the host. In this case, the module will end the transfer by transmitting the EOF followed by NO CARRIER. - Downloading can also be aborted (disconnected) by +++ or DTR; refer to 16.12 Switch Data/Command Mode DTR +++ ATO Behavior Table.

11.13.5. +KHTTPSHEAD Command: Retrieve HTTP Headers

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPSHEAD=?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPSHEAD: (list of possible <session_id> s), <request_uri> OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPSHEAD= <session_id> , <request_uri>	<u>Response</u> CONNECT ...<EOF pattern> OK <u>Error case</u> NO CARRIER +CME ERROR: <err> +KHTTPS_ERROR: <session_id>, <http_notif> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> HTTPS session index <request_uri> String type, indicates the information url to be get during the HTTPS connection
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - HTTPS does not support DTR1. - This method is identical to GET except that the server MUST NOT return a message-body in the response. The meta-information contained in the HTTP headers in response to a HEAD request SHOULD be identical to the information sent in response to a GET request.

11.13.6. +KHTTPSPOST Command: Perform HTTPS POST

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPSPOST=?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPSPOST: (list of possible <session_id>s), <local_uri>,<request_uri>,(list of possible <show_resp>s) OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPSPOST= <session_id>, <local_uri>, <request_uri> [,<show_resp>]	<u>Response</u> CONNECT ...<EOF pattern> OK <u>Error case</u> NO CARRIER +CME ERROR: <err> +KHTTPS_ERROR: <session_id>, <http_notif> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> HTTPS session index <local_uri> This argument must be empty. It is reserved for compatibility of command syntax. <request_uri> String type, the request data of the HTTPS connection <http_notif> Refer to +KHTTPSGET <show_resp> Indicates whether to show HTTP response and HTTP headers 0 Do not show them 1 Show them
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • It is highly recommended to configure the module for hardware flow control using AT&K3 before using this command. • Uploading can be ended (disconnected) by +++ or DTR; refer to 16.12 Switch Data/Command Mode DTR +++ ATO Behavior Table. • ATO is not available for this command.

11.13.7. +KHTTPSCLOSE Command: Close HTTPS Connection

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+ KHTTPSCLOSE= ?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPSCLOSE: (list of possible <session_id>s), (list of possible <keep_cfg>s), OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+ KHTTPSCLOSE= <session_id> [,<keep_cfg>]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Error case</u> +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> HTTP session index <keep_cfg> Indicates whether to delete the session configuration after closing it 0 Delete the session configuration 1 Keep the session configuration
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	

11.13.8. +KHTTPSDEL Command: Delete a Configured HTTPS Session

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPSDEL =?	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPSDEL: (list of possible <session_id>s) OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KHTTPSDEL =<session_id>	<u>Response</u> OK +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameter</u> <session_id> HTTPS session index
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> The session must be closed (+KHTTPSCLOSE) before using this command.

11.13.9. +KHTTPS_IND Notification: HTTPS Status

HL7538	
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> +KHTTPS_IND: <session_id>,<status>[,<data_len>] <u>Parameters</u> <session_id> HTTPS session index <status> HTTPS session status 1 Session is set up and ready for operation 2 Last HTTPS command was executed successfully <data_len> Byte length of data downloaded/uploaded to/from the terminal (+KHTTPSHEAD, +KHTTPSGET, +KHTTPSPOST)
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	

11.14. SSL Certificate Manager

11.14.1. +KCERTSTORE Command: Store Root CA and Local Certificates to Internal Storage

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KCERTSTORE=?	<u>Response</u> +KCERTSTORE: (list of possible <data_type>s),<NbData>, (list of possible <index>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+KCERTSTORE?	<u>Response</u> +KCERTSTORE [root_cert,<index>,<NbData><CR><LF> <File_data><CR><LF>] [local_cert,<index>,<NbData><CR><LF> <File_data> <CR><LF>] [...] OK <u>Error case</u> +CME ERROR: <err>

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KCERTSTORE= <data_type> [,<NbData> [,<index>]]	<u>Response</u> CONNECT OK <u>Error case</u> +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <data_type> 0 Root certificate 1 Local certificate <NbData> Number of bytes to read/write. Value range: 1-3000 <index> Index of the stored root/local certificate. If a root/local certificate is already stored at the index, it will be overloaded. 0 by default. Value range: 0 If <data_type> = 0 0 – 2 If <data_type> = 1 <File_data> File data in bytes
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - The <index> parameter is the link between a local certificate and a private key (refer to +KPRIVKSTORE and +KCERTDELETE for more information). - If <NbData> is not given, the input should be terminated by +++ or DTR signal.

11.14.2. +KPRIVKSTORE Command: Store Private Key Associated to a Local Certificate

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KPRIVKSTORE =?	<u>Response</u> +KPRIVKSTORE: (list of possible <index>s),<NbData> OK
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KPRIVKSTORE?	<u>Response</u> +KPRIVKSTORE private_key,<index>,<NbData><CR><LF> <File_data> <CR><LF> OK <u>Error case</u> +CME ERROR: <err>

HL7538	
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KPRIVKSTORE= <index> [,<NbData>]	<u>Response</u> CONNECT OK <u>Error case</u> +CME ERROR: <err> <u>Parameters</u> <index> Index of the stored local certificate associated to this private key. Value range: 0 – 2 <NbData> Number of bytes to read/write (mandatory for both reading and writing). Value range: 1 – 3000 <File_data> File data in bytes
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> If <NbData> is not given, the input should be terminated by +++ or DTR signal.

11.14.3. +KCERTDELETE Command: Delete Local Certificate from the Index

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KCERTDELETE =?	<u>Response</u> +KCERTDELETE: (list of possible <data_type>s),(list of possible <index>s) OK
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KCERTDELETE?	<u>Response</u> +KCERTDELETE: OK <u>Error case</u> +CME ERROR: <err>
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+KCERTDELETE= <data_type> [,<index>]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Error case</u> +CME ERROR: <err>

HL7538Parameters

<data_type> 0 Root certificate
 1 Local certificate

<index> Index of the stored local certificate. Default value = 0.

Value range:

0 If <data_type> = 0

0 – 2 If <data_type> = 1

11.14.4. +KPRIVKDELETE Command: Delete Private Key from the Index

HL7538*Test command*Syntax

**AT+
KPRIVKDELETE
=?**

Response

+KPRIVKDELETE: (list of possible <index>es)
OK

*Write command*Syntax

**AT+
KPRIVKDELETE=
<index>**

Response

OK

Error case

+CME ERROR: <err>

Parameter

<index> Index of the stored private key. Value range: 0 – 2

>> 12. AVMS Commands

12.1. +WDSA Command: Change Account for DM Connection

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSA=?	<u>Response</u> +WDSA: (list of supported <ServerId>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSA?	<u>Response</u> +WDSA: <ServerId> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSA= <serverId>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR <err> <u>Parameter</u> <ServerId> String type; ServerId associated with the account
<u>Examples</u>	AT+WDSA=? +WDSA: ("Cingular", "Cingularlab", "WAVECOM-RDMS-SERVER") OK AT+WDSA="WAVECOM-RDMS-SERVER" OK AT+WDSA? +WDSA: "WAVECOM-RDMS-SERVER" OK
<u>Notes</u>	This command is available when the embedded module has finished the Device Services initialization (see +WDSI) and when the AVMS services are in activated state (see +WDSG).

12.2. +WDSC Command: Device Services Configuration

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSC=?	<u>Response</u> +WDSC: (0-2), (list of supported <State>s) +WDSC: 3, (list of supported <State>s) +WDSC: 4, (list of supported <Timer_n>s) OK
<i>Read command</i> <u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSC?	<u>Response</u> +WDSC: 0,<State> +WDSC: 1,<State> +WDSC: 2,<State> +WDSC: 3,<State> +WDSC: 4,<Timer_1>[,<Timer_2>]...[,<Timer_n>] OK
<i>Write command</i> <u>Syntax</u> For <Mode>= 0, 1, 2 or 3 AT+WDSC=<Mode>,<State> For <Mode>= 4 AT+WDSC=<Mode>,<timer_1>[,<Timer_2>]...[,<Timer_n>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR <err> <u>Parameters</u> <Mode> Integer type 0 User agreement for connection When this mode is activated and when a notification SMS is received by the embedded module, an indication (see +WDSI indication for more information) is returned by the embedded module to request for an agreement before connecting to the AirPrime Management Services server 1 User agreement for package download When this mode is activated, an indication (see +WDSI indication for more information) is returned by the embedded module to request for an agreement before downloading any package 2 User agreement for package install When this mode is activated, an indication (see +WDSI indication for more information) is returned by the embedded module to request for an agreement before installing any package 3 Polling mode The embedded module will initiate a connection to the Device Services server according to the defined timer 4 Retry mode If an error occurs during a connection to the Device Services server (GPRS establishment failed, http error code received), the embedded module will initiate a new connection according to the defined timers. This mechanism is persistent to the reset. <State> Status of the mode For <Mode> = 0, 1 or 2 0 Disabled (default value) 1 Enabled

HL7538	
	For <Mode> = 3 Value in range = 0 – 525600 in min 0 Polling mode is deactivated <Timer_1> Timer between the first failed connection and the next attempt. Value in range = 0 to 20160 in min 0 Retry mode is deactivated <u>15</u> Default value <Timer_n> Timer between the nth failed attempt connection and the (n+1)th connection (n<=8). Value in range = 1 to 20160 in min Default values: <Timer_2> = 60 <Timer_3> = 240 <Timer_4> = 960 <Timer_5> = 2880 <Timer_6> = 10080 <Timer_7> = 10080
<u>Examples</u>	AT+WDSC=? +WDSC:(0-2),(0-1) +WDSC:3,(0-525600) +WDSC:4,(0-20160),(1-20160),(1-20160),(1-20160),(1-20160),(1-20160),(1-20160) OK AT+WDSC? <i>// All modes are deactivated except retry mode which is used with default timers</i> +WDSC: 0,0 +WDSC: 1,0 +WDSC: 2,0 +WDSC: 3,0 +WDSC: 4,15,60,240,960,2880,10080,10080 OK AT+WDSC=0,1 OK AT+WDSC? +WDSC: 0,1 +WDSC: 1,0 +WDSC: 2,0 +WDSC: 3,0 +WDSC: 4,15,60,240,960,2880,10080,10080 OK
<u>Notes</u>	• This command is available when the embedded module has finished the Device Services initialization (see +WDSI) and when the AVMS services are in prohibited state (see +WDSG). • Parameters <State> and <Timer_1> to <Timer_n> are stored in non-volatile memory. The &F command has no impact on these values. • The network registration is considered as “failed” when all connections configured by the retry mode have failed. This registration is forbidden while the APN is not set by the +WDSS command.

12.3. +WSD Command: Device Services Local Download

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WSD=?	<u>Response</u> +WSD: (list of supported <Size>s) OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WSD=<Size>	<u>Response</u> <NACK> <i>// User send data</i> OK or +CME ERROR <err> <u>Parameters</u> <Size> Package size in bytes. Value in range = 1 to 24643584
<u>Examples</u>	AT+WSD=? +WSD: (1-24643584) OK AT+WSD=1024 <i>//download a 1kBytes package</i> <NACK> <i>//the device is ready to receive data</i> <i>//Send Data</i> OK <i>//All data is well received by the module</i> +WDSI: 3 <i>//A package is ready to install (see +WDSI and +WDSR commands)</i>
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary Command	<u>Notes</u> • This command is available when the embedded module has finished its initialization. • The response to AT+WSD=<Size> command is <NACK> character when the device is ready to receive data using 1K-Xmodem protocol. • The flow control of the TE has to be set to "hardware". • This command will automatically activate the user agreement for install (see +WDSC command description). • No reset is made during the package download. • A timeout will happen (and a +CME ERROR: 3 is returned) if no data is sent to the device during 5 minutes.

12.4. +WDSE Command: Device Services Error

HL7538	
<i>Execute command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSE	<u>Response</u> [+WDSE:<HTTP_Status>] OK or +CME ERROR <err> <u>Parameter</u> <HTTP_Status> Integer type – Last HTTP response received by the module 100 Continue 101 Switching Protocols 200 OK 201 Created 202 Accepted 203 Non-Authoritative Information 204 No Content 205 Reset Content 206 Partial content 300 Multiple Choices 301 Moved Permanently 302 Found 303 See Other 304 Not Modified 305 Use Proxy 307 Temporary Redirect 400 Bad Request 401 Unauthorized 402 Payment Required 403 Forbidden 404 Not Found 405 Method Not Allowed 406 Not Acceptable 407 Proxy Authentication Required 408 Request time-out 409 Conflict 410 Gone 411 Length Required 412 Precondition Failed 413 Request Entity too large 414 Request URI too large 415 Unsupported Media type 416 Request range unsatisfiable 417 Expectation failed 500 Internal server error 501 Not implemented 502 Bad Gateway 503 Service unavailable 504 Gateway time-out

HL7538	
	505 HTTP version not supported If no session was made with the server, AT+WDSE only returns OK, without +WDSE: <HTTP_Status> intermediary response.
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary Command	<u>Notes</u> This command is available when the embedded module has finished the Device Services initialization (see +WDSI) and when the AVMS services are in activated state (see +WDSG).
<u>Examples</u>	AT+WDSS=1,1 <i>// A session was made with the server</i> OK AT+WDSE +WDSE: 200 <i>// The last HTTP response received is "OK"</i> OK

12.5. +WDSF Command: Device Services Fallback

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSF=?	<u>Response</u> +WDSF: (list of supported <Mode>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSF?	<u>Response</u> +WDSF: 1,<FallbackInfo> +WDSF: 2,<EraseInfo> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSF= <Mode>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR <err> <u>Parameters</u> <Mode> Integer type 1 Downgrade to a previous installation 2 Delete the downloaded package which contains the reverse patch <FallbackInfo> Integer type; indicates the presence of the previous package 0 Previous package is not present 1 Previous package is present <EraseInfo> Integer type; indicates if a package can be deleted. Note that erasing the package will disable the possibility to make any recovery or manual fallback. 0 The package cannot be deleted 1 The package can be deleted

HL7538	
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary Command	<u>Notes</u> This command is available when the embedded module has finished the Device Services initialization (see +WDSI).
<u>Examples</u>	AT+WDSF? <i>// a reverse package is present, deletion impossible</i> +WDSF: 1,1 +WDSF: 2,0 OK AT+WDSF=1 <i>// downgrade to the previous installation</i> OK +WDSI: 17,1 <i>// downgrade the package successfully done, displayed only if // +WDSI indication is activated</i>

12.6. +WDSG Command: Device Services General Status

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSG=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSG	<u>Response</u> +WDSG: <Indication>,<State> [+WDSG: <Indication>,<State>[...]] OK or +CME ERROR <err> <u>Parameters</u> <Indication> Integer type 0 Device services activation state 1 Session and package indication <State> Status of indication For <Indication>=0: 0 Device services are prohibited. Devices services will never be activated. 1 Device services are deactivated. Connection parameters to a device services have to be provisioned. 2 Device services have to be provisioned. NAP parameters have to be provisioned. 3 Device services are activated. If a device has never been activated (first use of device services on this device), the <State> is set to 1. The connection parameters are automatically provisioned, no action are needed by the user For <Indication>=1: 0 No session or package 1 A session is under treatment

HL7538	
	2 A package is available on the server 3 A package was downloaded and ready to install When a package was installed or a recovery was made, the <State> is set to 0
<u>Notes</u>	This command is available when the embedded module has finished the Device Services initialization (see +WDSI command description).
<u>Examples</u>	AT+WDSG=? OK AT+WDSG +WDSG: 0,3 // Device services are activated, +WDSG: 1,0 // no session to the server, no patch to download or to install OK

12.7. +WDSI Command: Device Services Indication

HL7538	
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSI=?	<u>Response</u> +WDSI: (list of supported <Level>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSI?	<u>Response</u> [+WDSI: <Level>] OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSI= <Level>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR <err> <u>Parameters</u> <Level> Indication level, bit field (default value = 0) Bit set to 0 means indication deactivated Bit set to 1 means indication activated 0 No indication 1 Activate the initialization end indication (<Event> = 0) 2 Activate the server request for a user agreement indication (<Event> = 1, 2 and 3) 4 Activate the authentication indications (<Event> = 4 and 5) 8 Activate the session start indication (<Event> = 6, 7 and 8) 16 Activate the package download indications (<Event> = 9, 10 and 11) 32 Activate the certified downloaded package indication (<Event> = 12 and 13) 64 Activate the update indications (<Event> = 14, 15 and 16) 128 Activate the fallback indication (<Event> = 17) 256 Activate download progress indication (<Event> = 18) 512 Reversed 1024 Reversed

HL7538

2048 Activate provisioning indication (<Event> = 21)

4096 Reserved

- <Event>**
- 0 Device services are initialized and can be used. Devices services are initialized when the SIM PIN code is entered and a dedicated NAP is configured (see +WDSS command)
 - 1 The Device Services server requests the device to make a connection. The device requests a user agreement to allow the embedded module to make the connection. The response can be sent using +WDSR command and this indication can be returned by the device if the user has activated the user agreement for connection (see +WDSC command for more information)
 - 2 The Device Services server requests the device to make a package download. The device requests a user agreement to allow the embedded module to make the download. The response can be sent using +WDSR command and this indication can be returned by the device if the user has activated the user agreement for download (see +WDSC command for more information).
 - 3 The device has downloaded a package. The device requests a user agreement to install the downloaded package. The response can be sent using +WDSR command and this indication can be returned by the device if the user has activated the user agreement for install (see +WDSC command for more information).
 - 4 The embedded module starts sending data to the server
 - 5 Authentication with the server failed
 - 6 Authentication has succeeded, a session with the server started
 - 7 Session with the server failed
 - 8 Session with the server is finished
 - 9 A package is available on the server and can be downloaded by the embedded module. A <Data> parameter is returned indicating the package size in kB
 - 10 A package was successfully downloaded and stored in flash
 - 11 An issue happens during the package download. If the download has not started (+WDSI: 9 indication was not returned), this indication indicates that there is not enough space in the device to download the update package. If the download has started (+WDSI: 9 indication was returned), a flash problem implies that the package has not been saved in the device
 - 12 Downloaded package is certified to be sent by the AirPrime Management Services server
 - 13 Downloaded package is not certified to be sent by the AirPrime Management Services server
 - 14 Update will be launched
 - 15 OTA update client has finished unsuccessfully
 - 16 OTA update client has finished successfully
 - 17 A fallback mechanism was launched
 - 18 Download progress. This event is returned without <Data> parameter to indicate that a download starts. During the download, a percentage progress is indicated in <Data> parameter
 - 19 Reserved
 - 20 A bootstrap SMS was received and a User Pin is requested (See +WDSB command for more information)
 - 21 A provision was made by the AirVantage Management Services server
 - 22 Reserved

<Data> Specific data for some <Event>

For<Event>=9, <Data> indicates the package size in bytes, which will be downloaded

HL7538	
	For<Event>=17, <Data> indicates if the fallback was asked by the user or applied because a recovery was necessary 0 Automatic recovery (a recovery mechanism was made) 1 Fallback asked by the user (see +WDSF command for more information) For<Event>=18, <Data> indicates the download progress in percentage For<Event>=21, <Data> indicates the provisioned parameters 0 Reserved 1 Reserved 2 Reserved 3 Reserved 4 Reserved 5 Reserved 6 Reserved 7 Reserved 8 Reserved 9 Device Service Polling mode (see +WDSC command for more information) 10 Reserved 11 Reserved 12 Reserved 13 Reserved
<i>Unsolicited Notification</i>	<u>Response</u> +WDSI: <Event>[,<Data>]
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary Command	<u>Notes</u> • This command is available when the embedded module has finished its initialization. • To receive +WDSI indications, Device Services should be in activated state (see +WDSG command for more information). • <Level> is stored in non-volatile memory without using AT&W. The default value can be restored using AT&F.
<u>Examples</u>	AT+WDSI=? +WDSI: (0-2047) OK AT+WDSI? +WDSI: 0 // All indications are deactivated OK AT+WDSI=207 OK +WDSI: 1 // The devices services server request a connection to the embedded // module AT+WDSR=1 // Accept the connection OK +WDSI: 4 // The embedded module will send the first data to the AirPrime // Management Services server +WDSI: 6 // The authentication succeeded +WDSI: 8 // The session with the server is over +WDSI: 9,1000 // A package will be downloaded, the size is 1kbytes +WDSI: 18,"1%" // 1% was downloaded +WDSI: 18,"100%" // The whole package was downloaded +WDSI: 10 // The whole package was stored in flash

12.8. +WDSR Command: Device Services Reply

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSR=?	<u>Response</u> +WDSR: (list of supported <Reply>s),(list of supported <Timer>s) OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSR= <Reply> [,<Timer>]	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR <err> <u>Parameters</u> <Reply> Reply to user agreement request (see +WDSI) 0 Delay or refuse the connection to the server 1 Accept the connection to the server 2 Delay or refuse the download 3 Accept the download 4 Accept the install 5 Delay the install <timer> Timer until a new User agreement request is returned by the module. This parameter is only available for <Reply>=0, 2 or 5. Units: minutes. Range is from 0 to 1440. Default value = 30. Value 0 indicates that the application refuses the user agreement (impossible when <Reply>=5).
<u>Notes</u>	- This command is available when the embedded module has finished the Device Services initialization (see +WDSI command description) and when the AVMS services are in activated state (see +WDSG command). - It is not possible to refuse an install request (AT+WDSR=5,0) will return +CME ERROR: 3 response. - After an install delay, if the embedded module is powered down until after the delay, it is not powered on and the new user agreement request should be returned at the new start up.
<u>Examples</u>	AT+WDSR=? +WDSR: (0-5),(0-1440) OK +WDSI: 1 // The device Services server requests the device to make a connection to the server. The user is requested to allow the connection. AT+WDSR=1 OK +WDSI: 3 // a user agreement is requested to install a package AT+WDSR=5,10 // A delay of 10 minutes is requested OK +WDSI: 3 // 10 minutes later, a new user agreement is requested to install a package AT+WDSR=4 // The install is requested OK

12.9. +WDSS Command: Device Services Session

HL7538	
Test command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSS=?	<u>Response</u> +WDSS: 0 ,(Max length for <Apn>),(Max length for <User>),(Max length for <Pwd>),(list of supported <Cid> s) [+WDSS: 1 , (list of supported <Action> s for this <Mode>)] OK
Read command	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WDSS?	<u>Response</u> [+WDSS: 0,<Apn>[,<User>],<Cid>] [+WDSS: 1,<Action>] OK
Write command	
<u>Syntax</u> For <Mode>=0 : AT+WDSS= <Mode>,<Apn> [,<User> [,<Pwd>]][,<Cid>] For <Mode>=1 : AT+WDSS= <Mode>,<Action>	<u>Response</u> OK or +CME ERROR <err> <u>Parameters</u> <Mode> Integer type 0 PDP context configuration for Device Services 1 User Initiated connection to the Device services server <Apn> Access Point Name for Devices Services. String type up to 50 characters <User> Login for the APN. String type, up to 30 characters <Pwd> Password for the APN. String type, up to 30 characters <Cid> Context ID used for AVMS PDP activation. In case of single PDN connectivity, the CID must be explicitly set in the +WDSS command as: AT+WDSS=0, "APN_SinglePDN",,,<CID of single PDN>. <Action> For <Mode>=1 only: 0 Release the current connection to the Device Services Server 1 Establish a connection to the Device Services Server
<u>Notes</u>	- This command is available when the embedded module has finished the Device Services initialization (see +WDSI command description). <Apn>, <User>, <Pwd> and <Cid> are stored in flash without using &W command. &F has no effect on these parameters. - AT+WDSS? command returns only OK if no APN is defined. - When a request is sent to the embedded module to resume an inexistent or unsuspended session, +CME ERROR: 3 is returned. - When a request is sent to the embedded module to release an inexistent session, +CME ERROR: 3 is returned.

HL7538	
	- Depending on +WDSM configuration, when no dedicated NAP is defined using +WDSS command and a session is asked (by AT command or notify by SMS), the embedded module will use a NAP defined by +CGDCONT command to activate the dedicated PDP context. This NAP will be recorded to configure the NAP Device Services and it will be used to activate the dedicated PDP context for the next sessions. - When the PDP context cannot be activated because of bad AirPrime Management Services NAP configuration, the embedded module will use a NAP defined by +CGDCONT command to activate the dedicated PDP context (but the initial NAP configuration is not erased). - The activation is done if the embedded module is registered on the network. If the embedded module is not registered when the command is performed, the activation will be done at the next network registration (even if the embedded module resets). - No GPRS connection to the AirPrime Management Services server is possible when a registration is not completed.
<u>Examples</u>	<pre>// Example for multiple PDN connectivity AT+WDSS? OK // No APN defined AT+WDSS=? +WDSS: 0, 50,30,30,(1-5) +WDSS: 1,(0-1) OK AT+WDSS=0,"Sierra Wireless",,,5 // Define the APN for the Device Services; OK // context ID=5 AT+WDSS? +WDSS: 0,"Sierra Wireless",,5 +WDSS: 1,0 OK AT+WDSS=1,1 // Initiation of a connection to the Device Services server OK AT+WDSS=1,0 // Release connection to the Device Services server OK // Example for single PDN connectivity at+cgdcont? +CGDCONT: 1,"IP","broadband","10.191.8.184",0,0,0,0,0 OK at+wdss=0,"broadband",,,1 OK at+wdss? +WDSS: 0,"broadband",,1 +WDSS: 1,0 at+cgact? +CGACT: 1,1 OK</pre>

HL7538

```

at+wdss=1,1
OK
+WDSI: 4
+WDSI: 8

at+cgdcont?
+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","broadband","10.191.8.184",0,0,0,0,0
OK

```

12.10. +WDSM Command: Manage Device Services

HL7538*Test command*Syntax**AT+WDSM=?**Response

+WDSM: (list of supported **<Mode>**s),(list of supported **<State>**s)
OK

*Read command*Syntax**AT+WDSM?**Response

+WDSM: 0,<State>
+WDSM: 1,<State>
OK

*Write command*Syntax

AT+WDSM=
<Mode>,<State>

Response**OK**

or

+CME ERROR <err>Parameters**<Mode>** APN backup

0 If AVMS APN (filled with +WDSS command) is not correct, the module will use the APN defined by +CGDCONT command

1 If AVMS APN has not been filled with +WDSS command, the module will use the APN defined by +CGDCONT command. Each APN will be used until successful session activation. If an AVMS session succeeds, the corresponding APN is copied in the +WDSS command and remains after the AVMS session end

<State> Status of <Mode>

0 Disabled

1 Enabled (not supported)

HL7538	
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • <State> is stored in non-volatile memory. AT&F command has no impact on these values. • This command is basically designed to establish multiple PDN connections for a given APN. However, KDDI, NTT, and some other networks only allow single PDN connectivity for a given APN. • In case of single PDN connectivity, the CID must be explicitly set using the +WDSS command; i.e., AT+WDSS=0, "APN_SinglePDN" ,,,<CID of single PDN>.
<u>Examples</u>	AT+WDSM=? +WDSM: (0-1),(0) OK AT+WDSM? +WDSM: 0,0 +WDSM: 1,0 OK <i>// all modes are activated</i> AT+WDSM=0,0 OK AT+WDSM? +WDSM: 0,0 +WDSM: 1,0 OK

>> 13. Test Commands

The following commands are used for testing purposes.

13.1. +WMTXPOWER Command: Test RF Tx

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+ WMTXPOWER=?	<u>Response</u> +WMTXPOWER: (list of supported <ENABLE>s),(list of supported 4G <BAND>s),(list of supported 4G <CHANNEL>s),(list of supported 4G <POWER_LEVEL>s),(list of supported <BANDWIDTH>s) OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+ WMTXPOWER?	<u>Response</u> +WMTXPOWER: <ENABLE>[,<BAND>,<CHANNEL>,<POWER_LEVEL>,<BANDWIDTH>] OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+ WMTXPOWER= <ENABLE> [,<BAND>, <CHANNEL>, <POWER_ LEVEL>, <BANDWIDTH>]	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameters</u> <ENABLE> 0 Stop the burst emission 1 Start the burst emission <BAND> Tx burst band emission. This is a mandatory parameter if <ENABLE>=1, but is not allowed if <ENABLE>=0. 1 LTE 2100 11 LTE 1500 18 LTE 850 <CHANNEL> Tx burst channel emission. This is a mandatory parameter if <ENABLE>=1, but is not allowed if <ENABLE>=0. If <BAND>=1 18000 - 18599 If <BAND>=11 22750 - 22949 If <BAND>=18 23850 - 23999 <POWER_LEVEL> Tx burst power. This is a mandatory parameter if <ENABLE>=1, but is not allowed if <ENABLE>=0. For all <BAND>s 0 (0 dBm) to 368 (23 dBm) <BANDWIDTH> Defines the bandwidth of Tx burst emissions. This parameter is not allowed if <ENABLE>=0. 0 1.4MHz 1 3 MHz 2 5 MHz 3 10 MHz 4 15 MHz 5 20 MHz

HL7538	
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> - Only one burst can be emitted at a time. - This AT command is not available if AT+WMRXPOWER is enabled. - The module must be restarted after using this command.
<u>Example</u>	<pre> at+wmtxpower? +WMTXPOWER: 255 // +WMTXPOWER not start yet OK at+wmtxpower=1,1,18300,0,0 // emits a Tx burst (0 dBm) at band 1, earfcn = 18300 // with bandwidth = 1.4MHz OK at+wmtxpower? +WMTXPOWER: 1,1,18300,0,0 OK </pre>

13.2. +WMRXPOWER Command: Test RF Rx

HL7538	
<u>Test command</u>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WMRXPOWER=?	<u>Response</u> +WMRXPOWER: (list of supported <ENABLE>s),(list of supported 4G <BAND>s),(list of supported 4G <CHANNEL>s) OK
<u>Read command</u>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WMRXPOWER?	<u>Response</u> +WMRXPOWER: <ENABLE>[,<BAND>,<CHANNEL>] OK
<u>Write command</u>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WMRXPOWER= <ENABLE> [,<BAND>,<CHANNEL>]	<u>Response</u> +WMRXPOWER: <POWER1>,<POWER2> OK <u>Parameters</u> <ENABLE> 0 Stop the Rx measurement 1 Start the Rx measurement <BAND> Rx band to read. This is a mandatory parameter if <ENABLE>=1, but is not allowed if <ENABLE>=0. 1 LTE 2100 11 LTE 1500 18 LTE 850 <CHANNEL> Rx channel to read. This is a mandatory parameter if <ENABLE>=1, but is not allowed if <ENABLE>=0. If <BAND>=1 0 - 599 If <BAND>=11 4750 - 4949 If <BAND>=18 5850 - 5999

HL7538	
	<POWER1> Received power in dBm at primary antenna <POWER2> Received power in dBm at secondary antenna
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Examples</u> at+wmrxpower? +WMRXPOWER: 255 OK at+wmrxpower=? +WMTXPOWER: (0-1),(1,11,18),(0-599,4750-4949,5850-5999) OK at+wmrxpower=1,1,300 // read LTE band 1, earfcn=300 +WMRXPOWER: -5.2,-44.7 // Rx power -5.2 dBm at primary antenna // Rx power -44.7 dBm at secondary antenna OK

13.3. +WMANTSEL Command: Select Main/Diversity Antenna

HL7538										
Test command										
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WMANTSEL =?	<u>Response</u> +WMANTSEL: (list of supported <MODE> s) OK									
Read command										
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WMANTSEL?	<u>Response</u> +WMANTSEL: <MODE> OK									
Write Command										
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WMANTSEL= <MODE>	<u>Response</u> OK <u>Parameter</u> <table><tr><td><MODE></td><td><u>0</u></td><td>Use main and diversity antenna on LTE</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><u>1</u></td><td>Use only main antenna on LTE</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><u>2</u></td><td>Use only diversity antenna on LTE</td></tr></table>	<MODE>	<u>0</u>	Use main and diversity antenna on LTE		<u>1</u>	Use only main antenna on LTE		<u>2</u>	Use only diversity antenna on LTE
<MODE>	<u>0</u>	Use main and diversity antenna on LTE								
	<u>1</u>	Use only main antenna on LTE								
	<u>2</u>	Use only diversity antenna on LTE								
<u>Reference</u> Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • This command works with or without a SIM card. • <MODE> will not be saved into the non-volatile memory; after reset, it will again have its default value. • This command should be issued when network registration is disabled; it will be effective when network registration is re-enabled.									

HL7538Examples

at+wmantSEL?
+WMANTSEL: 0
OK

at+cops=2 // disable network registration
OK

at+wmantSEL=1 // to select only main antenna
OK

at+cops=0 // re-enable network registration
OK

at+cops=2 // disable network registration
OK

at+wmantSEL=2 // to select only diversity antenna
OK

at+cops=0 // re-enable network registration
OK



14. NV Related Commands

14.1. Auto Generation of NV Backup Files

There are 3 NV partitions in flash used by the firmware:

- Static Calibrated NV partition
- Static Fixed NV partition
- Dynamic NV partition

NV backup is per partition based, with one NV backup file per partition. These are labelled with <file id>=0, 1, 2 in the NV log and by firmware design.

The firmware automatically generates NV backup files from existing NV data approximately 8 seconds after boot if one of the following conditions are met:

- NV backup of a partition does not exist, or it has been corrupted unexpectedly
- NV backup files exist, but the firmware version has changed while IMEI has not changed, in comparison to the records in the backup file
- NV backup files exist, but the firmware version has changed and a valid IMEI has been updated, in comparison to the records in the backup file

An automatic backup file generation is notified with +NVBU_IND with <status>=0 on all AT ports.

14.2. Auto Recovery from Backup NV Files

NV recovery is automatically done if an NV corruption is detected during NV initialization at boot.

The firmware automatically recovers NV data from available NV backups when one or more NV items are corrupted. This is notified with +NVBU_IND with <status>=3 on all AT ports.

Manual NV data restores all data from backup file to the original NV partition.

The firmware will try to recover corrupted or missing NV data items instead of all NV data items (partial restore) if possible; otherwise, the firmware restores all NV data items (full restore).

If the firmware crashes with 10 consecutive loops and a full restore has not been performed before, the firmware performs a full restore of all NV data items. Only consecutive crashes that happened within 8 seconds after the module boots is counted for this reset loop detection.

14.3. +NVBU Command: NV Backup Status and Control

HL7538																			
<i>Test command</i>																			
<u>Syntax</u> AT+NVBU=?	<u>Response</u> +NVBU: (0-2) OK																		
<i>Read command</i>	Returns list of NV backup with the format: +NVBU: <file id>,<backup date>,<backup firmware version>																		
<u>Syntax</u> AT+NVBU?	<u>Response</u> [+NVBU: 0,<backup date>,<backup firmware version>] [+NVBU: 1,<backup date>,<backup firmware version>] [+NVBU: 2,<backup date>,<backup firmware version>] OK <u>Parameters</u> <file id> Backup file ID corresponding to an NV partition in flash <backup date> NV backup generation date <backup firmware version> Firmware version used to generate the NV backup																		
<i>Write command</i>																			
<u>Syntax</u> For <mode>=0 or 1 AT+NVBU=<mode>[,<parti_id>] For <mode>=2 AT+NVBU=<mode>[,<clear>]	<u>Response</u> For <mode>=0 or 1 OK For <mode>=2 and <clear>=0 <log data 0> [<log data 1>] ... [<log data n>] OK For <mode>=2 and <clear>=1 OK <u>Parameters</u> <mode> <table> <tr><td>0</td><td>Generate backup of all NV data to NV backup partition</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>Restore all NV data from the NVM backup partition</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>List logs of NV backup operations</td></tr> </table> <log data> NV backup operations log data <parti_id> <table> <tr><td>0</td><td>Static Calibrated NV</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>Static Fixed NV partition</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>Dynamic NV partition</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>All NV partitions</td></tr> </table> <clear log> <table> <tr><td>0</td><td>Read log</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>Clear log</td></tr> </table>	0	Generate backup of all NV data to NV backup partition	1	Restore all NV data from the NVM backup partition	2	List logs of NV backup operations	0	Static Calibrated NV	1	Static Fixed NV partition	2	Dynamic NV partition	3	All NV partitions	0	Read log	1	Clear log
0	Generate backup of all NV data to NV backup partition																		
1	Restore all NV data from the NVM backup partition																		
2	List logs of NV backup operations																		
0	Static Calibrated NV																		
1	Static Fixed NV partition																		
2	Dynamic NV partition																		
3	All NV partitions																		
0	Read log																		
1	Clear log																		

HL7538	
Reference Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> • Status of operations for <mode>=0 and <mode>=1 is notified by +NVBU_IND unsolicited notifications with <status>=0 and <status>=1 respectively on the AT port that executed the write command. • Execution of the write command with <mode>=1 is followed by a modem reboot automatically; NVs are restored to their default values on booting. • The number of lines of <log data> ranges from 1 to 2142 lines. • NO SIM card is required for this command. • <mode>=2 is for retrieving log for R&D analysis and not fully documented, generally: ▪ USER=0 for operations triggered by the firmware ▪ USER=1 for manual operations
Example	<pre># automatic backup files generation after FW upgrade, notified by +NVBU_IND +NVBU_IND: 0,0,"2015/07/22 04:23:33","RHL75xx.2.15.142600.201507220405.x7160_2" +NVBU_IND: 0,1,"2015/07/22 04:23:33","RHL75xx.2.15.142600.201507220405.x7160_2" +NVBU_IND: 0,2,"2015/07/22 04:23:33","RHL75xx.2.15.142600.201507220405.x7160_2" # manual generation of backup files from existing NV partitions AT+NVBU=0,3 OK +NVBU_IND: 0,0,"2015/07/22 04:23:39","RHL75xx.2.15.142600.201507220405.x7160_2" +NVBU_IND: 0,1,"2015/07/22 04:23:39","RHL75xx.2.15.142600.201507220405.x7160_2" +NVBU_IND: 0,2,"2015/07/22 04:23:39","RHL75xx.2.15.142600.201507220405.x7160_2" # manual restore of backup files to original NV partitions AT+NVBU=1,3 OK +NVBU_IND: 1,0,"2015/07/22 04:23:39","RHL75xx.2.15.142600.201507220405.x7160_2" +NVBU_IND: 1,1,"2015/07/22 04:23:39","RHL75xx.2.15.142600.201507220405.x7160_2" +NVBU_IND: 1,2,"2015/07/22 04:23:39","RHL75xx.2.15.142600.201507220405.x7160_2" <module reboots automatically> # to retrieve the list of NV related operations done by the Firmware at+nvbu=2 [2015/07/22 04:02:49] BULO: MDM-RHL75xx.2.15.142600.201507220405.x7160_2 [2015/07/22 04:02:49] BUFL: GENERATE USER=0 FILE=3 LAS=0,0,0 [2015/07/22 04:02:49] BUFM: ENCODE F=0 REF=0 CNT=15/15 41 [2015/07/22 04:02:49] BUFM: ENCODE F=1 REF=0 CNT=16/16 31 [2015/07/22 04:02:49] BUFM: ENCODE F=2 REF=42 CNT=41/41 57 [2015/07/22 04:23:39] BUFL: GENERATE USER=1 FILE=3 LAS=0,0,0 [2015/07/22 04:23:39] BUFM: ENCODE F=0 REF=0 CNT=15/15 41 [2015/07/22 04:23:39] BUFM: ENCODE F=1 REF=0 CNT=16/16 31 [2015/07/22 04:23:39] BUFM: ENCODE F=2 REF=42 CNT=41/41 57 [2015/07/22 04:23:43] BUFL: RESTORE USER=1 FILE=3 LAS=0,0,0 [2015/07/22 04:23:43] BUFM: DECODE-2 F=0 REF=1 CNT=15/15 15,41 [2015/07/22 04:23:43] BUFM: DECODE-2 F=1 REF=1 CNT=16/16 16,31 [2015/07/22 04:23:43] BUFM: DECODE-2 F=2 REF=43 CNT=41/41 41,57 OK</pre>

14.4. +NVBU_IND: NV Backup Status Notification

HL7538	
Unsolicited Notification	<u>Response</u> +NVBU_IND: <status>,<file id>,... For <status>=0 +NVBU_IND: <status>,<file id>,<backup date>,<backup firmware version> For <status>=1 +NVBU_IND: <status>,<file id>,<backup date used for restore>,<backup firmware version used for restore> For <status>=2 +NVBU_IND: <status>,<file id>,<backup date used for restore>,<backup firmware version used for restore>,<num NV> <NV ID 1>[<NV ID 2>...[<NV ID 16><CR><LF>]] ... <u>Parameters</u> <status> Status of the NV backup 0 Indicates completion of NV backup generation 1 Indicates completion of NV backup restore 2 Indicates that backup data were restored when the NV corruption was detected during NV initialization <backup date> NV backup generation date <backup firmware version> Firmware version used to generate the NV backup <backup date used for restore> Generation date of the NV backup that was used for the NV restore <backup firmware version used for restore> Firmware version used to generate the NV backup that was used for the NV restore <num NV> Total number of NV items restored <NV ID> List of NV item IDs with data restored, expressed in hexadecimal number; delimited by spaces, and delimited by <CR><LF> every 16 numbers.
Reference Sierra Wireless Proprietary	<u>Notes</u> The list of <NV ID> is expressed in 16 hexadecimal numbers per line.
<u>Examples</u>	# recovery in calibrated NV partition after Firmware boot # note that the data is also logged by NV log (i.e. AT+NVBU=2) +NVBU_IND: 2,0,"2015/07/22 04:23:39","RHL75xx.2.15.142600.201507220405.x7160_2",15 10034900 10034901 10034401 10034402 10034902 10035400 10035401 10035402 10035403 10035500 10035501 10035502 10050000 10310000 10370000



15. Board Support Commands

15.1. +WIMEI Command: IMEI Write and Read

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WIMEI=?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Read command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WIMEI?	<u>Response</u> +WIMEI: <IMEI> OK
<i>Write command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WIMEI= <IMEI>	<u>Response</u> +WIMEI: <IMEI> OK <u>Parameters</u> <IMEI> 14 or 15-digit IMEI as defined in GSM 23.003
<u>Notes</u>	• The default IMEI is 012345678901237. • The write command can only be used once for IMEI programming. • The IMEI to be written must be different from the default IMEI. • If a 14-digit IMEI is entered, the 15th checksum digit is automatically calculated. • The NV backup of the static calibrated NV partition which stores the IMEI is automatically updated after successful execution of the write command (i.e. backup is updated when OK is returned).
<u>Example</u>	<pre>// Default IMEI at+wimei? +WIMEI: 012345478901237 OK // Enter 15-digit IMEI at+wimei=354610060035829 OK at+wimei? +WIMEI: 354610060035829 OK // Enter 14-digit IMEI at+wimei=35461006003582 OK at+wimei? +WIMEI: 354610060035829 OK</pre>

15.2. +WCARRIER Command: Show Carrier Name

HL7538	
<i>Test command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WCARRIER= ?	<u>Response</u> OK
<i>Action command</i>	
<u>Syntax</u> AT+WCARRIER	<u>Response</u> +WCARRIER: <Carrier Name> OK <u>Parameters</u> <Carrier Name> Carrier string (maximum of 8 characters, without quotes)
<u>Notes</u>	The carrier name is written in non-volatile memory during the factory customization process.
<u>Example</u>	at+wcarrier +WCARRIER: KDDI OK

>> 16. Appendix

16.1. Result Codes and Unsolicited Messages

Verbose Result Code	Numeric	Type	Description
+CCCM: <ccm>	like verbose	Unsolicited	
+CME ERROR: <err>	like verbose	Final	
+CMS ERROR: <err>	like verbose	Final or unsolicited	
+CMTI	like verbose	Unsolicited	
+CBM	like verbose	Unsolicited	
+CDS	like verbose	Unsolicited	
+COLP: <number>,<type>[,<subaddr>,<satype>[,<alpha>]]	like verbose	Intermediate	
+CR: <type>	like verbose	Intermediate	
+CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]	like verbose	Unsolicited	
+CRING: <type>	like verbose	Unsolicited	
+CSSI: <code1>[,<index>]	like verbose	Intermediate	
+CSSU: <code2>[,<index>[,<number>,<type>[,<subaddr>,<satype>]]]	like verbose	Unsolicited	
+CUSD: <m>[,<str>,<dcs>]	like verbose	Unsolicited	
BUSY	6	Final	
CONNECT	1	Intermediate	Connection has been established
CONNECT <text>	manufacturer specific	Intermediate	like CONNECT but manufacturer specific <text> gives additional information (e.g. connection data rate)
ERROR	4	Final	command not accepted
NO ANSWER	7	Final	connection completion timeout
NO CARRIER	3	Final	connection terminated
NO DIALTONE	5	Final	no dial tone detected
OK	0	Final	acknowledges execution of a command line
RING	2	Unsolicited	incoming call signal from network

16.2. Error Codes

16.2.1. CME Error Codes

<err> Code	Meaning
0	Phone failure
1	No connection to phone
2	Phone-adapter link reserved
3	Operation not allowed
4	Operation not supported
5	PH-SIM PIN required
6	PH-FSIM PIN required
7	PH-FSIM PUK required
10	SIM not inserted
11	SIM PIN required
12	SIM PUK required
13	SIM failure
14	SIM busy
15	SIM wrong
16	Incorrect password
17	SIM PIN2 required
18	SIM PUK2 required
20	Memory full
21	Invalid index
22	Not found
23	Memory failure
24	Text string too long
25	Invalid characters in text string
26	Dial string too long
27	Invalid characters in dial string
30	No network service
31	Network timeout
32	Network not allowed - emergency call only
40	Network personalization PIN required
41	Network personalization PUK required
42	Network subset personalization PIN required
43	Network subset personalization PUK required
44	Service provider personalization PIN required
45	Service provider personalization PUK required
46	Corporate personalization PIN required
47	Corporate personalization PUK required
48	Hidden key required
49	EAP method not supported

<err> Code	Meaning
50	Incorrect parameters
99	Resource limitation
100	Synchronization error
103	Illegal MS
106	Illega IME
107	GPRS services not allowed
111	PLMN not allowed
112	Location area not allowed
113	Roaming not allowed in this location area
132	Service option not supported
133	Requested service option not subscribed
134	Service option temporarily out of order
148	Unspecified GPRS error
149	PDP authentication failure
150	Invalid mobile class
201	Alternate SIM conflict
500	CTS Handover on Progress
501	Cellular Protocol Stack Out of service state
502	CTS Unspecified Error
650	General AVMS error
651	Communication error
652	Session in progress
654	RDMS services are in "deactivated" state
655	RDMS services are in "prohibited" stae (see +WDSG command)
656	RDMS services are in "to be provisioned" state; no available NAP
800	SIM Security unspecified error
902	No more sockets available; the maximum number has been reached
903	Memory problem
904	DNS error
905	TCP disconnection by the server
906	TCP/UDP connection error
907	Generic error
908	Fail to accept client request's
909	Data send by KTCPSND/KUDPSND are incoherent
910	Bad session ID
911	Session is already running
912	No more sessions can be used (maximum session is 32)
913	Socket connection timer timeout
914	Control socket connection timer timeout
915	A parameter is not expected
916	A parameter has an invalid range of values
917	A parameter is missing
918	Feature is not supported

<err> Code	Meaning
919	Feature is not available
920	Protocol is not supported
921	Error due to invalid state of bearer connection
922	Error due to invalid state of session
923	Error due to invalid state of terminate port data mode
924	Error due to session busy, retry later
925	Failed to decode HTTP header's name, missing ':'
926	Failed to decode HTTP header's value, missing 'cr/lf'
927	HTTP header's name is an empty string
928	HTTP header's value is an empty string
929	Format of input data is invalid
930	Content of input data is invalid or not supported
931	the length of a parameter is invalid
932	the format of a parameter is invalid

16.2.2. CEER Error Codes

<cause>	<description>
0	No cause information available
1	Unassigned (unallocated) number
3	No route destination
6	Channel unacceptable
8	Operator determined barring
16	Normal call clearing
17	User busy
18	No user responding
19	User alerting, no answer
21	Call rejected
22	Number changed
26	Non selected user clearing
27	Destination out of order
28	Invalid number format (incomplete number)
29	Facility rejected
30	Response to STATUS ENQUIRY
31	Normal, unspecified
34	No circuit / channel available
38	Network out of order
41	Temporary failure
42	Switching equipment congestion
43	Access information discarded
44	Requested circuit / channel not available
47	Resources unavailable, unspecified

<cause>	<description>
49	Quality of service unavailable
50	Requested facility not subscribed
55	Incoming calls barred with in the CUG
57	Bearer capability not authorized
58	Bearer capability not presently available
63	Service or option not available, unspecified
65	Bearer service not implemented
68	ACM equal to or greater than AC Mmax
69	Requested facility not implemented
70	Only restricted digital information bearer capability is available
79	Service or option not implemented, unspecified
81	Invalid transaction identifier value
87	User not member of CUG
88	Incompatible destination
91	Invalid transit network selection
95	Semantically incorrect message
96	Invalid mandatory information
97	Message type non-existent or not implemented
98	Message type not compatible with protocol state
99	Information element non-existent or not implemented
100	Conditional IE error
101	Message not compatible with protocol state
102	Recovery on timer expiry
103	Illegal MS
106	Illegal ME
107	GPRS service not allowed
111	Protocol error, unspecified
112	Location area not allowed
113	Roaming not allowed in this location area
124	MBMS bearer capabilities insufficient for the service
125	LLC or SMDCP failure
126	Insufficient resources
127	Missing or unknown APN
128	Unknown PDP address or PDP type
129	User authentication failed
130	Activation rejected by GGSN
131	Activation reject,unspecified
132	Service not supported
133	Requested service option not subscribed
134	Service option temporarily out of order
135	NSAPI already used
136	Regular PDP context deactivation
137	QoS not accepted

<cause>	<description>
138	Network failure
139	Reactivation requested
140	Feature not supported
141	Semantic error in the TFT operation
142	Syntactical error in the TFT operation
143	Unknown PDP context
144	Semantic errors in packet filter(s)
145	Syntactical errors in packet filter(s)
146	PDP context without TFT already activated
148	Unspecified GPRS error
149	PDP authentication error
212	APN restriction
256	Internal unspecified
257	Out of memory
258	Invalid parameters
259	Data call active
260	Speech call active
262	Missing ACM information
263	Temporary forbidden
264	Called party is blacklisted
265	Blacklist is full
266	No service
267	Limited service
268	Client conflict
269	Dual Service call active
271	Unknown SIM error
274	Active client is gone
277	SIM status failure
278	Rejected by call control
279	FDN failed
280	BDN failed
283	CCBS possible
284	Invalid alternate service line
285	LND overview
287	MM network failure unspecified
288	MM no service
289	MM access class barred
290	MM RR no resource
291	MM ME busy
292	MM unspecified
301	MMI not registered
303	Rejected by user
304	Rejected due to time out

<cause>	<description>
306	Disconnected due to SIM TK call setup
307	Pending SIM TK call setup
310	SIM reset
340	MM sapi3 release
341	MM lower layer failure
342	MM authentication failure
343	MM PS reject
344	MM service rejected
345	MM abort by network
346	MM timeout
347	MM detach
348	MM RR connection release
349	MM not registered
350	MM reestablishment failure
351	Failure due to handover
352	Link establishment failure
353	Random access failure
354	Radio link aborted
355	Lower layer failure in Layer 1
356	Immediate assignment reject
357	Failure due to paging
358	Abnormal release unspecified
359	Abnormal release channel unacceptable
360	Abnormal release timer expired
361	Abnormal release no act on radio path
362	Preemptive release
363	UTRAN configuration unknown
364	Handover impossible
365	Channel mode unacceptable
366	Frequency not implemented
367	Originator leaving call group area
368	Lower layer failure from network
369	Call already cleared
370	Semantically incorrect message
371	Invalid mandatory info
372	Message type non existing
373	Message type incompatible in state
374	Conditional information element error
375	No cell allocation available
376	Protocol error unspecified
377	Normal event
378	Unspecified
379	Preemptive release

<cause>	<description>
380	Congestion
381	RE establishment reject
382	Directed sig conn establishment
383	User inactivity
384	Lower layer failure downlink
385	Lower layer failure uplink
386	Cell barred due to authentication failure
387	Signalling connection release
388	CS connection release triggered by MM
389	RRC connection establishment failure
390	RRC connection establishment re-ject with redirection
391	Resource conflict
392	Layer 2 sequence error
393	Layer 2 T200 exp N200 plus 1 times
394	Layer 2 unsolicited DM resp MFES
395	Layer 2 contention resolution
396	Layer 2 normal cause
397	RR connection release due to BAND change (2G)
400	MM RR connection error while release
500	User disconnected
510	Remote user / NW disconnected for call status rather than call proceeding
511	Remote user / NW disconnected for call status is call proceeding
512	Request rejected, BCM violation

16.2.3. CMS Error Codes

<err> Code	Meaning
1	Unassigned (unallocated) number
8	Operator determined barring
10	Call barred
21	Short message transfer rejected
27	Destination out of service
28	Unidentified subscriber
29	Facility rejected
30	Unknown subscriber
38	Network out of order
41	Temporary failure
42	Congestion
47	Resources unavailable, unspecified
50	Requested facility not subscribed
69	Requested facility not implemented
81	Invalid short message transfer reference value

<err> Code	Meaning
95	Invalid message, unspecified
96	Invalid mandatory information
97	Message type non-existent or not implemented
98	Message not compatible with short message protocol state
99	Information element non-existent or not implemented
111	Protocol error, unspecified
127	Interworking, unspecified
128	Telematic interworking not supported
129	Short message Type 0 not supported
130	Cannot replace short message
143	Unspecified TP-PID error
144	Data coding scheme (alphabet) not supported
145	Message class not supported
159	Unspecified TP-DCS error
160	Command cannot be executed
161	Command unsupported
175	Unspecified TP-Command error
176	TPDU not supported
192	SC busy
193	No SC subscription
194	SC system failure
195	Invalid SME address
196	Destination SME barred
197	SM Rejected-Duplicate SM
198	TP-VPF not supported
199	TP-VP not supported
208	D0 SIM SMS storage full
209	No SMS storage capability in SIM
210	Error in MS
211	Memory Capacity Exceeded
212	SIM Application Toolkit Busy
213	SIM data download error
255	Unspecified error cause
300	ME failure
301	SMS service of ME reserved
302	Operation not allowed
303	Operation not supported
304	Invalid PDU mode parameter
305	Invalid text mode parameter
310	SIM not inserted
311	SIM PIN required
312	PH-SIM PIN required
313	SIM failure

<err> Code	Meaning
314	SIM busy
315	SIM wrong
316	SIM PUK required
317	SIM PIN2 required
318	SIM PUK2 required
320	Memory failure
321	Invalid memory index
322	Memory full
330	SMSC address unknown
331	no network service
332	Network timeout
340	NO +CNMA ACK EXPECTED
500	Unknown error

16.2.4. GPRS Error Codes

<err> Code	Meaning
Errors related to a failure to Perform an Attach	
103	Illegal MS
106	Illegal ME
107	GPRS services not allowed
111	PLMN not allowed
112	Location area not allowed
113	Roaming not allowed in this location area
Errors related to a failure to Activate a Context	
132	Service option not supported
133	Requested service option not subscribed
134	Service option temporarily out of order
149	PDP authentication failure
Other GPRS Errors	
148	Unspecified GPRS error
150	Invalid mobile class

Other values in the range 101 - 150 are reserved for use by GPRS.

16.2.5. FTP Reply Codes

FTP Reply Code	Meaning
110	Restart marker reply
120	Service ready in nnn minutes
125	Data connection already open: transfer starting
150	File status okay; about to open data connection
200	Command okay
202	Command not implemented, superfluous at this site
211	System status or system help reply
212	Directory status
213	File status
214	Help message
215	NAME system type
220	Service ready for new user
221	Service closing control connection. Logged out if appropriate. Unassigned (unallocated) number
225	Data connection open; no transfer in progress
226	Closing data connection. Requested file action successful (for example, file transfer or file abort)
227	Entering Passive Mode (h1, h2, h3 ,h4, p1, p2)
22	User logged in, proceed
250	Requested file action okay, completed
257	"PATHNAME" created
331	User name okay, need password
332	Need account for login
350	Requested file action pending further information
421	Service not available, closing control connection. This may be a reply to any command if the service knows it must shut down
425	Can't open data connection
426	Connection closed; transfer aborted
450	Requested file action not taken. File unavailable (e.g., file busy)
451	Requested action aborted: local error in processing
452	Requested action not taken. Insufficient storage space in system
500	Syntax error, command unrecognized. This may include errors such as command line too long
501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments
502	Command not implemented
503	Bad sequence of commands
504	Command not implemented for that parameter
530	Not logged in
532	Need account for storing files
550	Requested action not taken. File unavailable (e.g., file not found, no access)
551	Requested action aborted: page type unknown
552	Requested file action aborted. Exceeded storage allocation (for current directory or dataset)
553	Requested action not taken. File name not allowed

16.2.6. AVMS Error Codes

<err> Code	Meaning
3	Parameter is out of range; Device Services is not in a good state
24	Parameters <APN>, <User> or <Pwd> are too long
650	General error
651	Communication error
652	Session in progress
654	AVMS services are in DEACTIVATED state (see +WDSG)
655	AVMS services are in PROHIBITED state (see +WDSG)
656	AVMS services are in TO BE PROVISIONED state (see +WDSG)

16.2.7. Error Case Examples

Internet AT commands return specific error codes if parameter verification fails. The following table enumerates some examples to demonstrate specific error cases.

Table 1. Error Case Examples

Error Codes	Corresponding Examples
+CME ERROR: 907 Generic error/ Unsupported read command	AT+KHTTPHEAD? AT+KHTTPGET? AT+KHTTPHEAD? AT+KHTTPPOST? AT+KHTTPCLOSE? AT+KHTTPSGET? AT+KHTTPSHHEAD? AT+KHTTPSPPOST? AT+KHTTPSCCLOSE? AT+KFTPCNX? AT+KFTPCLOSE? AT+KFTPCFGDEL? AT+KFTPCRCV? AT+KFTPSND? AT+KFTPDEL? AT+KTCPSND? AT+KTCPCRCV? AT+KUDPDEL? AT+KUDPCLOSE? AT+KUDPCRCV? AT+KUDPSND? AT+KTCPCNX? AT+KTCPCLOSE? AT+KTCPDEF? AT+KTCPDEL? AT+KTCPCCLOSE? AT+KTCPCRCV? AT+KTCPSND?

Error Codes	Corresponding Examples
+CME ERROR: 912 No more sessions can be used	Create UDP client session repeatedly until 32 sessions are created: AT+KUDPCFG=1,0,1033,,10.10.10.10 Then try to create a TCP server session (33rd session) AT+KTCPCFG=1,1,,80
+CME ERROR: 915 A parameter is not expected	AT+KHTTPHEADER=1,0 AT+KHTTPHEADER=1,"file" AT+KHTTPPOST=1,0,"/" AT+KHTTPPOST=1,"file", "/" AT+KHTTPSPPOST=1,0,"/" AT+KHTTPSPPOST=1,1,"/" AT+KHTTPSPPOST=1,"file", "/" AT+KHTTPSHHEADER=1,0 AT+KHTTPSHHEADER=1,1 AT+KHTTPSHHEADER=1,"file" AT+KFTPRCV=1,0,,/sample.txt" AT+KFTPRCV=1,1,,/sample.txt" AT+KFTPRCV=1,"file",,/sample.txt"
+CME ERROR: 916 A parameter has an invalid range of values	AT+KHTTPGET=0,"/" AT+KHTTPGET=1,"/",2 AT+KHTTPHEADER=0 AT+KHTTPHEAD=0,"/" AT+KHTTPCLOSE=0 AT+KHTTPCLOSE=1,-1 AT+KHTTPPOST=0,,/" AT+KHTTPPOST=1,,",2 AT+KHTTPCFG=0,"www.example.com" AT+KHTTPCFG=1,"www.example.com",65536 AT+KHTTPCFG=1,"www.example.com",,,,2 AT+KHTTPSCFG=0,"www.kernel.org" AT+KHTTPSCFG=-1,"www.kernel.org" AT+KHTTPSCFG=1,"www.kernel.org",65536 AT+KHTTPSCFG=1,"www.kernel.org",-1 AT+KHTTPSCFG=1,"www.kernel.org",,2 AT+KHTTPSCFG=1,"www.kernel.org",,,8 AT+KHTTPSCFG=1,"www.kernel.org",,-1 AT+KHTTPSCFG=1,"www.kernel.org",,,,4 AT+KHTTPSCFG=1,"www.kernel.org",,,,,,2 AT+KHTTPSCFG=1,"www.kernel.org",,,,,,-1 AT+KHTTPSGET=0,"/" AT+KHTTPSGET=-1,"/" AT+KHTTPSGET=1,"/",2 AT+KHTTPSGET=1,"",-1 AT+KHTTPSHHEAD=0,"/" AT+KHTTPSHHEAD=-1,"/" AT+KHTTPSPPOST=0,,/" AT+KHTTPSPPOST=-1,,/" AT+KHTTPSPPOST=1,,",2 AT+KHTTPSPPOST=1,,",-1 AT+KHTTPSHHEADER=0 AT+KHTTPSHHEADER=-1 AT+KHTTPSCLOSE=0 AT+KHTTPSCLOSE=-1

Error Codes	Corresponding Examples
+CME ERROR: 916 A parameter has an invalid range of values	AT+KHTTPSCLOSE=1,2 AT+KHTTPSCLOSE=1,-1 AT+KFTPCFG=0,"ftp.kernel.org" AT+KFTPCFG=1,"ftp.kernel.org",,,65536 AT+KFTPCFG=1,"ftp.kernel.org",,-1 AT+KFTPCFG=1,"ftp.kernel.org",,,,2 AT+KFTPCFG=1,"ftp.kernel.org",,,, -1 AT+KFTPCFG=1,"ftp.kernel.org",,,,2 AT+KFTPCFG=1,"ftp.kernel.org",,,,10 AT+KFTPCFG=1,"ftp.kernel.org",,,, -1 AT+KFTPCNX=0 AT+KFTPCNX=99 AT+KFTPCNX=-1 AT+KFTPCLOSE=0 AT+KFTPCLOSE=1,2 AT+KFTPCLOSE=1,-1 AT+KFTPCFGDEL=0 AT+KFTPCFGDEL=-1 AT+KFTPRCV=0,,,"/sample.txt" AT+KFTPRCV=-1,,,"/sample.txt" AT+KFTPRCV=1,,,"/sample.txt",2 AT+KFTPRCV=1,,,"/sample.txt",-1 AT+KFTPSND=0,,,"/sample.txt" AT+KFTPSND=-1,,,"/sample.txt" AT+KFTPSND=1,,,"/sample.txt",2 AT+KFTPSND=1,,,"/sample.txt",-1 AT+KFTPDEL=0,,,"/sample.txt" AT+KFTPDEL=-1,,,"/sample.txt" AT+KFTPDEL=1,,,"/sample.txt",2 AT+KFTPDEL=1,,,"/sample.txt",-1 AT+KTCPSND=1,0 AT+KTCPRCV=1,0 AT+KUDPSND=1,"116.66.221.43",5043,0 AT+KUDPRCV=1,0
+CME ERROR: 917 A parameter is missing	AT+KHTTPGET=,"/" AT+KHTTPGET=1, AT+KHTTPGET=, AT+KHTTPHEADER=, AT+KHTTPHEAD=,"/" AT+KHTTPHEAD=1, AT+KHTTPHEAD=, AT+KHTTPCLOSE=, AT+KHTTPPOST=,"/" AT+KHTTPPOST=1,, AT+KHTTPCFG=1, AT+KHTTPCFG=, AT+KHTTPSCFG=1, AT+KHTTPSCFG=, AT+KHTTPSGET=,"/" AT+KHTTPSGET=1, AT+KHTTPSGET=, AT+KHTTPSHHEAD=,"/" AT+KHTTPSHHEAD=1,

Error Codes	Corresponding Examples
+CME ERROR: 917 A parameter is missing	AT+KHTTPSHEAD=, AT+KHTTSPPOST=,,/" AT+KHTTSPPOST=1,, AT+KHTTSPHEADER=, AT+KHTTSPCLOSE=, AT+KFTPCFG=1, AT+KFTPCFG=, AT+KFTPCLOSE=, AT+KFTPCRV=1,,, AT+KFTPSND=1,,, AT+KFTPDEL=1,, AT+KFTPDEL=,,
+CME ERROR: 918 Feature is not supported	AT+KHTTSPCFG=1,"www.kernel.org",,,3
+CME ERROR: 919 Feature is not available	AT+KTCPACKINFO=1
+CME ERROR: 932 Format of a parameter is invalid	Example AT+KHTTPGET=a,/" AT+KHTTPHEADER=a AT+KHTTPHEAD=a,/" AT+KHTTPCLOSE=a AT+KHTTPCLOSE=1,? AT+KHTTTPPOST=a,/" AT+KHTTTPPOST=1,,/"? AT+KHTTPCFG=a,"www.example.com" AT+KHTTPCFG=1,"www.example.com",,? AT+KHTTPCFG=1,"www.example.com",a AT+KHTTPCFG=1,"www.example.com",,,,,? AT+KHTTSPCFG=a,"www.kernel.org" AT+KHTTSPCFG=1,"www.kernel.org",a AT+KHTTSPCFG=1,"www.kernel.org",,? AT+KHTTSPCFG=1,"www.kernel.org",,,,? AT+KHTTSPGET=a,/" AT+KHTTSPGET=1,/"? AT+KHTTSPHEAD=a,/" AT+KHTTSPPOST=a,/" AT+KHTTSPPOST=1,,/"? AT+KHTTSPHEADER=a AT+KHTTSPCLOSE=a AT+KHTTSPCLOSE=1,? AT+KFTPCFG=a,"ftp.kernel.org" AT+KFTPCFG=1,"ftp.kernel.org",,,,,? AT+KFTPCFG=1,"ftp.kernel.org",,,,,? AT+KFTPCNX=a AT+KFTPCNX=# AT+KFTPCLOSE=b AT+KFTPCLOSE=1,? AT+KFTPCFGDEL=C AT+KFTPCFGDEL=# AT+KFTPCRV=D,,,/sample.txt" AT+KFTPCRV=#,,,/sample.txt" AT+KFTPCRV=1,,,/sample.txt",?

Error Codes	Corresponding Examples
+CME ERROR: 932 Format of a parameter is invalid	AT+KFTPSND=E,,,"/sample.txt" AT+KFTPSND=#,,,"/sample.txt" AT+KFTPSND=1,,,"/sample.txt",? AT+KFTPSND=1,,,"/sample.txt",,? AT+KFTPDEL=f,,,"/sample.txt" AT+KFTPDEL=#,,,"/sample.txt" AT+KFTPDEL=1,,,"/sample.txt",? AT+KCGPADDR=a

16.3. Commands without Pin Code Requirement

Most AT commands are rejected (i.e. an error is returned to the DTE) if the valid PIN code has not been entered.

The **main** commands which can be sent without the PIN code include:

- ATD (emergency calls)
- AT+CPIN
- ATI
- AT+CGMI, AT+GMI
- AT+CGMM, AT+GMM
- AT+CGMR, AT+GMR
- AT+CGSN, AT+GSN
- AT+CPAS
- AT+CMEE
- AT+IPR
- ATE, ATV, ATS, ATZ
- AT&F, AT&D, AT&C
- AT+CBST
- AT+CLVL

This list may be modified in case of special needs from the customer (contact Sierra Wireless directly to treat this kind of request).

Note: Some commands require the PIN2 code.

16.4. GSM 27.010 Multiplexing Protocol

Main Options	BASIC	YES
	ADVANCED	YES
	advanced WITH ERROR RECOVERY	NO
Frames	SABM	YES
	UA	YES
	DM	YES
	DISC	YES
	I (ERM)	NO
	RR (ERM)	NO
	RNR (ERM)	NO
	REJ (ERM)	NO
	UI	YES
	UIH	YES
Multiplexer Controls	DLC parameters negotiation (PN) (optional)	YES
	Power Saving control (PSC)	YES
	Multiplexer Close Down (CLD)	YES
	Test Command (Test)	YES
	Flow control On Command (Fcon)	YES
	Flow control Off Command (Fcoff)	YES
	Modem Status Command (MSC)	YES
	Non Supported Command response (NSC)	YES
	Remote Port Negotiation (RPN). (optional)	NO
	Remote Line Status command (RLS).(optional)	YES
	Service Negotiation Command (SNC)	NO
Convergence Layers	Type 1 - Unstructured Octet Stream	YES
	Type 2 - Unstructured Octet Stream with flow control, break signal handling and transmission of v24 signal states	YES
	Type 3 – Uninterruptible Framed Data	NO
	Type 4 - Interruptible Framed Data	NO
Others	Wake up procedure (see [RE2] sub clause 5.4.7)	YES
	Priority management	YES
	DLCI number limitation	8

16.5. How to Use TCP Commands

16.5.1. Client Mode

AT&K3 OK	Hardware flow control activation
AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","APN","log","password" OK	Set GPRS parameters (APN, login, password, etc.)
AT+KTCPCFG=1,0,"www.google.com",80 +KTCPCFG: 1 OK	Set IP address and port number Returns session ID
AT+KTCPCNX=1 OK	Initiate the connection
AT+KTCPSEND=1,18 CONNECT ...Data send... OK	Send data with the EOF string at the end. e.g. "GET / HTTP/1.0 --EOF--Pattern--"
+KTCP_DATA: 1,1380 AT+KTCPRCV=1, 1380 CONNECT HTTP/1.0 200 OK Cache-Control: private, max-age=0 ... a lot of data... --EOF--Pattern-- OK	DATA read
+KTCP_DATA: 1,1380	+KTCP_DATA notification
AT+KTCPRCV=1,1380 CONNECT er{padding-bottom:7px !important}#gbar,#guser{font- ... a lot of data... --EOF--Pattern-- OK	Read received data
+KTCP_DATA: 1,1380	
AT+KTCPCLOSE=1,1 OK	Close session 1
AT+KTCPDEL=1 OK	Delete session 1
AT+KTCPCFG? OK	No session is available

16.5.2. Server Mode

In this simple example we emulate a daytime server. This server listens to port 13 and for each connection it returns the date.

AT&K3 OK	Hardware flow control activation
AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","APN","log","password" OK	Set GPRS parameters (APN, login, password, etc.)
AT+KTCPCFG=1,1,,13 +KTCPCFG: 1 OK	Set TCP listener and port number Returns session ID
AT+KTCPCNX=1 OK	Initiate the server
AT+KCGPADDR +KCGPADDR: 1,"10.35.125.89" OK	Get the IP address to initiate a connection request with a client
+KTCP_SRVREQ: 1,2	A client requests a connection (session ID 2)
AT+KTCPSND=2,15 CONNECT ...Date and time... OK	DATA sent to the client read
+KTCP_SRVREQ: 1,3	Another client requests a connection (session ID 3)
+KTCP_NOTIF: 2, 4	CHILd mode for session 3
AT+KTCPSND=3,15 CONNECT ...Date and time... OK	Client (session 2) closes the connection. DATA sent to the client
AT+KTCPCLOSE=3,1 OK	
AT+KTCPCLOSE=1,1 OK	Close client session 3 and then session 3 is deleted automatically (CHILd mode for session 3)
AT+KTCPDEL=1 OK	Close server: session 1
	Delete session 1

16.5.3. Polling for the Status of a Socket

AT&K3 OK	Hardware flow control activation
AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","APN","log","password" OK	Set GPRS parameters (APN, login, password, etc.)
AT+KTCPCFG=1,0,"www.google.com",80 +KTCPCFG: 1 OK	Set TCP Server address and port number Returns the session ID
AT+KURCCFG="TCP",0 OK	Disable TCP unsolicited messages
AT+KTCPCNX=1 OK	Initiate the connection, use session 1
AT+KTCPSTAT=1 +KTCPSTAT : 3,-1,0,0 OK	Poll the connection status : Connection is UP
AT+KTCPSEND=1,3000	
CONNECT ...Data send... OK	Send data on socket 1, we expect to send 3000 bytes but you can send less. You can send data after CONNECT To finish send the KPATTERN (EOF), you can define this with +KPATTERN command.
AT+KTCPSTAT=1 +KTCPSTAT : 3,-1,1234,0 OK	Poll the connection status : Connection is UP, there are 1234 bytes not yet sent
AT+KTCPSTAT=1 +KTCPSTAT : 3,-1,100,0 OK	Poll the connection status : Connection is UP, there are 100 bytes not yet sent
AT+KTCPSTAT=1 +KTCPSTAT : 3,-1,0,0 OK	Poll the connection status : Connection is UP, all bytes have been sent
AT+KTCPSTAT=1 +KTCPSTAT : 3,-1,0,320 OK	Poll the connection status : Connection is UP, 320 bytes are available for reading
AT+KTCPRCV=1,320 CONNECT ... a lot of data... --EOF--Pattern-- OK	Read 320 bytes on socket 1
AT+KTCPCLOSE=1,1 OK	Data is sent after CONNECT
AT+KTCPDEL=1 OK	Close session 1 Delete session 1

16.5.4. End to End TCP Connection

AT&K3 OK	Hardware flow control activation
AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","APN","log","password" OK	Set GPRS parameters (APN, login, password, etc.)
AT+KTCPCFG=1,0,"www.google.com",80 +KTCPCFG: 1 OK	Set TCP Server address and port number Returns the session_id : 1
AT+KTCPSTART=1 CONNECT ...Data sent.....Data received.....Data sent... ...Data sent.....Data received.....Data sent... +++ OK	Initiate the connection, use session 1 Message CONNECT : connection to server is established, data can be sent Use +++ to enter in command mode
ATO1 CONNECT ...Data sent.....Data received.....Data sent... ...Data sent.....Data received.....Data sent... OK	Use ATO<session_id> to switch back in data mode
AT+KTCPCLOSE=1,1 OK	Toggle DTR (if AT&D1 or AT&D2 configuration) to enter in command mode
AT+KTCPDEL=1 OK	Use KTCPCLOSE to close the session Delete the configured session

16.5.5. Error Case for End to End TCP Connection

AT+KTCPSTART=1 NO CARRIER +KTCP_NOTIF: 1,<tcp_notif>	Try to Initiate the connection, Connection fails, see the value of <tcp_notif>
AT+KTCPSTART=1 CONNECT ...Data sent.....Data received.....Data sent... ...Data sent.....Data received.....Data sent... NO CARRIER +KTCP_NOTIF: 1,<tcp_notif>	Initiate the connection Exchange some data An error occurs during connection (network lost, server closed)

16.5.6. Use Cases for AT+KTCPACKINFO and <URC-ENDTCP-enable> Option

This section describes the behavior of AT+KTCPACKINFO when the <URC-ENDTCP-enable> option is used with AT+KTCPCFG.

16.5.6.1. <URC-ENDTCP-enable> is Disabled (default setting)

AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","CMNET"	
OK	
AT+KTCPCFG=1,0,"202.170.131.76",2000	
+KTCPCFG: 1	
OK	
AT+KTCPCFG?	
+KTCPCFG: 1,0,0,0,, "202.170.131.76",2000,,0,0	<URC-ENDTCP-enable> is disabled
OK	
AT+KTCPCNX=1	connect to TCP server
OK	
AT+KTCPSEND=1,10	Use command to send 10 bytes
CONNECT	Write to serial: 0123456789--EOF--Pattern--
OK	The URC "+KTCP_ACK" is not displayed
AT+KTCPACKINFO=1	
+CME ERROR: operation not allowed	Since <URC-ENDTCP-enable> is disabled, this returns error

16.5.6.2. <URC-ENDTCP-enable> is Enabled

AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","CMNET" OK	
AT+KTCPCFG=1,0,"202.170.131.76",2000,,,1 +KTCPCFG: 1 OK	Set <URC-ENDTCP-enable> to 1, enable URC "+KTCPCFG"
AT+KTCPCFG? +KTCPCFG: 1,0,0,0,"202.170.131.76",2000,,0,1 OK	<URC-ENDTCP-enable> is enabled

AT+KTCPCNX=1 OK	Connect to TCP server
AT+KTCPSEND=1,10 CONNECT OK	Use command to receive those 10 bytes connect to TCP server Write to serial: 0123456789--EOF--Pattern--
+KTCP_ACK: 1, 1	Only after a short time, URC "+KTCP_ACK" tells us the latest TCP data arrived remote side
AT+KTCPACKINFO=1 +KTCPACKINFO: 1, 1 OK	We can use this command to poll the status of the latest TCP data
AT+KTCPSEND=1,1000 CONNECT OK ...	Use command to send 1000 bytes write to serial: 1000bytes and --EOF--Pattern--
AT+KTCPACKINFO=1 +KTCPACKINFO: 1, 2 OK ...	URC "+KTCP_ACK" not got yet After a few seconds, this command can be used to poll the status of the latest TCP data The status of the latest TCP data is unknown
+KTCP_ACK: 1, 0	Since the "OK" of the latest "+KTCPSEND", 64 seconds elapsed URC "+KTCP_ACK" indicates that data has not arrived on remote side yet
AT+KTCPACKINFO=1 +KTCPACKINFO: 1, 0 OK	Network may be too bad We can use this command to poll the status of the latest TCP data The status of the latest TCP data is "failure": not all data has been received by remote side

16.6. How to Use UDP Specific Commands

16.6.1. Client Mode

AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","APN","log","password" OK AT+KUDPCFG=1,0 +KUDPCFG: 1 OK AT+KUDPSND= 1,"82.234.17.52",32,18 CONNECT ...Data sent... --EOF--Pattern-- OK +KUDP_DATA: 1,35 AT+KUDPRCV=1, 35 CONNECT This is a simple UDP Protocol test -EOF--Pattern-- OK +KUDP_RCV: "82.234.17.52",32 +KUDP_DATA: 1,35 AT+KUDPRCV=1, 16 CONNECT This is a simple -EOF--Pattern-- OK +KUDP_DATA_MISSED: 1,19 AT+KUDPCLOSE=1 OK AT+KUDPCFG? OK	Set GPRS parameters (APN, login, password, etc.) Create a new UDP socket (returned session 1) with the parameters associated to the connection profile id number 0 Send UDP data after "CONNECT" Received notification that indicates the presence of 35 bytes in the socket Try to read 35 bytes from session 1 Received notification that indicates the presence of 35 bytes in the socket Same test but try to read 16 bytes from session 1 There are 19 unread bytes left <u>and missed</u> in the UDP socket Definitely close the UDP session and at the same time session is deleted No sessions are available now
---	---

16.6.2. Server Mode

AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","APN","log","password",,"PDP_addr","primary DNS","0.0.0.0" OK	Set GPRS parameters (APN, login, password)
AT+KUDPCFG=1,1,3000 +KUDPCFG: 1 OK	Set UDP listener (Port 3000). Initiate the server. Session ID is 1
AT+KUDPCFG? +KUDPCFG: 1,0,1,3000 OK	Check if the server is initiated
AT+KCGPADDR +KCGPADDR: 0, "192.168.0.71" OK	Get local IP address and let client know
+KUDP_DATA: 1,9	Data comes in from some client
AT+KUDPRCV=1,9 CONNECT DATA TEST--EOF--Pattern-- OK	Receive data and display
+KUDP_RCV: "10.10.10.5",1111	This data was from "10.10.10.5"(Port:1111)
AT+KUDPSND=1,"10.10.10.5",3100,18 CONNECT OK	Send 18Bytes to a remote server(Port:3100) Some data with "-EOF--Pattern--" in the end
AT+KUDPCLOSE=1 OK	Close the UDP server and at the same time session is deleted
AT+KUDPCFG? OK	No sessions are available now

16.6.3. Use Cases for KTCP_DATA and KUDP_DATA

The following use cases include with and without data auto-retrieval.

1) Previous features are kept (ascending compatibility of the AT commands) - Client Mode

AT+KCNXCFG=0,"GPRS","CMNET" OK	
AT+KTCPCFG=0,0,"202.170.131.76",2000 +KTCPCFG: 1 OK	
AT+KTCPCNX=1 OK	Connect to TCP server
+KTCP_DATA: 1,10	URC tells us that 10 bytes arrived
AT+KTCPRCV=1,10	Use KTCPRCV command to receive those 10 bytes
CONNECT 0123456789--EOF--Pattern-- OK	
AT+KUDPCFG=0,0 +KUDPCFG: 2 OK	Open a UDP socket
+KUDP_DATA: 2,8	URC tells us that 8 bytes arrived
AT+KUDPRCV=2,8 CONNECT 01234567--EOF--Pattern-- OK +KUDP_RCV: "202.170.131.76",2001	Use command to receive those 8 bytes

2) Previous features are kept (ascending compatibility of the AT commands) - Server Mode

AT+KTCPCFG=0,1,,13 +KTCPCFG: 1 OK	Configure a TCP server socket
AT+KTCPCNX=1 OK	Open the listen port
AT+KCGPADDR +KCGPADDR: 0,"10.35.125.89" OK	
+KTCP_SRVREQ: 1,2 +KTCP_SRVREQ: 1,3 +KTCP_DATA: 2,10	Session 2 is set Session 3 is set URC tells us that 10 bytes arrived in session 2

+KTCP_DATA: 3,8 AT+KTCPCV=2,10 CONNECT 0123456789--EOF--Pattern-- OK AT+KTCPCV=3,8 CONNECT 01234567--EOF--Pattern-- OK AT+KUDPCFG=0,1,3000 +KUDPCFG: 4 OK +KUDP_DATA: 4,8 AT+KUDPCV=4,8 CONNECT 01234567--EOF--Pattern-- OK +KUDP_RCV: "202.170.131.76",2001	URC tells us that 8 bytes arrived in session 3 Use command to receive those 10 bytes in session 2 Use command to receive the 8 bytes in session Open a UDP socket, server mode URC tells us that 8 bytes arrived Use command to receive those 8 bytes
---	---

3) New optional feature: URC takes out the data - Client mode

AT+KCNXCFG=0,"GPRS","CMNET" OK AT+KTCPCFG=0,0,"202.170.131.76",2000,,1 +KTCPCFG: 1 OK AT+KTCPCNX=1 OK +KTCP_DATA: 1,10,0123456789 AT+KUDPCFG=0,0,3000,1 +KUDPCFG: 2 OK +KUDP_DATA: 2,8,"202.170.131.76",2001,01234567	Extend a parameter for the new feature When setting to 1, data will be received by the URC "+KTCP_DATA:" Connect to TCP server 10 bytes arrived. The URC takes them out directly Extend a parameter for the new feature When setting to 1, data will be received by the URC "+ KUDP_DATA:" 8 bytes arrived. The URC takes them out directly
--	--

4) New optional feature: URC takes out the data - Server mode

AT+KTCPCFG=0,1,,13,1 +KTCPCFG: 1 OK AT+KTCPCNX=1 OK AT+KCGPADDR +KCGPADDR: 0,"10.35.125.89" OK +KTCP_SRVREQ: 1,2 +KTCP_SRVREQ: 1,3 +KTCP_DATA: 2,10,0123456789 +KTCP_DATA: 3,8,01234567 AT+KUDPCFG=0,1,3000,1 +KUDPCFG: 4 OK +KUDP_DATA: 4,8,"202.170.131.76",2001,01234567	Extend a parameter for the new feature. When setting to 1, all child connection will display data in URC mode. Data will be received by the URC "+KTCP_DATA:" Open the listen port 10 bytes arrived. The URC takes them out directly 8 bytes arrived. The URC takes them out directly Open a UDP socket, server mode Extend a parameter for the new feature. Data will be received by the URC "+KUDP_DATA:" 8 bytes arrived. The URC takes them out directly
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16.7. How to Use FTP Specific Commands

16.7.1. Client Mode

AT&K3 OK	Hardware flow control activation
AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","APN","log","password" OK	Set GPRS parameters (APN, login, password, etc.)
AT+KFTPCFG=1,"ftp.test.fr","userlogin","userpassword",21,0 OK	Set FTP server address, login, password and port number
AT+KPATTERN="--EOF--Pattern--" OK	Custom End Of File pattern

AT+KFTPSND=1,"Dir","TestFile.txt",0 CONNECT ...send Data send<--EOF--Pattern>... OK AT+KFTPRCV=1,"Dir","Testfile.txt",0 CONNECT F6E6E656374696F6E20746573742E--EOF--Pattern-- OK AT+KFTPRCV=1,"/flashfile.ext","Dir","fsfile.txt",0 OK AT+KFTPSND=1,"/flashfile.ext","Dir","fsfile.txt",0 OK AT+KFTPDEL=1,"Dir","TestFile.txt" OK AT+KFTPCLOSE=1 OK	Send data, store them in "TestFile.txt" file. After "CONNECT". Do not forget send the EOF string Read the file named "TestFile.txt" from ftp server, data is sent and end by EOF string Get file "fsfile.txt" from ftp server, and store it in flash directory "/flashfile.ext" Send flash file "/flashfile.txt" to ftp server, store it in "Dir" directory Delete the file called "TestFile.txt" in ftp server Then you can close the connection
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16.7.2. "FTP Resume" Use Case

16.7.2.1. Resume Feature when Transmitting Data to Serial Link

AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","CMNET" OK AT+KFTPCFG=1,"202.170.131.76","administrator","8ik,(OL>" ,21,0 +KFTPCFG: 1 OK AT+KFTPRCV=1,,,"111111.txt",0 CONNECT 750aaaaaaaaa..... aaaaa250bbbbbbb--EOF--Pattern-- +KFTP_ERROR: 1, 421	Count the total data from serial link, it is 760 The result code indicates that the download met some problems, it may be due to control or data connection lost
---	--

<pre>// Try to resume transfer as follows AT+KFTPRCV=1,,,"111111.txt",0,760 bbbbbb.....bbbbbbbbbend--EOF--Pattern-- OK // Now we can combine the data from the two downloads. As a // result, we will get the complete file "111111.txt" AT+KFTPRCV=1,,,"111111.txt",0,119111 CONNECT --EOF--Pattern-- OK</pre>	Already got 760 bytes totally, so set it as offset to resume transfer Count the total data from serial link, it is 240 This indicates that the download was successful Try to set an invalid offset Nothing can be got because server has no corresponding error code and it answers that transfer is finished
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16.7.2.2. Resume Feature when Downloading Data to File System

<pre>AT+KFSFILE=4,"/ftp" +KFSFILE: 1048407 bytes free OK AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","CMNET" OK AT+KFTPCFG=1,"202.170.131.76","administrator","8ik,(OL>" ,21,0 +KFTPCFG: 1 OK // Download is starting AT+KFTPRCV=1,"/11",,"111111.txt" OK AT+KFSFILE=4,"/ftp" +KFSFILE: <F> 11 760 +KFSFILE: 1042921 bytes free OK +KFTP_ERROR: 1, 2 AT+KFTPRCV=1,"/11",,"111111.txt",0,1 OK AT+KFSFILE=4,"/ftp" +KFSFILE: <F> 11 1000 +KFSFILE: 1042921 bytes free OK</pre>	The target file does not exist in flash Has 760 bytes in total Some problems caused the transfer to break Transfer not finished, try to resume To resume transfer file in flash, we only have to set the offset to non-zero. Then the module will detect the real size of the file in file system automatically. The real size will be used as the real <offset> to resume transfer So far, has 1000 bytes in total
---	--

+KFTP_ERROR: 1, 421 AT+KFSFILE=4,"/ftp" +KFSFILE: <F> 11 1000 +KFSFILE: 1042921 bytes free OK	Server kicked off the connection
--	----------------------------------

16.7.2.3. Use Case when FTP Server does not Support the Resume Feature

AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","CMNET" OK AT+KFTPCFG=1,"202.170.131.76","administrator","8ik,(OL>" ,21,0 +KFTPCFG: 1 OK AT+KFTPRCV=1,,,"111111.txt",0 CONNECT 750aaaaaaaa..... aaaaaa250bbbbbbb--EOF--Pattern— +KFTP_ERROR: 1, 421 AT+KFTPRCV=1,,,"111111.txt",0,760 CONNECT --EOF--Pattern— +KFTP_ERROR: 1, 502	Count the total data from serial link, it is 760 The result code indicates that the download met some problems, it may be due to control or data connection lost ERROR 502 means that some commands in the procedure are not supported by server
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16.8. How to Use HTTP Client Specific Commands

AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","APN","log","password","0.0.0.0", "0.0.0.0","0.0.0.0" OK	Set GPRS parameters (APN, login, password)
AT+KCNXTIMER=1,60,2,70 OK	Set Timers
AT+KCNXPROFILE=1 OK	Activate GPRS profile
AT+CGATT=1 OK	Be sure to attach to network
AT+KHTTPCFG=1,"www.google.com",80,1 +KHTTPCFG: 1 OK	Set HTTP address, port number and http version

AT+KHTTPHEADER=1 CONNECT Accept : text/html If-Modified-Since : Saturday, 15-January-2000 14:37:11 GMT OK	Set the header of the request Send HTTP data after "CONNECT". Do not forget the PATTERN characters. For example : "Data flow --EOF--Pattern--"
AT+KHTTPGET=1, "/index.html" CONNECT HTTP/1.0 200 OK Cache-Control: private, max-age=0 Date: Tue, 24 Jun 2008 02:11:35 GMT Expires: -1 Content-Type: text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1 Set-Cookie: PREF=ID=ae1c663417e7799e:NW=1:TM=1214273495:LM=1214273495:S=5Uq9kExK4aTEv_cx; expires=Thu, 24-Jun-2010 02:11:35 GMT; path=/; domain=.google.com Server: gws Connection: Close <html><head><meta http-equiv="content-type" ... a lot of data... OK	Get web page HTTP server response
AT+KHTTPHEAD=1, "/index.html" CONNECT HTTP/1.0 200 OK Cache-Control: private, max-age=0 Date: Tue, 24 Jun 2008 02:11:35 GMT Expires: -1 Content-Type: text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1 Set-Cookie: PREF=ID=ae1c663417e7799e:NW=1:TM=1214273495:LM=1214273495:S=5Uq9kExK4aTEv_cx; expires=Thu, 24-Jun-2010 02:11:35 GMT; path=/; domain=.google.com Server: gws Connection: Close OK	Get the head of the web page HTTP server response
AT+KHTTPHEADER=1 CONNECT Accept : text/html Context-Length: 64 OK	Send the data to the HTTP server Length of HTTP 1.0 POST data should be specified by HTTP header field Context-Length, otherwise HTTP server may not expect any data to be uploaded and should close the connection.
AT+KHTTPPOST=1,, "/get.cgi" CONNECT	Send the data to the HTTP server

(...Data send...) HTTP/1.0 200 OK Content-Type: text/plain Context-Length: 37 Your data has been accepted. OK	Send HTTP data after "CONNECT" HTTP server response
---	--

16.9. How to Use HTTPS Client Specific Commands

AT+KCNXCFG=1,"GPRS","APN","log","password","0.0.0.0", "0.0.0.0","0.0.0.0" OK	Set GPRS parameters (APN, login, password, etc.)
AT+KCNXTIMER=1,60,2,70 OK	Set Timers
AT+KCNXPROFILE=1 OK	Activate GPRS profile
AT+KHTTPSCFG=1,"www.coursera.org",443,,,1 +KHTTPSCFG: 1 OK	Set HTTPS address, port number, security level. It is suggested to use security level 1 in most cases (security level 1 means only encrypt data)
AT+KHTTPSHEADER=1 CONNECT Accept : text/html If-Modified-Since : Saturday, 15-January-2000 14:37:11 GMT OK	Set the header of the request Send HTTP data after "CONNECT". Do not forget the PATTERN characters. For example : "Data flow --EOF--Pattern--"
AT+KHTTPSGET=1, "/" CONNECT HTTP/1.0 200 OK Cache-Control: private, max-age=0 Date: Tue, 24 Jun 2008 02:11:35 GMT Expires: -1 Content-Type: text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1 Set-Cookie: PREF=ID=ae1c663417e7799e:NW=1:TM=1214273495:LM=121 4273495:S=5Uq9kExK4aTEv_cx; expires=Thu, 24-Jun-2010 02:11:35 GMT; path=/; domain=.google.com Server: gws Connection: Close	Get the web page HTTPS server response

<pre> <html><head><meta http-equiv="content-type" ... a lot of data... OK AT+KHTTPSHEAD=1, "/" CONNECT HTTP/1.0 200 OK Cache-Control: private, max-age=0 Date: Tue, 24 Jun 2008 02:11:35 GMT Expires: -1 Content-Type: text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1 Set-Cookie: PREF=ID=ae1c663417e7799e:NW=1:TM=1214273495:LM=121 4273495:S=5Uq9kExK4aTEv_cx; expires=Thu, 24-Jun-2010 02:11:35 GMT; path=/; domain=.google.com Server: gws Connection: Close OK AT+KHTTSPPOST=1,, "/get.cgi" CONNECT (...Data send...) HTTP/1.0 200 OK Content-Type: text/plain Context-Length: 37 Your data have been accepted. OK AT+KHTTSPCFG=1,"www.coursera.org ",443,,,2 +KHTTSPCFG: 1 OK AT+CCLK? +CCLK: "12/10/30,14:18:00+00" OK AT+KCERTSTORE=0,462 CONNECT OK AT+KHTTPSHEADER=1 CONNECT </pre>	<pre> Get the head of the web page HTTPS server response Send the data to the HTTPS server Send HTTP data after "CONNECT" HTTPS server response Set HTTPS address, port number, security level. Security level 2 means check server's certification and encrypt data. Set clock to current or we will fail to check the server's certification Input your root certification. It will be used to check server's certification. Set the header of the request Send HTTP data after "CONNECT". Do not forget the PATTERN characters. For example : "Data flow --EOF--Pattern--" </pre>
---	---

Accept : text/html If-Modified-Since : Saturday, 15-January-2000 14:37:11 GMT OK AT+KHTTPSGET=1, "/" CONNECT HTTP/1.0 200 OK Cache-Control: private, max-age=0 Date: Tue, 24 Jun 2008 02:11:35 GMT Expires: -1 Content-Type: text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1 Set-Cookie: PREF=ID=ae1c663417e7799e:NW=1:TM=1214273495:LM=1214273495:S=5Uq9kExK4aTEv_cx; expires=Thu, 24-Jun-2010 02:11:35 GMT; path=/; domain=.google.com Server: gws Connection: Close <html><head><meta http-equiv="content-type" ... a lot of data... OK AT+KHTTPSHEAD=1, "/" CONNECT HTTP/1.0 200 OK Cache-Control: private, max-age=0 Date: Tue, 24 Jun 2008 02:11:35 GMT Expires: -1 Content-Type: text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1 Set-Cookie: PREF=ID=ae1c663417e7799e:NW=1:TM=1214273495:LM=1214273495:S=5Uq9kExK4aTEv_cx; expires=Thu, 24-Jun-2010 02:11:35 GMT; path=/; domain=.google.com Server: gws Connection: Close OK AT+KHTTPSPOST=1,, "/get.cgi" CONNECT (...Data send...) HTTP/1.0 200 OK Content-Type: text/plain Context-Length: 37 Your data have been accepted. OK	Get the web page HTTPS server response Get the head of the web page HTTPS server response Send the data to the HTTPS server Send HTTP data after "CONNECT" HTTPS server response
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16.10. How to Switch from Data Mode to Command Mode

AT+CPIN="0000"	Enter PIN CODE
OK	
AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","APN","0.0.0.0",0,0	Configure the GPRS parameters
OK	
ATD*99***1#	Dial up to have a data connection
CONNECT	
~y}#A!}!} } }2!}\$%Ü"}&} }*} } }#}\$A#kZ~~y}#A!}!} }2!}\$%Ü"}&} }*} } }#}\$A#dJ~~y}#A!}!} }2!}\$%Ü"}&} }*} } }#}\$A#uz~	DATA exchanges (PPP)

OK	Send "+++" characters
AT	Switch to command mode is done
OK	It is possible to use AT commands
ATO	Switch to data mode, resume the data connection
CONNECT	
~y}#A!}!}#} }2!}\$%Ü"}&} }*} } }#}\$A#zj~~y}#A!}!} }2!}\$%Ü"}&} }*} } }#}\$A#W:~~y}#A!}!} }2!}\$%Ü"}&} }*} } }#}\$A#X}*~~y}#A!}!}&} }2!}\$%Ü"}&} }*} } }#}\$A#I:~~y}#A!}!} }2!}\$%Ü"}&} }*} } }#}\$A#F*~~y}#A!}!} }2!}\$%Ü"}&} }*} } }#}\$A#3U~~y}#A!}!} }2!}\$%Ü"}&} }*} } }#}\$A#<É~~y}#A!}!}* } }2!}\$%Ü"}&} }*} } }#}\$A#-ú~	DATA exchanges continue
NO CARRIER	End of connection

16.11. Q and A for Advanced AT Commands

- Q: How many sessions can be opened at the same time?
- A: 8 sessions can be opened at the same time. But you can only have 1 FTP session at the same time. For example, 1 FTP session, 1 FTP server and 6 TCP/UDP connections.
- Q: Is it possible to have 1 UDP server and 1 TCP connection at the same time?
- A: Yes.
- Q: Is it possible to open 1 TCP server and 1 UDP server and 1 FTP server at the same time?
- A: Yes. They can be opened at the same time.
- Q: Is it possible to have FTP/SMTP/TCP/UDP session together?
- A: Yes.
- Q: Is it impossible to send a MMS when using FTP and TCP/UDP.
- A: Yes

16.12. Switch Data/Command Mode DTR +++ ATO Behavior Table

The table shows the behavior when trying to switch mode:

- Case 1: "+++" is used to switch from data mode to command mode, and the service is suspended.
- Case 2: if AT&D1 is set, "DTR drop" is used to switch from data mode to command mode, but the service is suspended.
- Case 3: if AT&D2 is set, "DTR drop" is used to switch from data mode to command mode, and the service is stopped.
- Case 4: if AT&D0 is set, "DTR drop" has no any impact on the mode switch.
- Case 5: ATO[n] is used to switch from command mode to data mode.

	Case1/Case5 +++/ATO[n]	Case2/Case5 DTR1/ATO[n]	Case3/Case5 DTR2/ATO[n]	Case4/Case5 DTR0
TCP/UDP: +KTCPSND: Send data +KTCPRCV: Receive data +KUDPSND: Send data +KUDPRCV: Receive data +KTCPSTART: Direct data flow	OK/CONNECT	OK/CONNECT	NO CARRIER/ NO CARRIER (disconnect)	NO IMPACT
SMTP/POP3: +KSMTPUL:Send a Mail +KPOPREAD: Download a Mail	OK/CONNECT	OK/CONNECT	NO CARRIER/ NO CARRIER (disconnect)	NO IMPACT
FTP: +KFTPRCV: Download FTP files +KFTPSND: Upload FTP files	OK/NO CARRIER (disconnect)	OK/NO CARRIER (disconnect)	NO CARRIER/ NO CARRIER (disconnect)	NO IMPACT
HTTP: +KHTTPGET: Get information +KHTTPHEAD: Get head of information +KHTTPPOST: Send data	OK/NO CARRIER (disconnect)	OK/NO CARRIER (disconnect)	NO CARRIER/ NO CARRIER (disconnect)	NO IMPACT
+KFSFILE: Flash file operation	OK/NO CARRIER (abort)	OK/NO CARRIER (abort)	NO CARRIER/ NO CARRIER (abort)	NO IMPACT
Data mode ATD*99... (use ATO or ATO0)	OK/CONNECT	OK/CONNECT	NO CARRIER/ NO CARRIER (disconnect)	NO IMPACT
HTTPS: +KHTTPSGET: Get information +KHTTPSHEAD: Get head of information +KHTTPSPOST: Send data	OK/NO CARRIER (disconnect)	OK/NO CARRIER (disconnect)	NO CARRIER/ NO CARRIER (disconnect)	NO IMPACT
SSL: +KCERTSTORE: Store root CA +KPRIVKSTORE: Store private key	OK/NO CARRIER (abort)	OK/NO CARRIER (abort)	NO CARRIER/ NO CARRIER (abort)	NO IMPACT



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