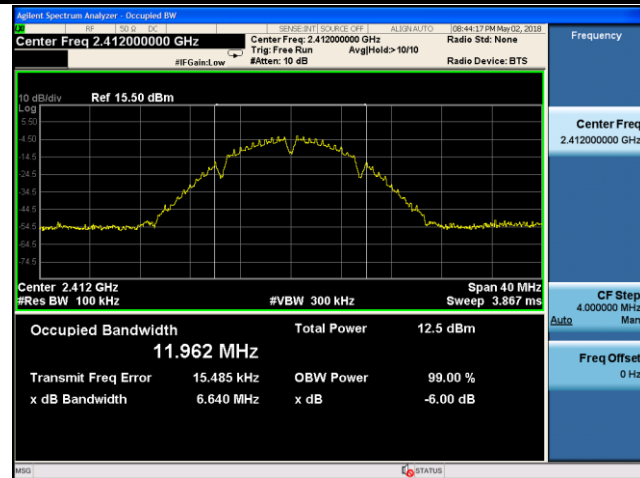
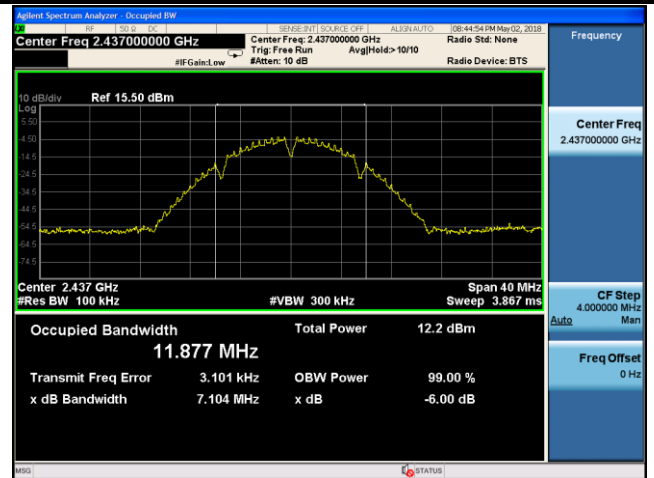


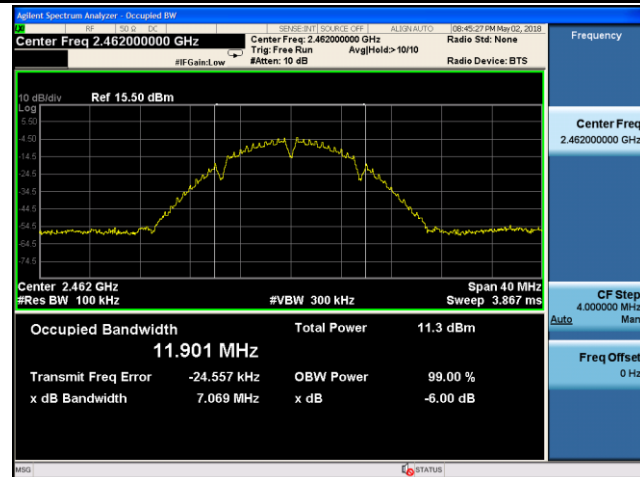
802.11 b CH01 (2412MHz)



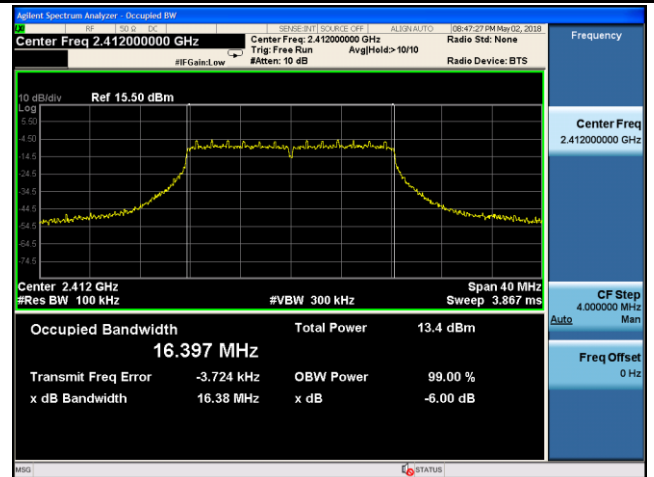
802.11 b CH06 (2437MHz)



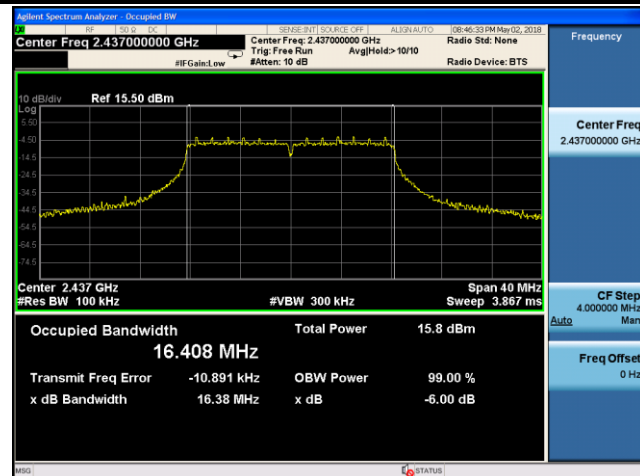
802.11 b CH11 (2462MHz)



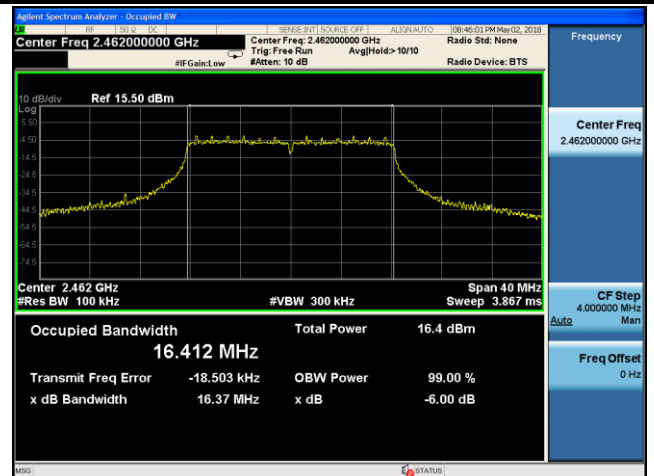
802.11 g CH01 (2412MHz)



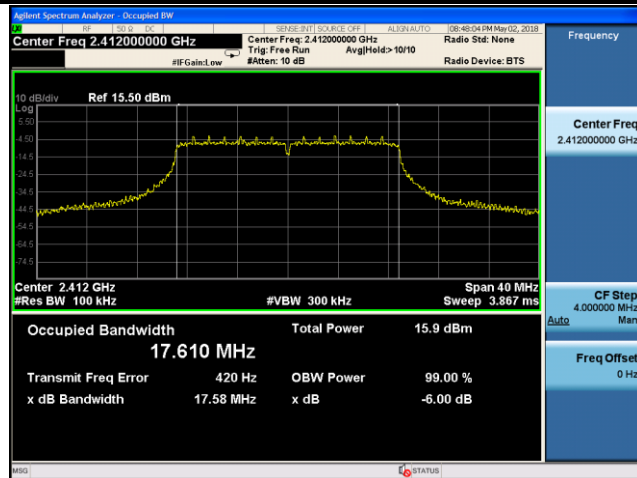
802.11 g CH06 (2437MHz)



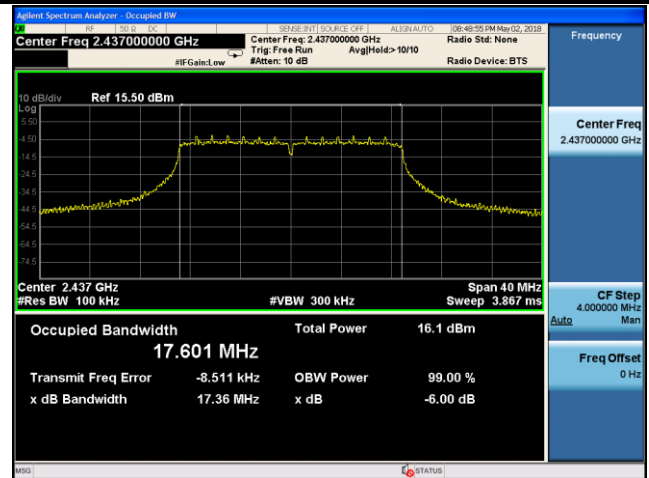
802.11 g CH11 (2462MHz)



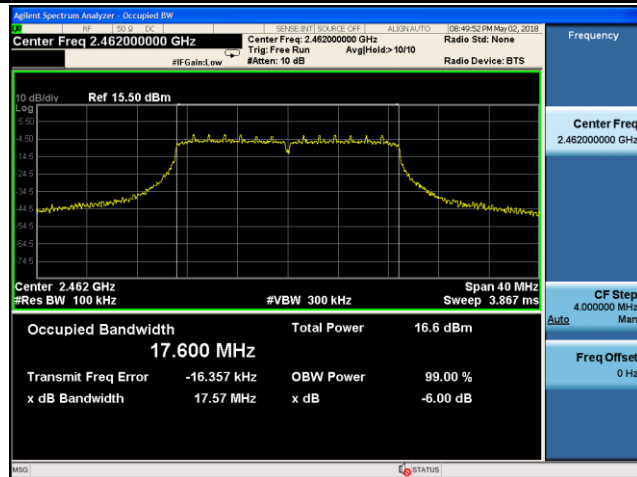
802.11 n-20M CH01 (2412MHz)



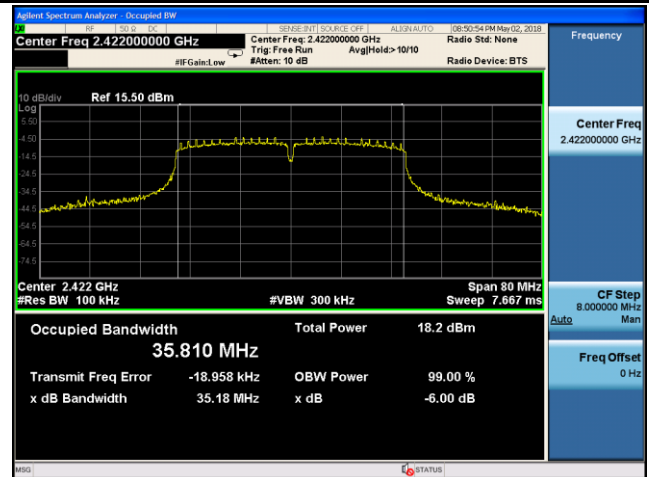
802.11 n-20M CH06 (2437MHz)



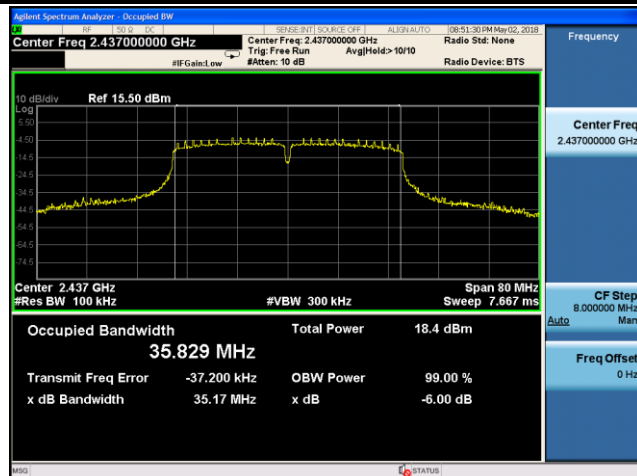
802.11 n-20M CH11 (2462MHz)



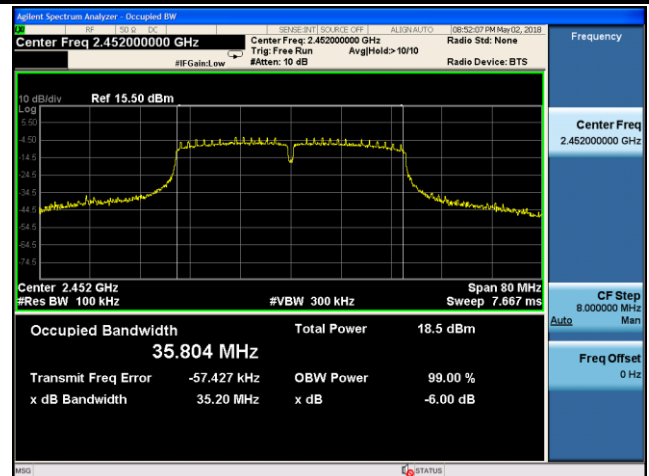
802.11 n-40M CH03 (2422MHz)



802.11 n-40M CH 06 (2437MHz)



802.11 n-40M CH 09 (2452MHz)



5.8. 功率頻譜密度

5.8.1 量測方法

將發射機之天線埠經由適當之衰減直接連至測試儀器。找出發射峰值並擴展於通帶內，設定解析頻寬為3 kHz，視訊頻寬大於解析頻寬，掃描時間為頻率掃描範圍除以3 kHz。所測得之峰值位準必須應小於或等於8 dBm。

若受測裝置之頻譜線間隔小於3 kHz，測量時應將解析頻寬降低以使頻譜線間隔大於3 kHz，所測得之數據再藉加總3 kHz 頻帶內所有個別頻譜線之功率(即標準化至3 kHz)以決定是否符合規定。

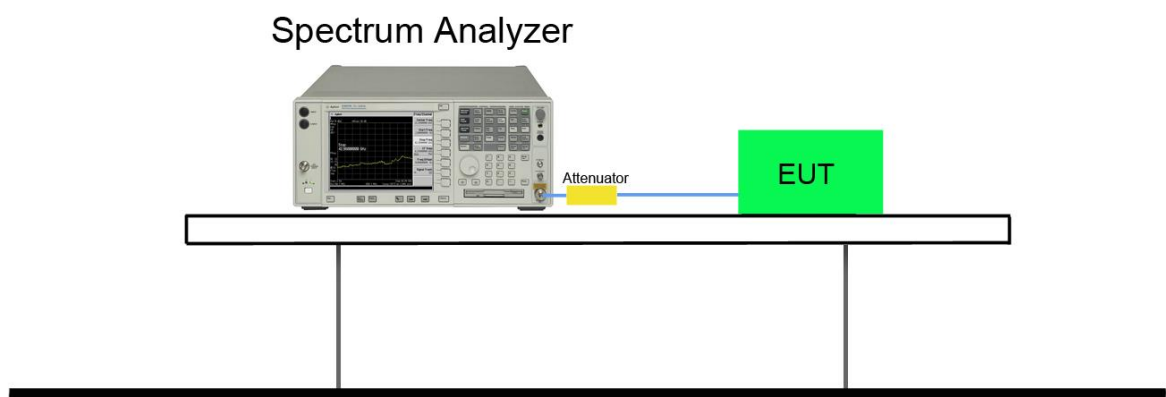
5.8.2 限制要求

在使用頻率範圍之任意3千赫(kHz)頻寬內，由發射機傳導至天線之峰值發射電功率密度在任意期間內，皆不得大於8dBm。

若用於非固定式點對點操作時，若其發射天線之方向性增益超過6dBi，應依所超過之dB數等量降低峰值輸出功率。如用於固定式點對點(註)操作時，應符合下列情形之一：

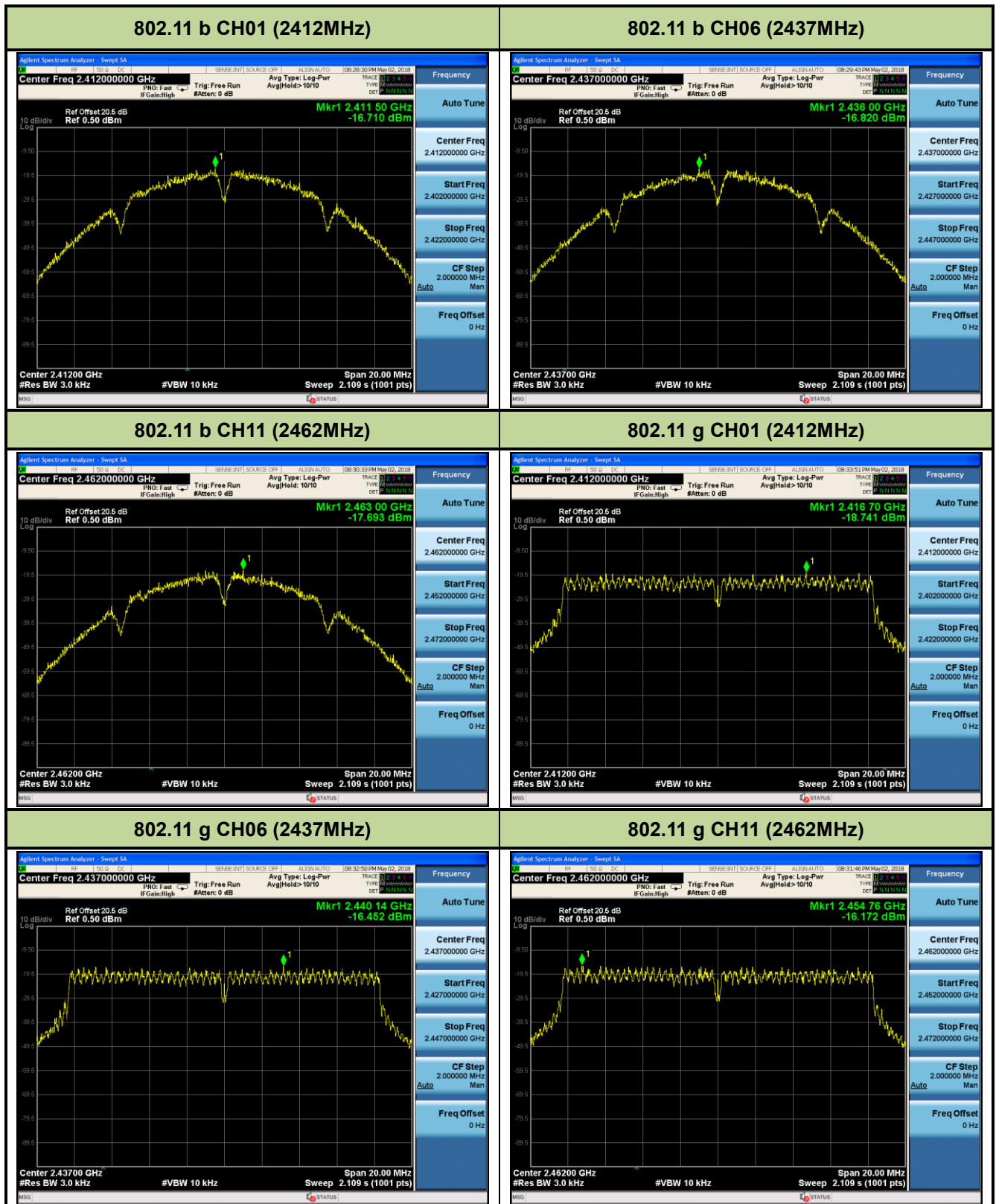
- (1)操作於2400-2483.5兆赫(MHz)者，其發射天線之方向性增益超過6dBi，應於每超過3dB降低1dB之峰值輸出功率。
- (2) 操作於5725-5850兆赫(MHz)者，其發射天線之方向性增益超過6dBi，不需降低峰值輸出功率。

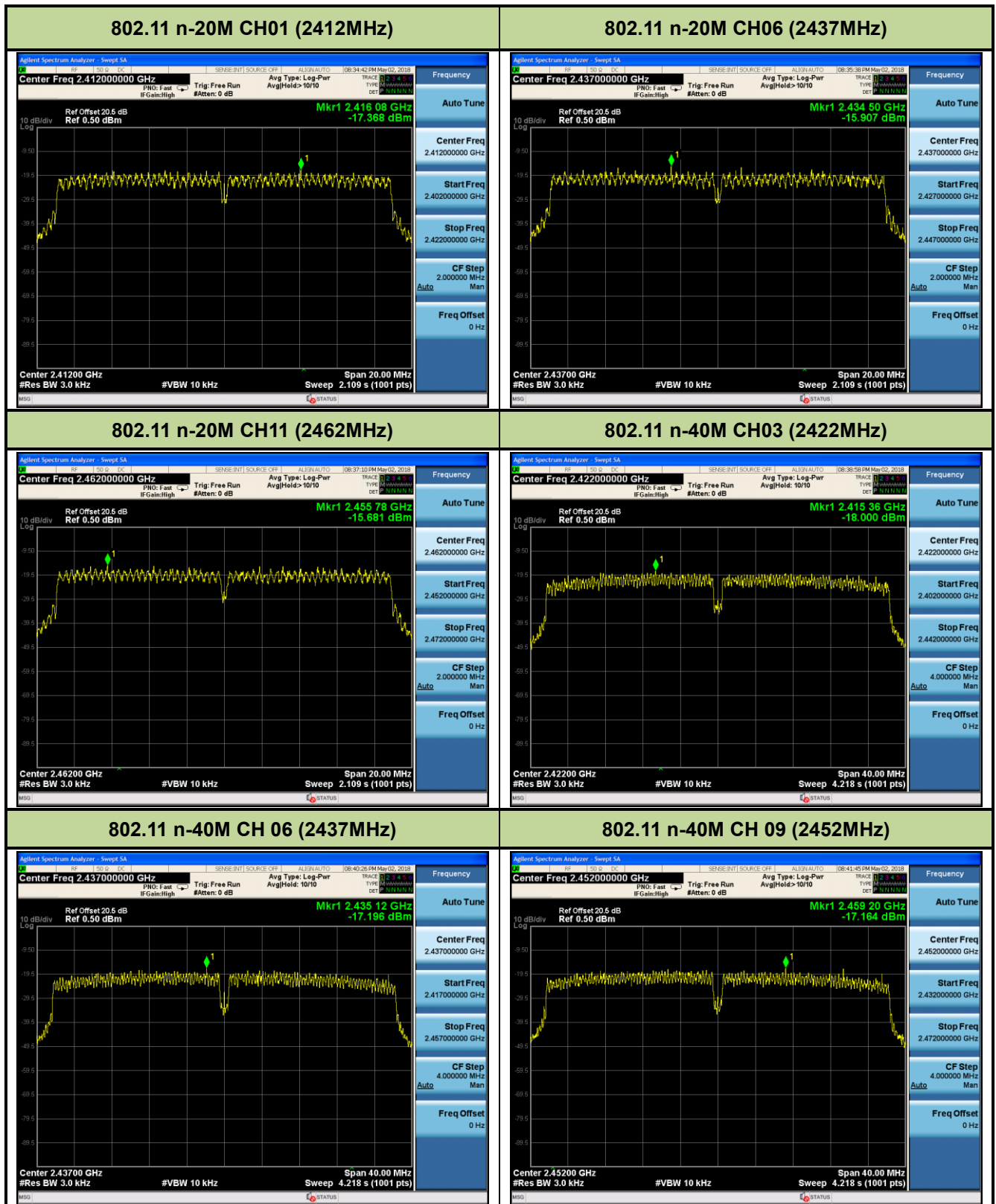
5.8.3 測試架構圖



5.8.4 功率頻譜密度測試結果

Test Mode	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
11b	1	2412	-16.710	≤ 8	Pass
11b	6	2437	-16.820	≤ 8	Pass
11b	11	2462	-17.693	≤ 8	Pass
11g	1	2412	-18.741	≤ 8	Pass
11g	6	2437	-16.452	≤ 8	Pass
11g	11	2462	-16.172	≤ 8	Pass
11n-20M	1	2412	-17.368	≤ 8	Pass
11n-20M	6	2437	-15.907	≤ 8	Pass
11n-20M	11	2462	-15.681	≤ 8	Pass
11n-40M	3	2422	-18.000	≤ 8	Pass
11n-40M	6	2437	-17.196	≤ 8	Pass
11n-40M	9	2452	-17.164	≤ 8	Pass





The End